

Service Manual

PIONEER®



The photo shows the model UKE-7100.

**ORDER NO.
CRT-301-0**

CASSETTE CAR STEREO WITH AM/FM ELECTRONIC TUNER

UKE-7100 US, CA

CASSETTE CAR STEREO WITH AM/FM ELECTRONIC TUNER

UKE-3100 US, CA

NOTE:

For cassette mechanism description, refer to the following models.

UKE-7100/US, CA → UKP-7200/US, CA (CRT-267-0)

UKE-3100/US, CA → UKP-5200/US, CA (CRT-267-0)

SPECIFICATIONS

General

Power source DC14.4V (10.8~15.6V allowable)
Grounding system. Negative type
Max. current consumption. 1.3A
Dimensions (chassis) 180(W)x50(H)x120(D)mm
[7-1/8(W)x2(H)x4-3/4(D) in.]
(nose) 96(W)x42(H)x30(D)mm
[3-3/4(W)x1-5/8(H)x1-1/4(D) in.]
Shaft interval 130 or 147mm (5-1/8 or 5-3/4 in.)
Weight 1.6kg (3.5 lbs.) (UKE-7100)
1.5kg (3.3 lbs.) (UKE-3100)

Amplifier

Continuous power output is 3.2W per channel min. into 4 ohms,
both channels driven 50 to 15,000Hz with no more than 5% THD.
Maximum power output 6.5W + 6.5W
Load impedance. 4Ω (2~8Ω allowable)
Tone controls (bass) ±10dB (100Hz) (UKE-7100)
(treble) ±10dB (10kHz) (UKE-7100)
Loudness contour. +12dB (100Hz), +4dB (10kHz)
(volume: -30dB)

Tape Player

Tape Compact cassette tape (C-30~C-90)
Tape speed. 4.76cm/sec. (+0.14cm/sec. -0.05cm/sec.)
Fast forward/rewind time Approx. 100sec. for C-60
Wow & flutter. 0.13% (WRMS) (UKE-7100)
0.15% (WRMS) (UKE-3100)
Frequency response. Metal: 50~16,000Hz (±3dB)
(UKE-7100) Normal: 50~12,000Hz (±3dB)

Frequency response. 50~12,000Hz (±3dB)
(UKE-3100)
Stereo separation 45dB
Signal-to-noise ratio. Dolby NR IN: 60dB (IHF-A network)
(UKE-7100) Dolby NR OUT: 52dB (IHF-A network)
Signal-to-noise ratio. 52dB (IHF-A network)
(UKE-3100)

FM Tuner

Frequency range 87.9~107.9MHz
Usable sensitivity 16.8dBf (1.9μV/75Ω, mono)
50dB quieting sensitivity. 19.2dBf (2.5μV/75Ω, mono)
Signal-to-noise ratio. 70dB (IHF-A network) (UKE-7100)
65dB (IHF-A network) (UKE-3100)
Alternate channel selectivity. 70dB (±400kHz) (UKE-7100)
50dB (±400kHz) (UKE-3100)
Distortion 0.5% (at 65dBf, 1kHz, stereo)
Frequency response. 50~12,000Hz (±3dB)
Stereo separation 40dB (at 65dBf, 1kHz)

AM Tuner

Frequency range 530~1,620kHz
Usable sensitivity 30μV (29.5dB) (S/N: 20dB)
Selectivity 50dB (±10kHz)

These specifications were determined and are presented in accordance with specification standards established by the Ad Hoc Committee of Car Stereo Manufacturers.

Note:

Specifications and the design are subject to possible modification without notice due to improvements.

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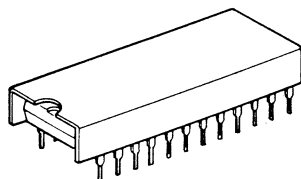
CAUTION

When Handling IC PD7003A (PD7003B)

Please Observe:

IC PD7003A (PD7003B) (IC1 in the control unit) is a C-MOS IC of extremely low power consumption and very high input impedance. Unless handled with special care, it could be damaged by static electricity induction. This IC is supplied with a shorting, cap (of aluminium foil) attached. When soldering, or performing other repair work, always attach this cap as shown below. Remove the cap after the repair has been completed.

Also, this type of IC must not be inserted in a polystyrene package for storage.



1. PARTS LOCATION

NOTE

- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★★ and ★.
- ★★: GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★.
- This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

• UKE-7100

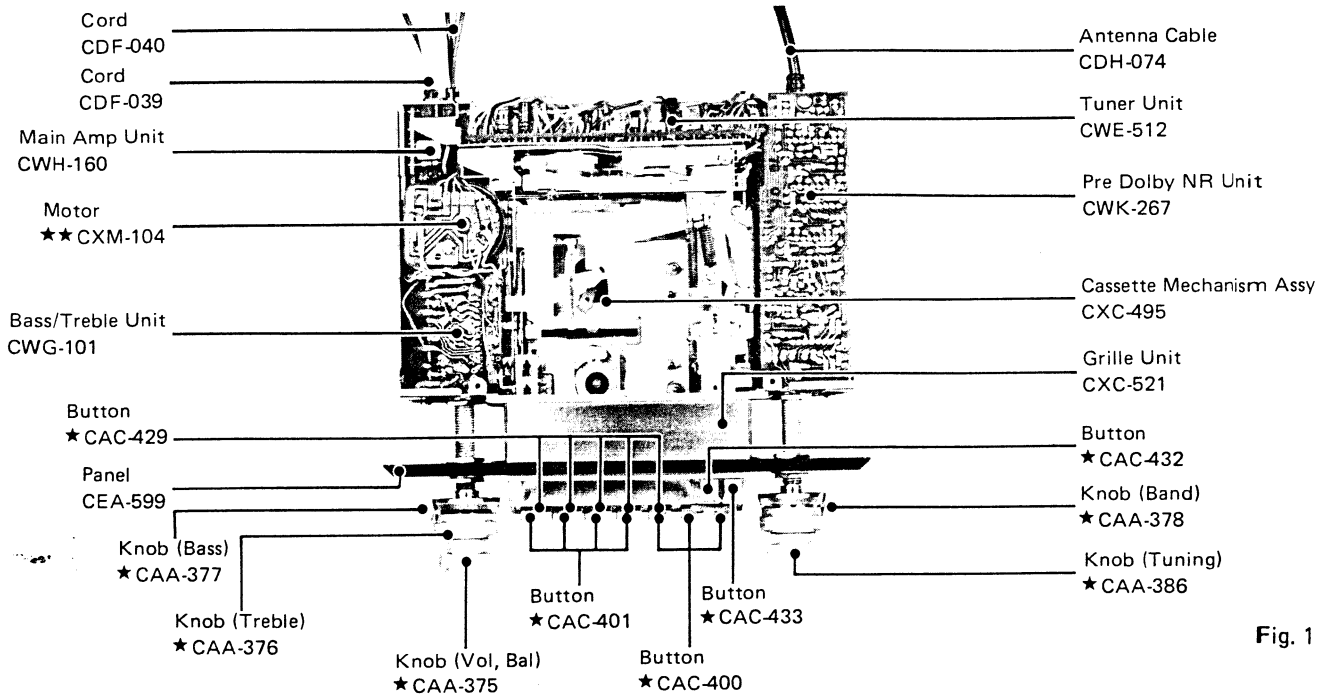


Fig. 1

• UKE-3100

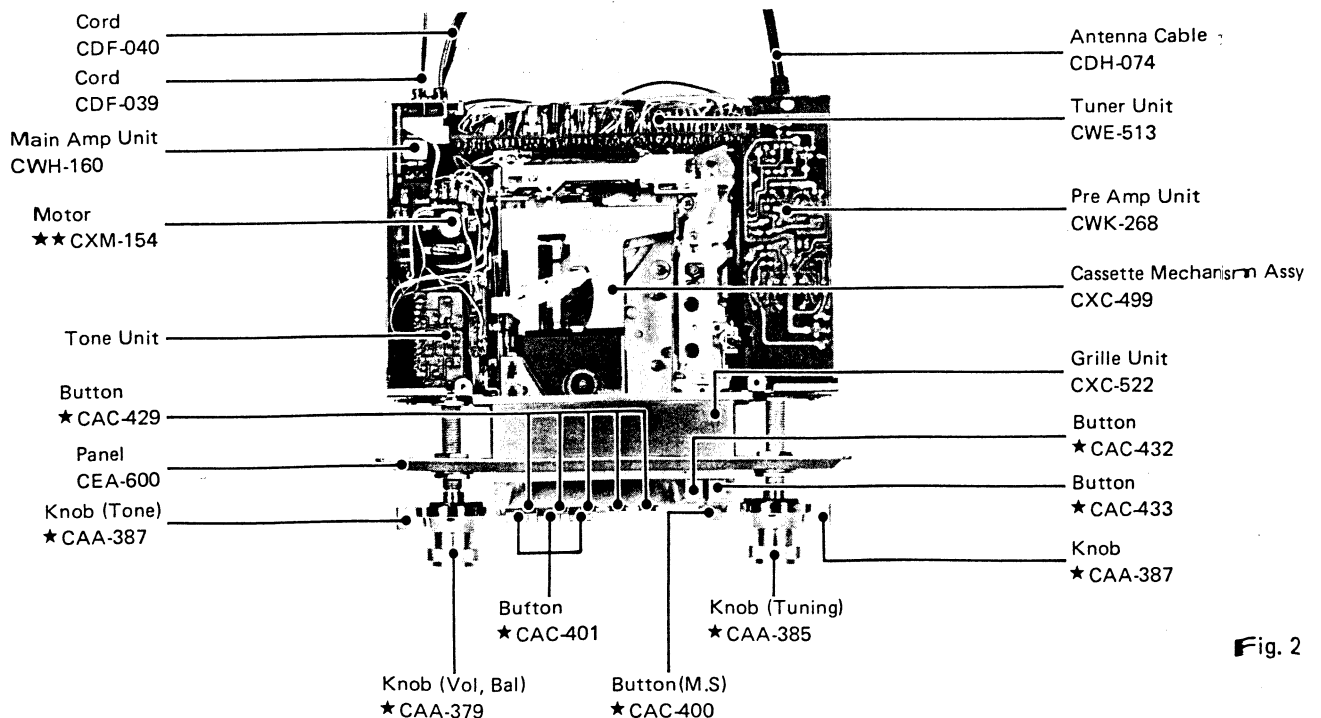


Fig. 2

2. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

• Block Diagram (UKE-7100)

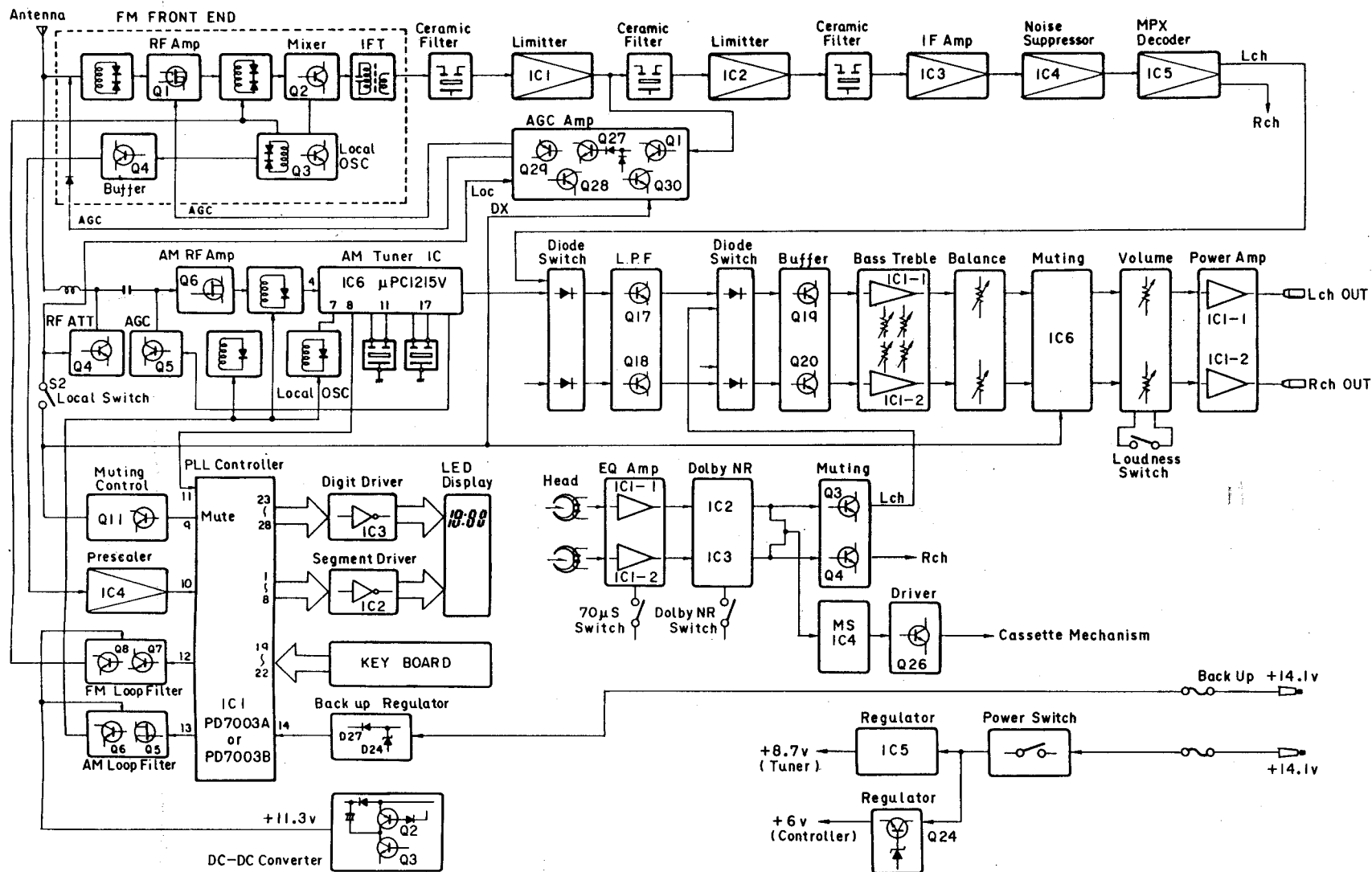


Fig. 3

• Block Diagram (UKE-3100)

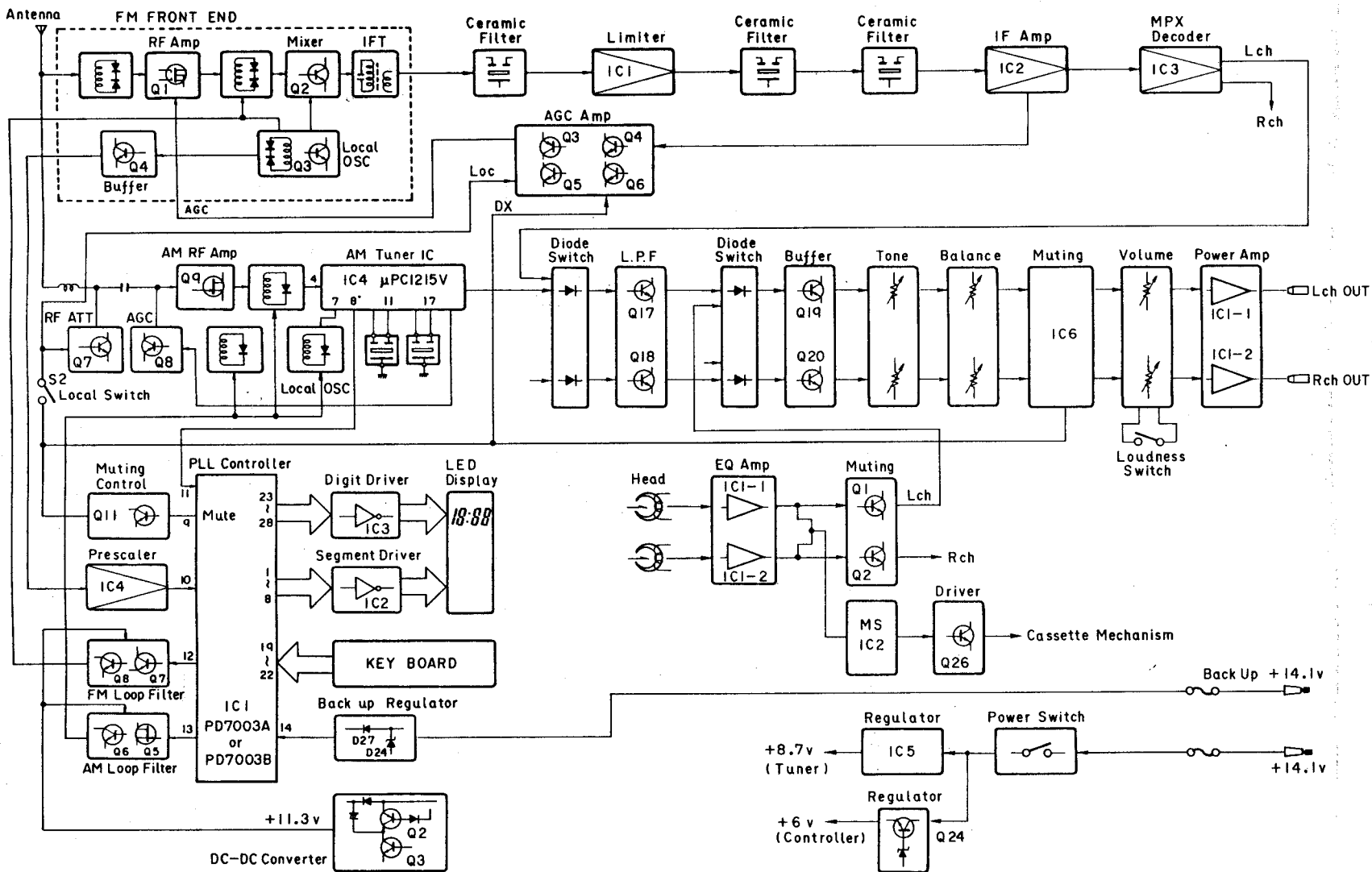


Fig. 4

2.1 PD7003A (PD7003B) CONTROL IC FUNCTIONAL AND PLL SYNTHESIZER TUNER

The PD7003A (PD7003B) is a control IC for PLL synthesizer tuners developed to enable FM reception at 200kHz steps and AM reception at 10kHz steps. When some of the pins of this IC are connected via a diode (switch matrix, mentioned later), a microprocessor is activated in line with the program written beforehand into the IC and scan, seek, memory and other control operations are performed by the 28-pin CMOS LSI. This is combined with the M54522P (IC2) driver IC and M54561P (IC3) digit driver IC for the display LED to configure the PLL synthesizer tuner.

The PLL synthesizer tuner is now described centering on the circuitry operations of the UKE-7100/US, CA (control unit: CWM-124).

Fig. 5 shows the composition of the phase-locked loop in the FM mode. The VCO (CWB-090 local oscillator) frequency, f_{vco} , is amplified by Q4 of CWB-090 up to the level the 1/20 fixed divider μ PB552C IC4 can divide it, and the prescaler output signal of IC4 enters pin 10 of PD7003A (PD7003B).

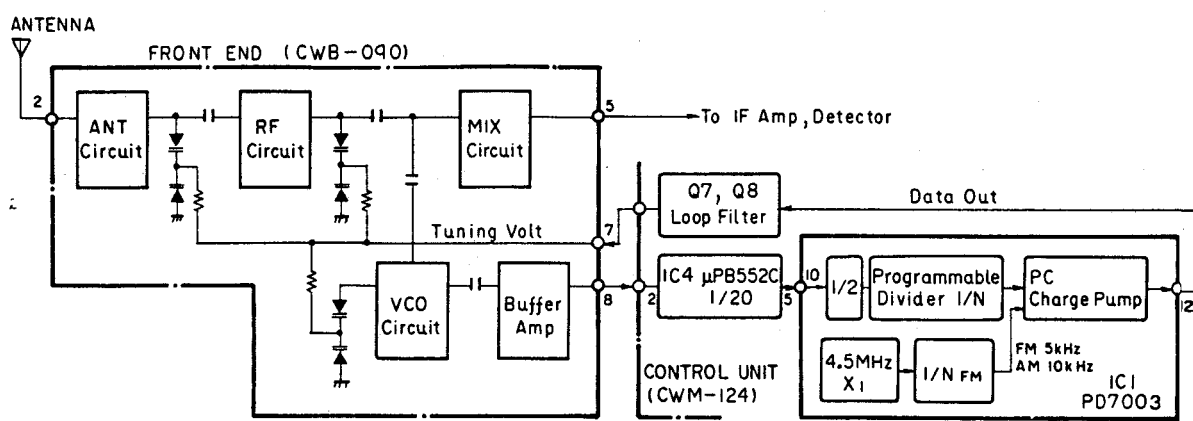


Fig. 5

The frequency is then divided in half again within PD7003A (PD7003B).

The signal is then fed into the programmable divider which is microprocessor-controlled inside PD7003A (PD7003B) and the frequency of the signal is divided by the required ratio. A frequency of 4.5MHz, which serves as the PD7003A (PD7003B) clock pulse (fundamental frequency that drives the microprocessor), is generated by crystal oscillator X1, this is divided down (1/900) to 5kHz to form the reference frequency of the phase comparator whose phase is then digitally compared with that of the frequency-divided signal, and the pulse centering at 5kHz is fed out from pin 12 via the charge pump. The frequency deviation is converted into shifting voltage from a certain DC center voltage. When the frequency is higher than the optimum, positive pulse appear at the output and the more it deviates, the wider pulse-width and vice versa.

This output is then fed into the loop filter (active filter composed of Q7 and Q8), the charging and discharging of C14 and C15 are used, a DC voltage is formed and this is applied to pin 7 of CWB-090 as the tuning voltage. The oscillation frequency of the CWB-090's local oscillator is fixed and the phase-locked loop is then completed. This mode is now locked and the tuning voltage—between approx. 3.0V and 8.8V—is made constant. The ANT, RF and VCO circuits are all controlled, the reception frequency

is determined and this is held.

The above can be expressed as follows:

$$(f_{vco}/20)/2/N = f_r = 5\text{kHz}$$

$$f_{vco} = N \times 40 \times f_r \\ = N \times 200\text{kHz}$$

This means that every time the programmable divider N counts, the reception frequency changes in a 200kHz step.

In the AM mode the tuner unit (CWE-512) IC6 local oscillator output enters pin 11 of PD7003A (PD7003B) (pin 12 of CWM-124), its frequency is divided down by the programmable divider to $f_r = 10\text{kHz}$, phase comparison is performed as with FM, a pulse with a frequency of 10kHz as the reference is fed out from pin 13, a DC voltage is formed by the Q5 and 6 loop filter, this is supplied to the ANT, RF and OSC block of the AM tuning circuit, the oscillation frequency is fixed and locked. The AM tuning voltage range from 0.9V to 8.8V, with the result that the frequencies vary within a 530kHz to 1620kHz range.

The related formula for the AM mode is:

$$f_{vco} = N \times f_r$$

the f_r serves as the channel spaces (10kHz) and tuning is performed in 10kHz steps. This completes the description of the PLL section.

PD7003A (PD7003B) specifications

	FM	AM
Reception frequency	87.9 ~ 107.9MHz	530 ~ 1620 kHz
Channel space	200kHz	10kHz
IF offset	10.7MHz	450kHz
Phase comparison reference frequency	5kHz	10kHz
Input frequency	4.93 ~ 5.93MHz	980 ~ 2070kHz
Prescaler	1/2 built-in	None
Programmable counter frequency-division ratio N	493 ~ 593	98 ~ 207
Number of channels	101	110

For instance, when the reception frequency is 87.9MHz, the local oscillator frequency is 98.6MHz, a local oscillator voltage of about 200mVrms (560mV_{p-p}) is fed out from pin 8 of Front End CWB-090, and this enters prescaler IC4. The minimum acceptable level of this IC is 150mV_{p-p} and frequency division is not performed at lower levels. The uppermost level is 1V_{p-p}. when the above frequency is divided (1/20), the result is 4.93MHz. The frequency is then divided in half again within PD7003A (PD7003B) to become 2.465MHz and this becomes 5kHz when divided down (1/2x493) by the programmable divider (N = 493). This matches the reference frequency and phase comparison becomes possible. After digital phase comparison, the signal enters the loop filter via the charge pump to become a DC voltage.

When the manual UP key is depressed once, D1/K1 are shorted by the diode and when this is sensed by the K1 pin, the up counter inside the IC counts up and one is added to the programmable divider N to make 494, thereby the fre-

quency steps up for one channel on the frequency scale to tune into 88.1MHz.

In the SCAN mode, the up-counter counts up one by one with the D3/K2 matrix, single units are added in succession to the programmable divider N starting at 493 and both the reception frequency and the display are changed. When certain frequencies are received, a squelch signal from the tuner enters the control unit, transistor Q12 is turned on, the D6/K2 matrix is energized and the scanning operation is stopped.

In this case, scanning is automatically started with the PD7003A (PD7003B) microprocessor after 5 seconds. To stop this operation, the SCAN key is depressed again. AM operations are the same as those for FM.

The maximum frequency switchable by a CMOS IC is about 7.2MHz. This means that the FM local oscillator signal frequency cannot be divided directly and that a prescaler is required to divide the frequency down to about 5MHz previously.

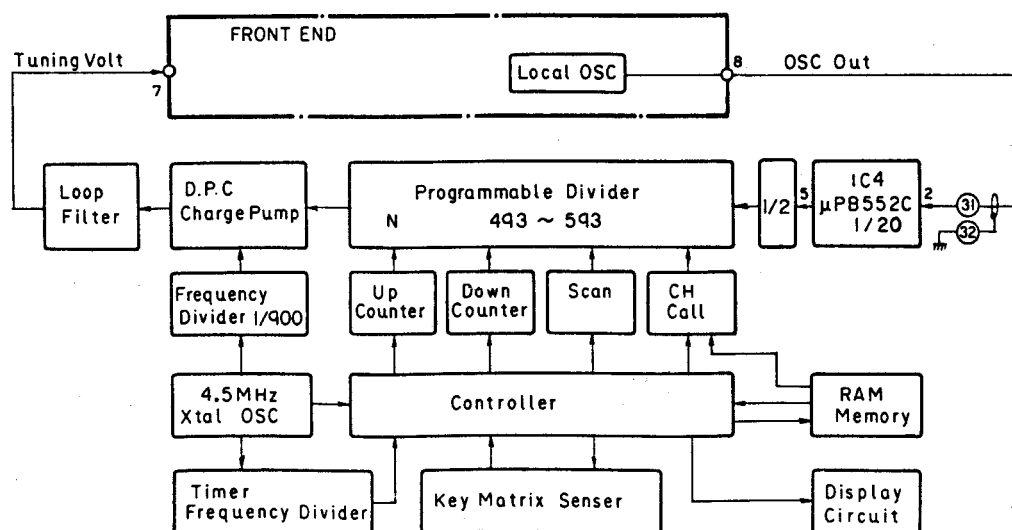


Fig. 6

2.2 CHARGE PUMP AND LOOP FILTER

Fig. 7 shows the FM loop filter and charge pump circuit. The phases of the reference frequency and the VCO frequency divided by the prescaler and programmable divider are compared by the digital phase comparator. Since the output pulse cannot be connected directly to the active filter, the PD output is fed out of the complimentary switching circuit (charge pump) which consists of a N-channel MOS FET and a P-channel MOS FET. In the above figure the switching is indicated in the three modes of the charge pump: N OFF, P ON; N ON, P OFF; and N and P both OFF floating. Either a positive or negative output pulse appears above a certain DC voltage.

When the pulse is negative, Q7 is cut off, the Q8 collector voltage rises, C14 and 15 charge and the tuning voltage

increases. When the pulse is positive, Q7 turns ON as does Q8, the C14 and 15 discharge through Q8 and the tuning voltage decreases. The filter is configured as an active filter with the C14 + C15 and R13 time constant. The repeat pulse near the reference frequency is grounded by the R14 and C16 single-stage filter and turned into a perfect DC tuning voltage.

The FM reference frequency is 5kHz, that for AM is 10kHz. The time constant of the active filter differ in each case and they are related to the PLL lock-up time.

Even in the phase-locked loop mode, the PD output pulses are such that the above three modes are repeated and the lock mode is maintained.

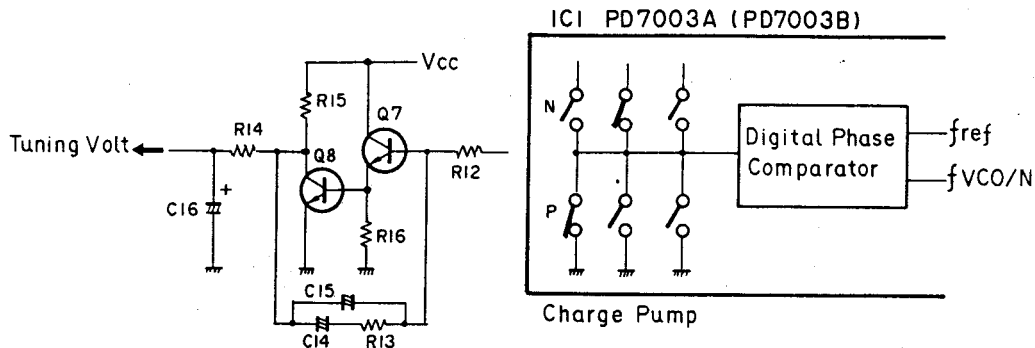


Fig. 7

2.3 DISPLAY CONTROL SECTION

A dynamic lighting system is adopted for the PD7003A (PD7003B) display with the LEDs being lighted in synchronization with the D1 through D6 (PD7003A (PD7003B) pin 28 through pin 23) digit signals. A sweep is performed in a period of about 3 msec. The digit signals, used to indicate the digits (D1=1st digit; D2: 2nd digit), are fed out from PD7003A (PD7003B). However, this model does not use D6 for displaying. The LEDs employed for displaying the numbers are composed of 7 segments and, with the addition of the dot [·], the 8-segment output is fed out from the IC, the required segments of the LED for lighting are synchronized with the digit output and segment output and turned on, in each case at a period speed of 3 msec, with a sweep being performed from the highest digit to the lowest digit.

The above process is explained using Fig.8. D1 through D6 are active at "L" and S1 through S8 are active at "H". If the description is simplified and confined to one LED, then, as in Fig.8, the LED lights only when the digit output is "L" and the segment output is "H".

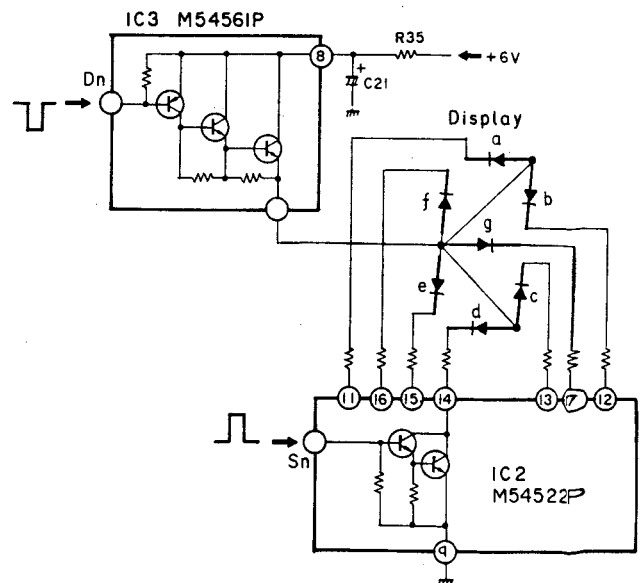


Fig. 8

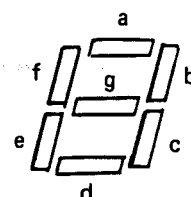


Fig. 9

More specifically in the above figure when digit output D_n (IC output) is "L", the IC3 darlington transistors turn ON and when the segment output S_n is "H", IC2 darlington transistors turn ON, segment 1 of the LED lights. For instance, when the first digit output goes to "L", and segments (b) and (c) go to "H", "g" is indicated and lighting is repeated as in Fig. 10 at a speed of 3 msec.

LED lights when digit output and segment output are synchronized. A signal of 3 msec. sweeping period is distributed to digit outputs by turns.

Much fewer IC pins are used than with a DC voltage. However, the dynamic signal which causes the lighting is a $5V_{pp}$ square wave and so care must be taken lest it should not interfere RF and power supply circuit.

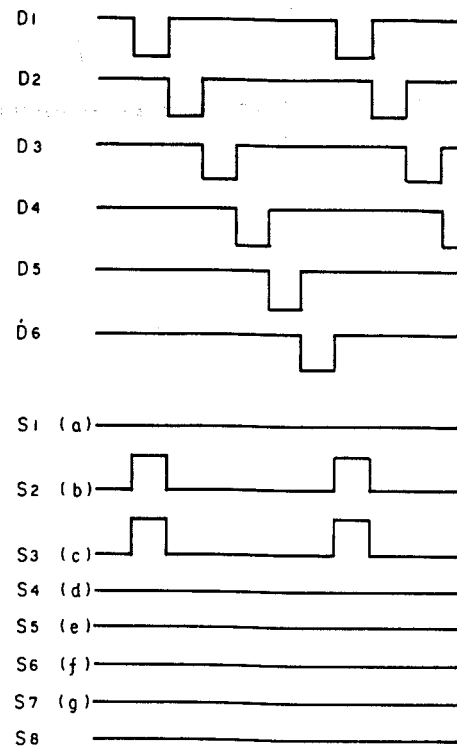


Fig. 10

2.4 PD7003A (PD7003B)

TERMINAL NUMBER	SYMBOL	FUNCTION	TERMINAL NUMBER	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1 to 8	S1 to S8	display segment drive output	15	VSS	power supply terminal common ground
9	MUTE	muting output during tuning operation	16 and 17	Q IN and Q OUT	4.5 MHz crystal oscillator circuit input and output
10	FM IN	FM station input	18	CS	chip selector input CS="L" also, key input inhibit using OPEN and tuner operation using CS="H"
11	AM IN	AM station input	19 to 22	K1 to K4	key sensing input
12	FM DO	FM phase comparison output	23 to 28	D1 to D6	display digit drive output/key scan output
13	AM DO	AM phase comparison output			
14	VDD	power supply terminal +5V			

2.5 SWITCH MATRIX

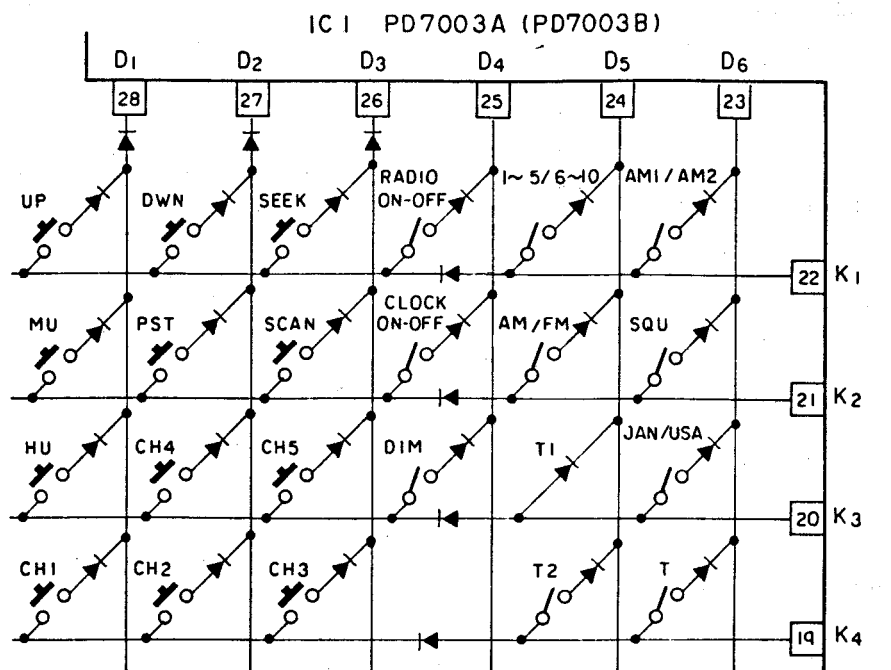


Fig. 11

All the functions of the UKE-7100/US, CA including scanning, memory and band (display) selection are controlled by the PD7003A (PD7003B) by sensing its D1 through D6 display signals at pin 22 through pin 19 or key sensing inputs K1 through K4.

For instance, when Q15 of the Q15/Q14 transistor switches of CWM-124 turns ON, D5 and K1 are connected and memory station addresses 1 through 5 are selected. When Q15 turns OFF, stations 6 through 10 are selected.

When changing over to AM, for example, D5 and K2 are not connected unless Q14 is turned ON. Q13 connects D4 and K1 and unless this turns ON, the radio does not come ON and the frequency is not displayed. Memory and station call is selected by the moment switches (electro-conductive rubber) in the switch unit (CWS-123), while

UP/DOWN selection is performed by a mechanical switch. The entire matrix is crossed, so to prevent malfunctioning when switches are depressed simultaneously, diodes D7 ~ D10, D14 ~ D19 are inserted so that one digit signal output does not flow into another.

The last Q12 squelch transistor switch (for stopping the scanning operations) is inserted across D6/K2, and during FM SQ, the squelch input is at "H" (about 2V) when there is no signal from CWE-512 at pin (3) of CWM-124 and at "L" when there is a signal at the antenna input. At "L" Q3 (tuner unit) is cut off, current flows through R30 from the power supply, Q12 (control unit) turns ON, the D6 digit signal enters K2 and when this is sensed, the scanning operations are terminated.

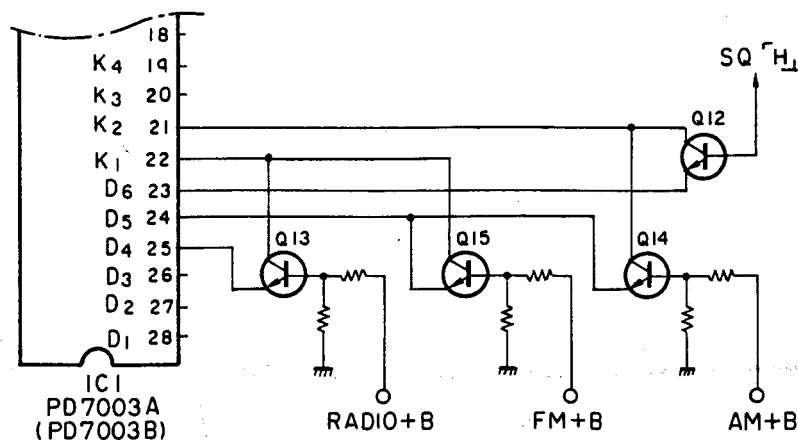


Fig. 12

2.6 DESCRIPTION OF OTHER CIRCUITS

• Voltage doubler circuit (voltage multiplier)

In order to improve the voltage drop characteristics of the PLL synthesizer tuner, a tuning voltage is produced. In order to keep the supply voltage of the loop filter constant even when mains voltage drops, the transistor is switched with the digit signal, the signal from the transistor is rectified and superimposed over the 13.8V power to provide a 25V voltage, an 11V stabilized voltage is yielded by the voltage stabilizer and this is used as the supply voltage of the

loop filter.

Here, supply current through R33 (15k Ω) is switched on and off by the diode OR logic circuit consisting of D2, D4 and D6 of PD7003A (PD7003B), switches Q1 ~ Q3 ON and OFF. The output is then rectified and added onto 13.8V DC elevating the voltage up to 25V. Then, 11V stabilized current is available even when the line voltage drops down to 10V.

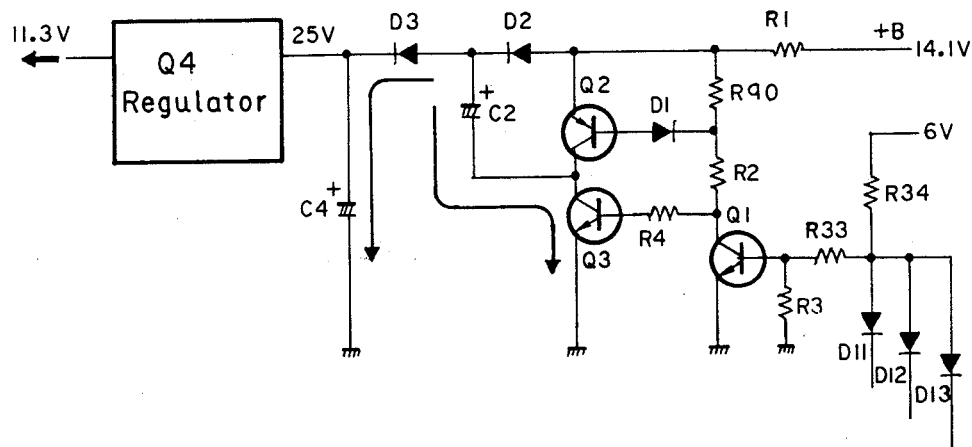


Fig. 13

The voltage doubler circuit is now described. In the above figure (Fig. 13) the three D11, D12 and D13 diodes are connected to the PD7003A (PD7003B) D2, D4 and D6 pins, and with the digit signal timing an "OR" logic is formed by the diodes for the H/L swing of the IC's supply voltage, the Q1 ON/OFF duty ratio is set to 50% and the Q2 pnp and Q3 npn transistors are switched ON and OFF with the collector voltage.

When the Q1 collector is at "H" (Q1 is cut off), Q2

turns OFF and Q3 turns ON, C2 is charged through D2 and Q3 to about 13.1V [13.8V ~ 0.7V (D2V_F)]. When Q1 turns ON, the collector voltage drops, Q3 is cut OFF, Q2 turns ON and the Q3 collector voltage rises to about 13.6V (with V_{CE} set = 0.2V). When this happens, the + side of C2 is set at 26.7V with the Q3 collector voltage added to the previous charge amount. At this time D2 is cut off, D3 turns ON, C4 is charged with (26.7 - V_F) V and by a repetition of this operation, a voltage of about 25V is produced.

2.7 DESCRIPTION OF TUNER SECTION

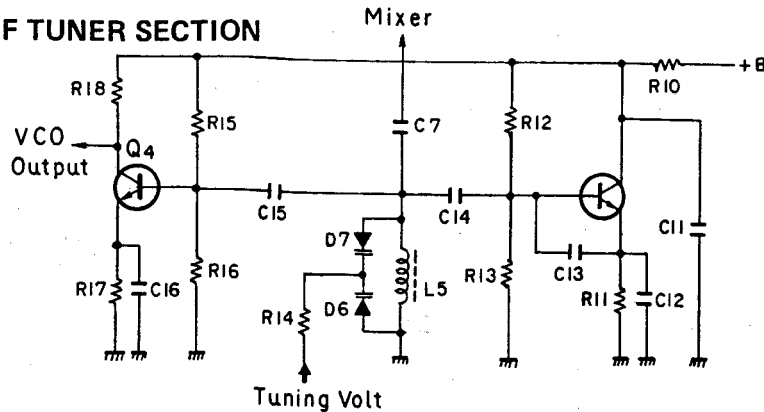


Fig. 14

• FM section

The output signal generated by the local oscillator circuit enters the control unit CWM-124 via the buffer amplifier Q4.

The tuning voltage (DC) generated in the control unit is fed to the pin 7 of the CWB-090, and applied to the variable capacitance diodes 1SV101 in the ANT, RF and local oscillator circuit.

The local oscillator circuit is a normal modified clapp type, and generates a signal at the reception frequency + 10.7MHz. A part of the oscillator output is injected to the base of the mixer transistor Q2, and 10.7MHz difference signal is taken out at the T1 secondary.

This signal passes through the ceramic filter CF1, CF2, and is amplified by 20dB by IF amp IC M5215L. It then passes through CF3, and enters pin 1 of the quadrature detector IC LA1140.

Pins (4), (10): GNP

Pin (5): The noise level is determined under zero-signal conditions by the resistor across this pin and ground. It is set to 47kΩ, approx. -30dB. (zero-signal noise level ARC for 100% modulated signals).

Pin (6) MUTE IN:

When this pin is grounded, there is no soft muting effect, the noise level increases and -3dB limiting sensitivity increases.

Pin (7): Quadrature V reference; center meter between pins (7) and (13).

Pin (9): Limiter output

Pins (11), (13): Quadrature detection stage

Pin (14): Mute signal output

Under no ANT input or detuned condition, a DC Mute output of 2 to 3V is fed out to this through OR circuit detecting the input level and S curve. ARC soft-muting is made with the voltage applied to pin 6.

This voltage becomes 0V with the ANT input higher than a certain level, and it is utilized as a signal for scan stop.

Pin (15): Signal strength indication output

A DC voltage in proportion to IF signal level or antenna input level entering pin (1) of IC LA1140 is obtained. This voltage is 0V under zero-signal conditions, about 5V at an ANT input level of 60dB and it changes very little above this level. The voltage adjusted by the VR4 using this voltage is applied to pins (7) and (8) of LA3375P. Pin (7) is the stereo demodulated output high-cut control pin, and when voltage decreases, the high-cut amount increases. Pin (8) is the separation control pin, and when the voltage de-

creases, the separation deteriorates.

Pin (16): AGC output

When there is no LA1140 input signal, the voltage is 4V and when the input increases, the voltage decreases gradually to 0V.

IC4 LA2110 is an FM noise canceler IC in a 16-pin single end package. The FM detection output enters pin (7) while a low-pass filter is configured by the RC elements across pins (5) and (6). This filter circuit functions to allow signals with a frequency of less than 100kHz to pass through and also to delay the signals.

The RC elements across pins (6) and (9) configure an active high-pass filter which takes out noise components with a frequency of over 100kHz. the IC's signal path gate circuit is switched ON and OFF by these noise components which cuts out the signals for a short period of time only when there is noise present. The above-mentioned low-pass filter is used since it is necessary to delay the signal for the time until noise detection is made.

The IC5 LA3375P FM stereo demodulator functions so that when the stereo composite signal accompanied by the 19kHz signal enters, the VCO inside the IC is locked onto the 19kHz frequency, a signal with double the frequency (38kHz) is created, the 38kHz carrier is injected into the carrier-suppressed double side band (CSDSB) stereo signal, this is detected as AM, the stereo (L - R) sub channel is matrixed with the (L + R) main channel and L and R signals are taken out by;

$$(L + R) + (L - R) = 2L$$

$$(L + R) - (L - R) = 2R$$

This IC also contains a circuit that attenuates the sub channel (L - R) with the voltage applied to pin 7 of the IC. The voltage of pin 15 of FM IF IC LA1140 is applied to pin 7 of LA3375P and varies in proportion to ANT input. VR4 is to be adjusted to obtain L → R and R → L separation of 5dB when ANT input is 20dB (μV). When the level is increased from this ANT input level, the separation is continuously improved and a separation of about 40dB is produced at a level of 60dB (μV).

The signal meter output is applied to pin (8) and when the audio components of the stereo demodulated output low, a high-cut circuit works and a drop of about 3dB is marked from the deemphasis at 10kHz with an ANT input level of 20dB (μV).

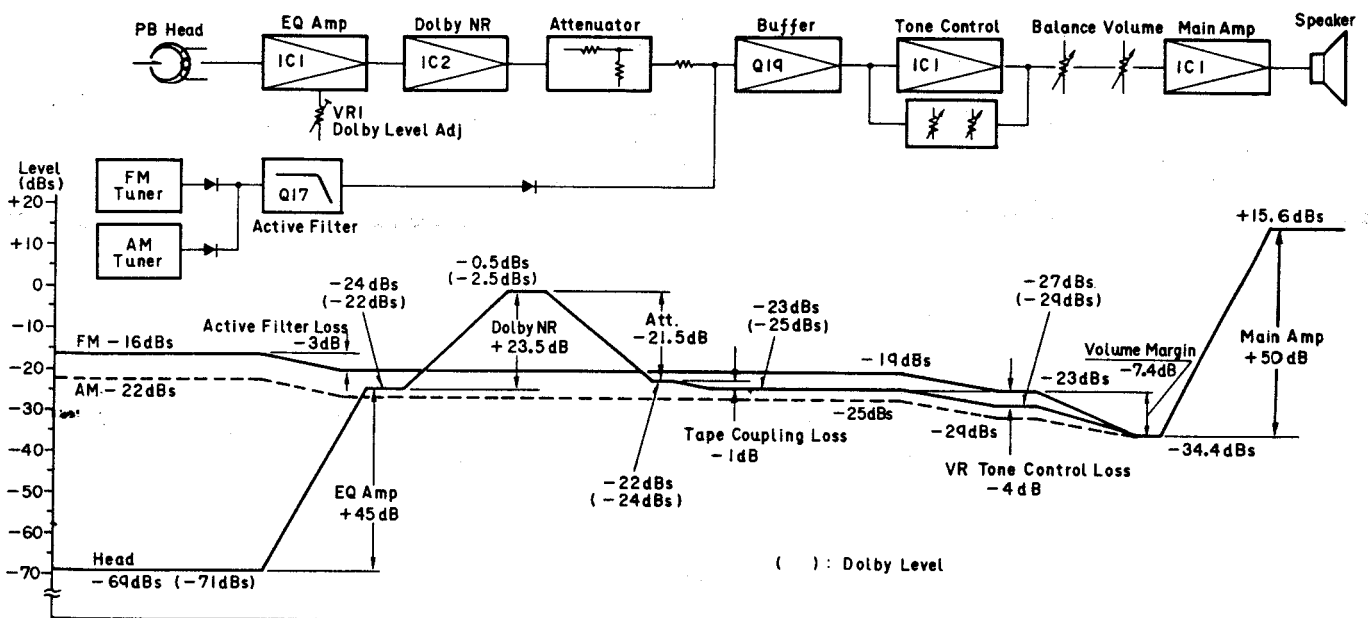
• AM section

In terms of constants the AM circuitry is virtually the same as that of the conventional voltage synthesizer tuner. The ANT input is received aperiodically by the Q6 booster FET, and the 50Hz power supply induction is cut out by the capacitor in IB4 and L7 high-pass filter.

The local oscillator circuit is powered by the oscillating circuit of IC6 and the resonating circuit of D15-3 and C54, C55, C57 and L11. The output of the local oscillator is amplified by the buffer of IC6 and output from pin 8 of IC6. This signal then passes through pin 12 of CWM-124 and goes to pin 11 of PD7003A (PD7003B) where the signal

becomes DC at loop filters Q5 and Q6 according to the AM PD output from pin 13. This tuning voltage is applied to the AM variable capacitance D15-1, D15-2 and D15-3 of CWE-512, forms a loop and is locked. The oscillation voltage of the local oscillator circuit is sent to the MIX circuit of IC6 where it is mixed with the input signal and converted to a 450kHz IF frequency. The signal then passes through a 4-element ladder ceramic filter (CF4) that has excellent selectivity, is amplified by the IF circuit of IC6, undergoes wave detection and becomes AM output.

2.8 LEVEL DIAGRAM (UKE-7100)



2.9 LEVEL DIAGRAM (UKE-3100)

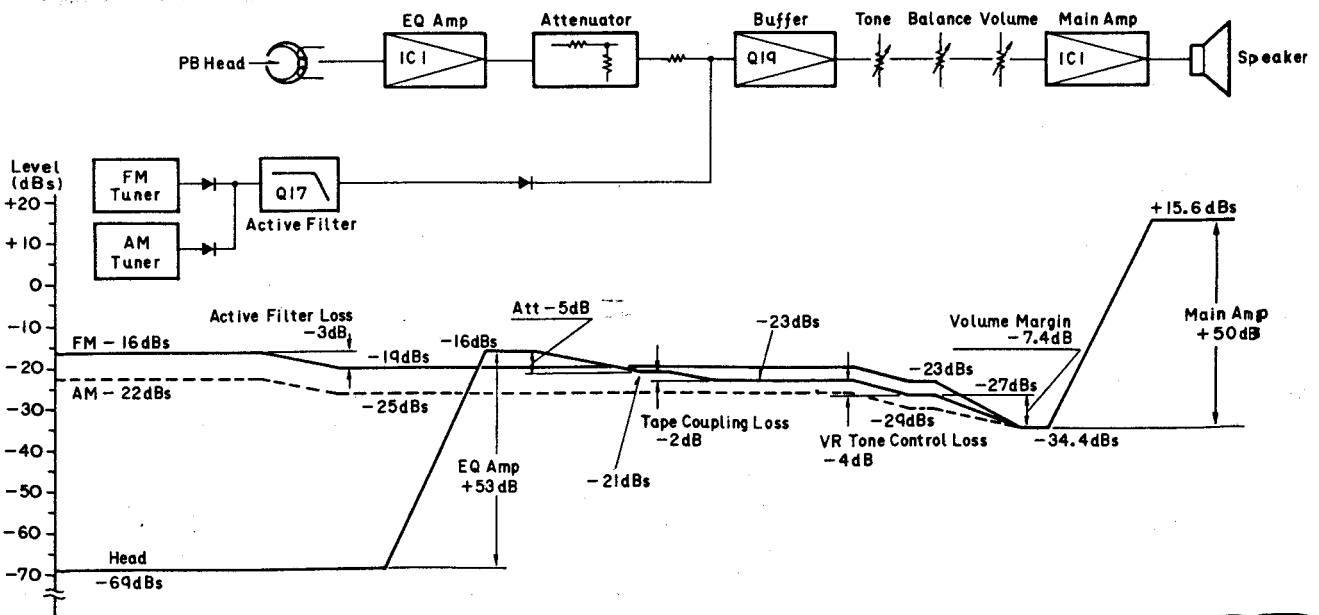


Fig. 15

Fig. 16

3. ADJUSTMENT

3.1 DOLBY NR LEVEL ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

- Connection Diagram

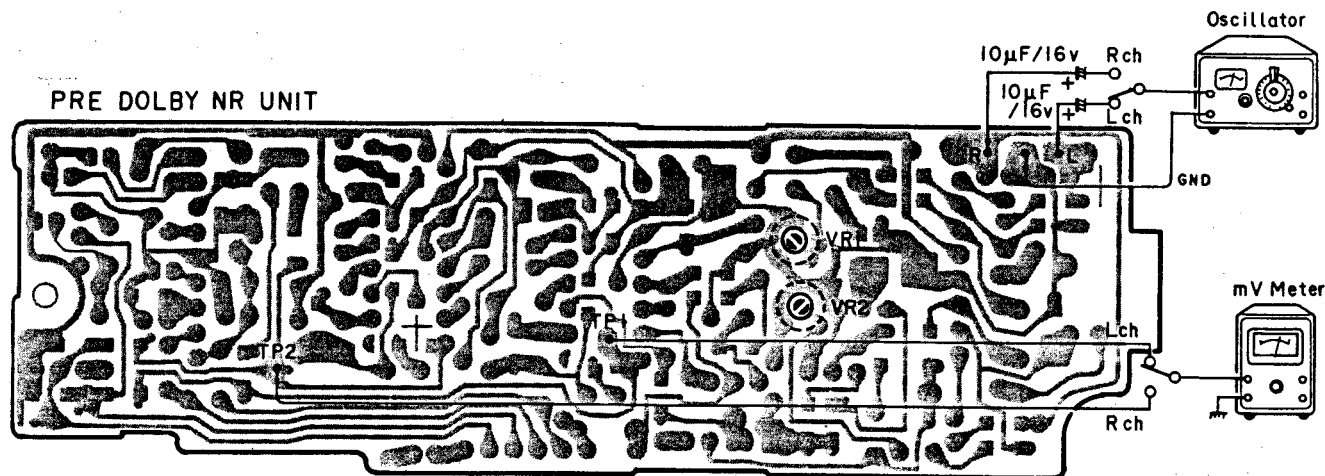


Fig. 17

- To Adjust

1. Set the Dolby NR switch to OFF.
2. Playback the Dolby level calibration tape (400Hz, 200nwb/m) and adjust VR1 (L ch), VR2 (Rch) so that the mV meter shows 580mV (-2.5dBs).

3.2 DOLBY NR PERFORMANCE CONFIRMATION (UKE-7100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 17)
- To Check

1. Turn the Dolby NR switch OFF and playback an un-recorded (blank) tape.
2. Apply a 5kHz signal from the oscillator and adjust the oscillator output level so the mV meter shows -24.9dBs (44 mV).
3. Turn the Dolby NR switch ON the confirm that the mV meter shows -32.9dBs (17.5mV) ± 2 dB.

3.3 CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

• Connection Diagram

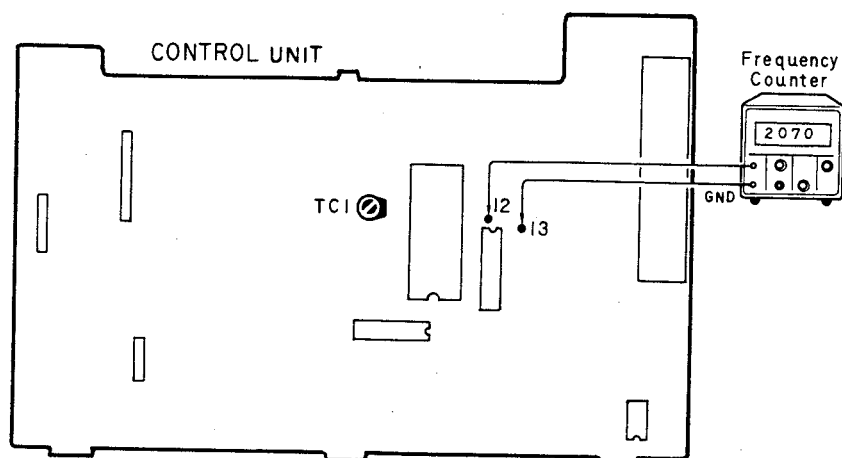


Fig. 18

• To Adjust

1. Set the Band switch to AM.
2. Set the reception frequency to 1,620kHz.
3. Adjust TC1 to make the frequency counter show 2,070kHz \pm 40Hz.

3.4 FM IF ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

• Connection Diagram

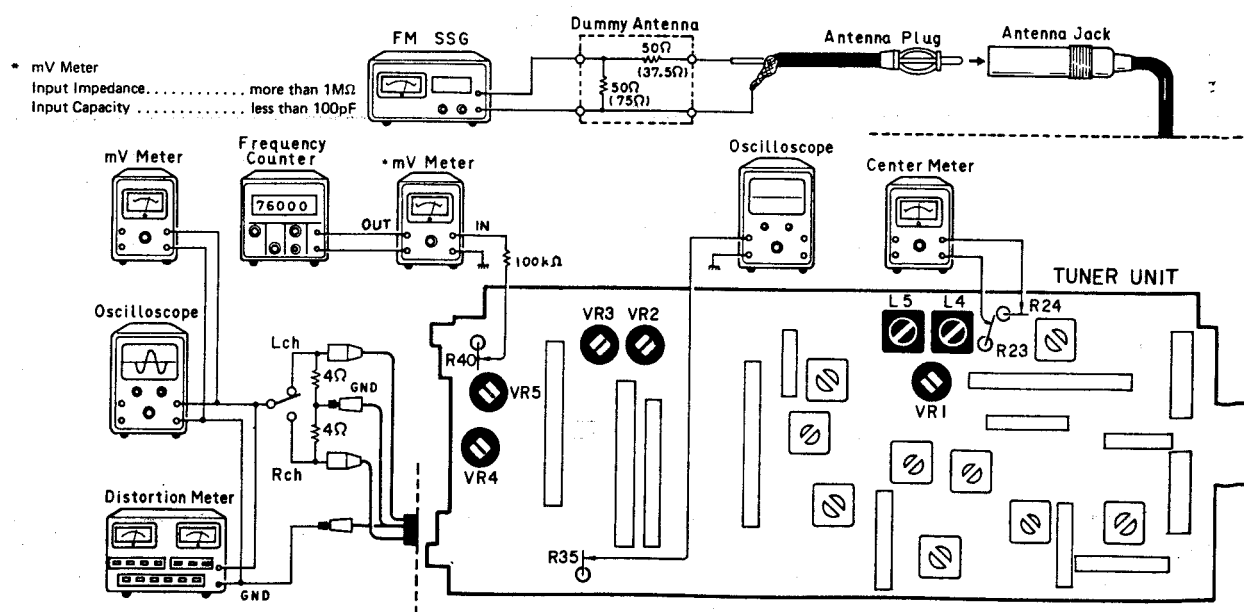


Fig. 19

• To Adjust

1. Set the Mono/Auto switch to MONO.
2. Apply a signal of 98.1MHz, 400Hz 100% modulation and 60dB (μ V) from the FM SSG and tune 98.1MHz.
3. Adjust L4 to make the center meter show 0.
4. Adjust L5 to achieve minimum distortion.

3.5 FM TRACKING ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

• Connection Diagram

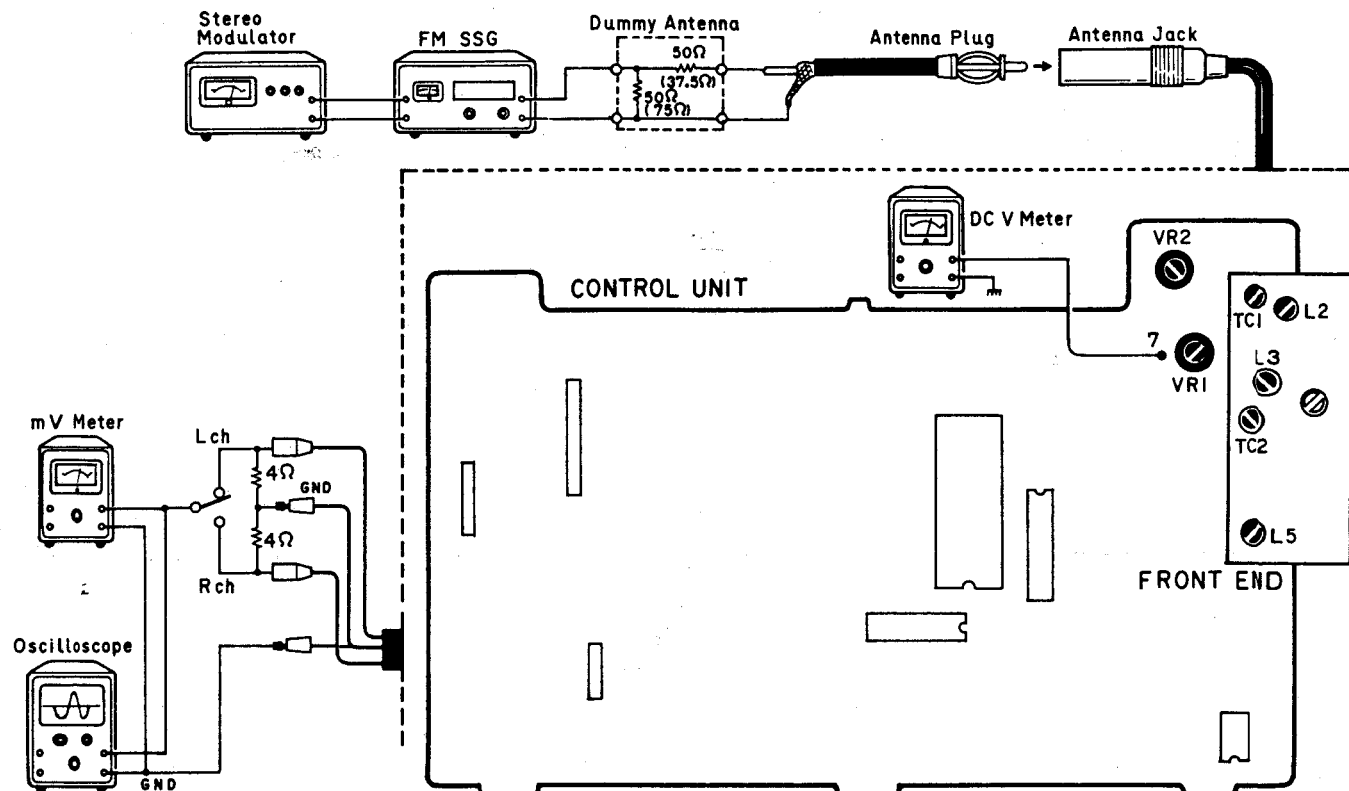


Fig. 20

• To Adjust

Frequency of FM SSG	Displayed Frequency	Adjusting point	DC V meter	mV meter
1.	107.9 MHz	L5	$8.8 \pm 0.3V$	
2.	87.9 MHz		$2.9 \pm 0.5V$ check	
3. 90.1 MHz (400 Hz, 100% modulation) output level 5 ~ 10 dB (μV)	90.1 MHz	L2, L3		Maximum output
4. 106.1 MHz (400 Hz, 100% modulation) output level 5 ~ 10 dB (μV)	106.1 MHz	TC1, TC2		Maximum output
5. Repeat steps (3) and (4) alternately so that mV meter indicates the maximum output.				

3.6 FM MPX and ARC ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

• Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 19)

• To Adjust

- Set the Mono/Auto switch to AUTO. VR4 is turned in a clockwise direction.
- Apply a signal of 98.1MHz, 400Hz 100% modulation and 60dB (μV) from the FM SSG. Tune into a frequency of 98.1MHz and memorize the output.
- Set the FM SSG output level to 15dB (μV) and adjust VR1 so that a reduction of 3dB is produced from the output level in step 2.
- Adjust VR5 to make the frequency counter show

76kHz \pm 120Hz by applying an unmodulated signal of 98.1MHz and 60dB (μV) from the FM SSG.

- Adjust VR3 to reduce the oscilloscope wave to the minimum using only the modulation for the pilot signal (10%) and 60dB (μV).
- Adjust VR2 to obtain the best separation by applying a stereo signal (1kHz, 100% modulation).
- Adjust VR4 to obtain a 5dB separation by making the input signal 20dB (μV).

3.7 FM SCAN SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 20)

- To Adjust

1. Set the Local.s switch to OFF.
2. Apply a signal of 98.1MHz, 400Hz 30% modulation and 29dB (μ V) from the FM SSG, scan and adjust VR2 to make the scan stop at 98.1MHz.
3. Set the Local.s switch to ON and make the input signal 50dB (μ V).
4. Scan and adjust VR1 to make the scan stop at 98.1MHz.
5. After adjustment, confirm that the scan has stopped within ± 4 dB (μ V). (Note: Scans should be performed 1MHz apart.)

3.8 AM IF ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

- Connection Diagram

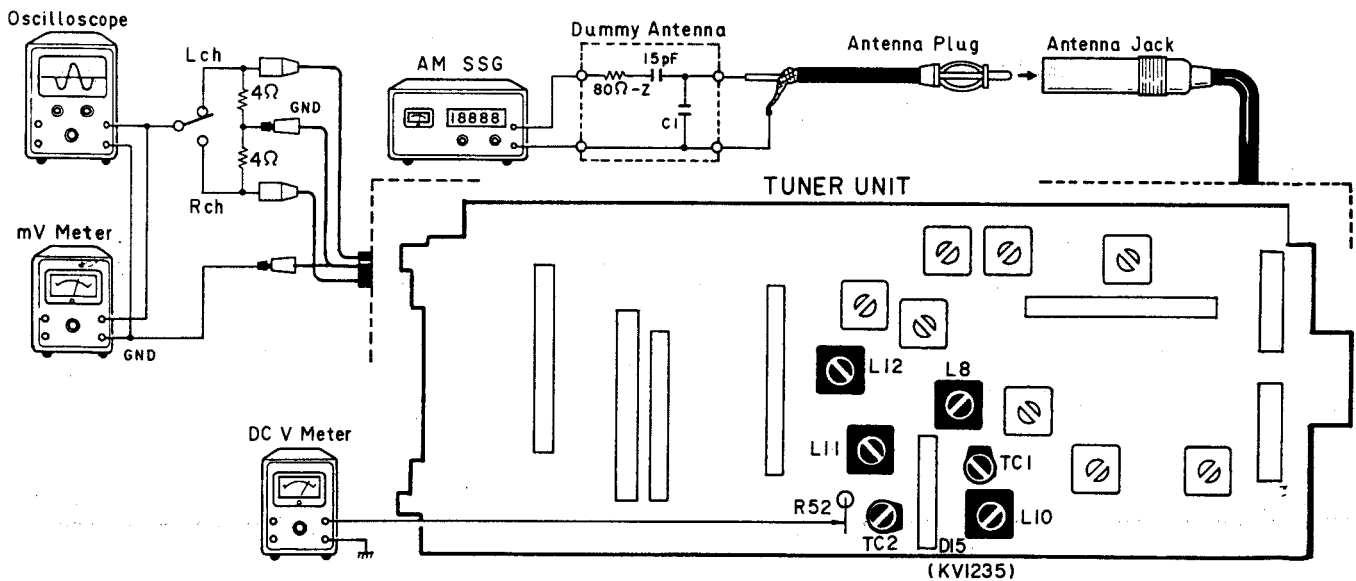


Fig. 21

NOTICE:

Select C1 so that total capacity of 80pF is attained from the direction of the receiver jack.

Z: Output impedance of S.S.G.

- To Adjust

1. Set the reception frequency to 1,000kHz.
2. Supply a 450kHz signal (400Hz, 30% modulation) from the SSG.
3. Vary the SSG output level to between 80 and 120dB (μ V)

and, checking the output on the mV meter and oscilloscope, adjust L12 to bring the output to its maximum. Reduce the SSG output to the minimum level at which the waveforms can be monitored.

3.9 AM TRACKING ADJUSTMENT (UKE-7100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 21)

- To Adjust

During tuning voltage adjustment of 530kHz, pay attention to the voltage difference using the color mark of D15 (KV1235).

Frequency of AM SSG	Displayed Frequency	Adjusting Point	Color of D15	DC V Meter	mV Meter
1.	530 kHz	L11	Pink	$0.9 \pm 0.1V$	
			Colorless	$1.0 \pm 0.1V$	
			Blue	$1.1 \pm 0.1V$	
			White	$1.2 \pm 0.1V$	
2.	1,620 kHz	For Confirmation Only	Less than 9V		
3. 600 kHz (400 Hz, 30% modulation) output level 30dB (μV)	600 kHz	L8, L10			Maximum output
4. 1,400kHz(400Hz,30% modulation) output level 30dB (μV)	1,400 kHz	TC1, TC2			Maximum output
5. Repeat items (3) and (4) alternately so that the mV meter indicates maximum output.					

3.10 AM SCAN SENSITIVITY CONFIRMATION (UKE-7100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 21)

- To Check

1. Set the Local.s switch to OFF.
2. Apply a signal of 1,000kHz, 400Hz 30% modulation and 27 ± 10 dB (μV) from the AM SSG, scan and confirm that scan stop at 1,000kHz.
3. Set the Local.s switch to ON.
4. Set the input signal from the AM SSG to 45^{+15dB}_{-10dB} (μV), scan and confirm that scan stop at 1,000kHz.

3.11 CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY CONFIRMATION (UKE-3100)

- Connection Diagram

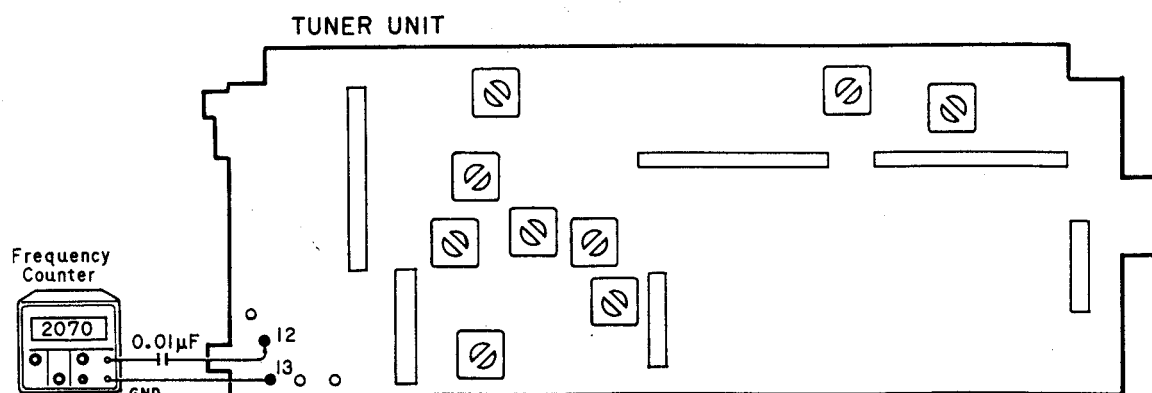


Fig. 22

• To Check

1. Set the Band switch to AM.
2. Set the reception frequency to 1,620kHz.
3. Confirm that the frequency at pin 12 of the Tuner Unit is $2,070\text{kHz} \pm 50\text{kHz}$.

3.12 FM IF ADJUSTMENT (UKE-3100)

• Connection Diagram

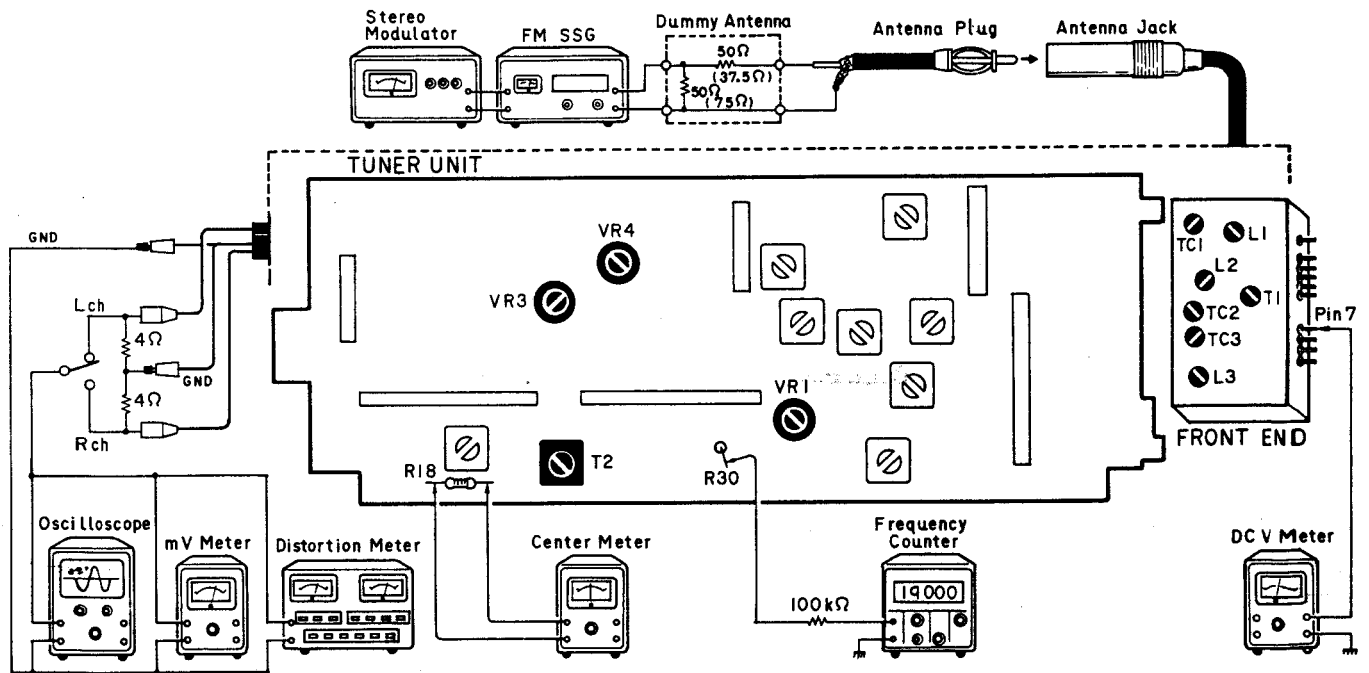


Fig. 23

• To Adjust

1. Set the Mono/Auto switch to MONO.
2. Apply a signal of 98.1MHz, 400Hz 100% modulation and 60dB (μV) from the FM SSG and tune 98.1MHz.
3. Adjust T2 to make the center meter show 0.
4. Adjust T1 (Front End) to achieve minimum distortion.

3.13 FM TRACKING ADJUSTMENT (UKE-3100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 23)

- To Adjust

Frequency of FM SSG	Displayed Frequency	Adjusting Point	DC V Meter	mV Meter
1.	87.9 MHz	L3	$2.9 \pm 0.5V$	
2.	107.9 MHz	TC3	$8.8 \pm 0.3V$	
3. 90.1 MHz (400 Hz, 100% modulation) output level 10 dB (μV)	90.1 MHz	L1, L2		Maximum output
4. 106.1 MHz (400Hz, 100% modulation) output level 10 dB (μV)	106.1 MHz	TC1, TC2		Maximum output
5. Repeat items (3) and (4) alternately so that the mV meter indicates maximum output.				

3.14 FM MPX ADJUSTMENT (UKE-3100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 23)

- To Adjust

1. Set the Mono/Auto switch to AUTO.
2. Adjust VR1 to make the frequency counter show $19kHz \pm 30Hz$ by applying an unmodulated signal of 98.1MHz and 60dB (μV) from the FM SSG.

3.15 FM SCAN SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT (UKE-3100)

- Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 23)

- To Adjust

1. Set the Local.s switch to OFF.
2. Apply a signal of 98.1MHz, 400Hz 30% modulation and 25 dB (μV) from the FM SSG, scan and adjust VR3 to make the scan stop at 98.1MHz.
3. Set the input signal from the FM SSG to 14 dB (μV), scan and confirm that scan does not stop at 98.1MHz.
4. Set the input signal from the FM SSG to $25 \pm 10dB$ (μV), scan and confirm that scan stop at 98.1MHz.
5. Set the Local.s switch to ON and make the input signal 50dB (μV).
6. Scan and adjust VR4 so the scan stop at 98.1MHz.
7. Set the input signal from the FM SSG to 39dB (μV), scan and confirm that scan does not stop at 98.1MHz.
8. Set the input signal from the FM SSG to $50 \pm 10dB$ (μV), scan and confirm that scan stop at 98.1MHz.

3.16 AM IF ADJUSTMENT (UKE-3100)

• Connection Diagram

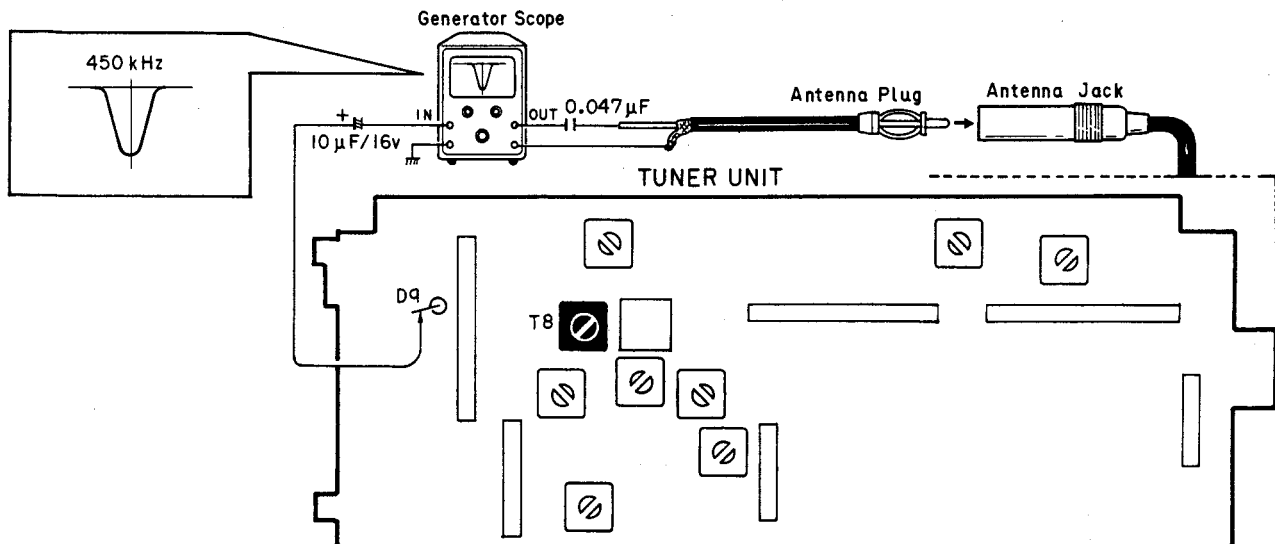


Fig. 24

• To Adjust

1. Set the input the generator scope to the range within which the U curve can be verified and move the coil of T8 until the U curve is adjusted to its maximum amplitude and optimum symmetry.

3.17 AM TRACKING ADJUSTMENT (UKE-3100)

• Connection Diagram

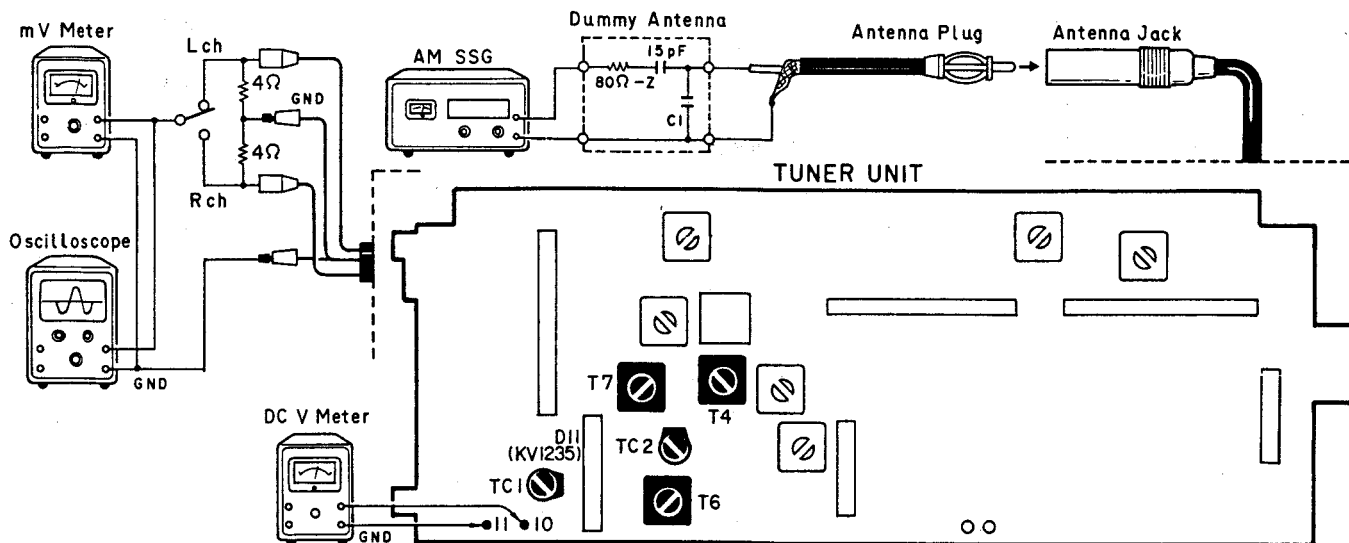


Fig. 25

NOTICE:

Select C1 so that total capacity of 80 pF is attained from the direction of receiver jack.

Z: Output impedance of the S.S.G.

• To Adjust

During tuning voltage adjustment of 530kHz, pay attention to the voltage difference using the color mark of D11 (KV1235).

Frequency of AM SSG	Displayed Frequency	Adjusting Point	Color of D11	DC V Meter	mV Meter
1.	530 kHz	T7	Pink	$0.9 \pm 0.1V$	
			Colorless	$1.0 \pm 0.1V$	
			Blue	$1.1 \pm 0.1V$	
			White	$1.2 \pm 0.1V$	
2.	1,620 kHz	For Confirmation Only	Less than 9V		
3. 600kHz (400Hz, 30% modulation) output level 30 dB (μV)	600 kHz	T4, T6			Maximum output
4. 1,400kHz(400Hz, 30% modulation) output level 30 dB (μV)	1,400 kHz	TC1, TC2			Maximum output
5. Repeat items (3) and (4) alternately so that the mV meter indicates maximum output.					

3.18 AM SCAN SENSITIVITY CONFIRMATION (UKE-3100)

• Connection Diagram (Shown in Fig. 25)

• To Check

- Set the Local.s switch to OFF.
- Apply a signal of 1,000kHz, 400Hz 30% modulation and $27 \text{ dB} \pm 10 \text{ dB}$ (μV), scan and confirm that scan stop at 1,000kHz.
- Set the input signal from the AM SSG to 16 dB (μV),

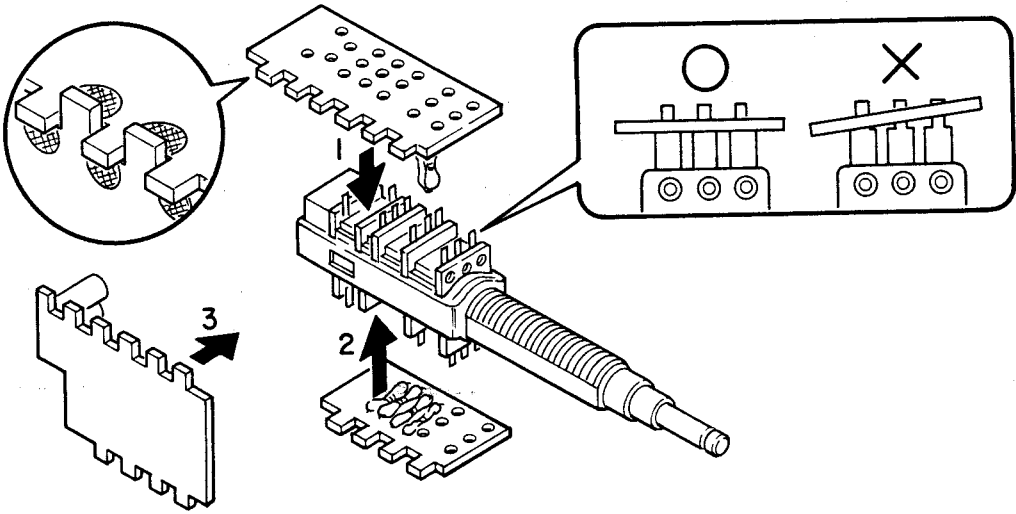
scan and confirm that scan does not stop.

- Set the Local.s switch to ON, set the input signal from the AM SSG to $50 \text{ }^{+15}_{-10} \text{ dB}$ (μV), scan and confirm that scan stop at 1,000kHz.

NOTICE:

Bass/Treble Unit

Replace the VOLUME section of the BASS/TREBLE UNIT as shown in the illustration. Solder P.C. board in order indicated by arrows. Ensure that VOLUME section is securely inserted into P.C. board as shown. P.C. board should not be tilted.



IC's and Transistors

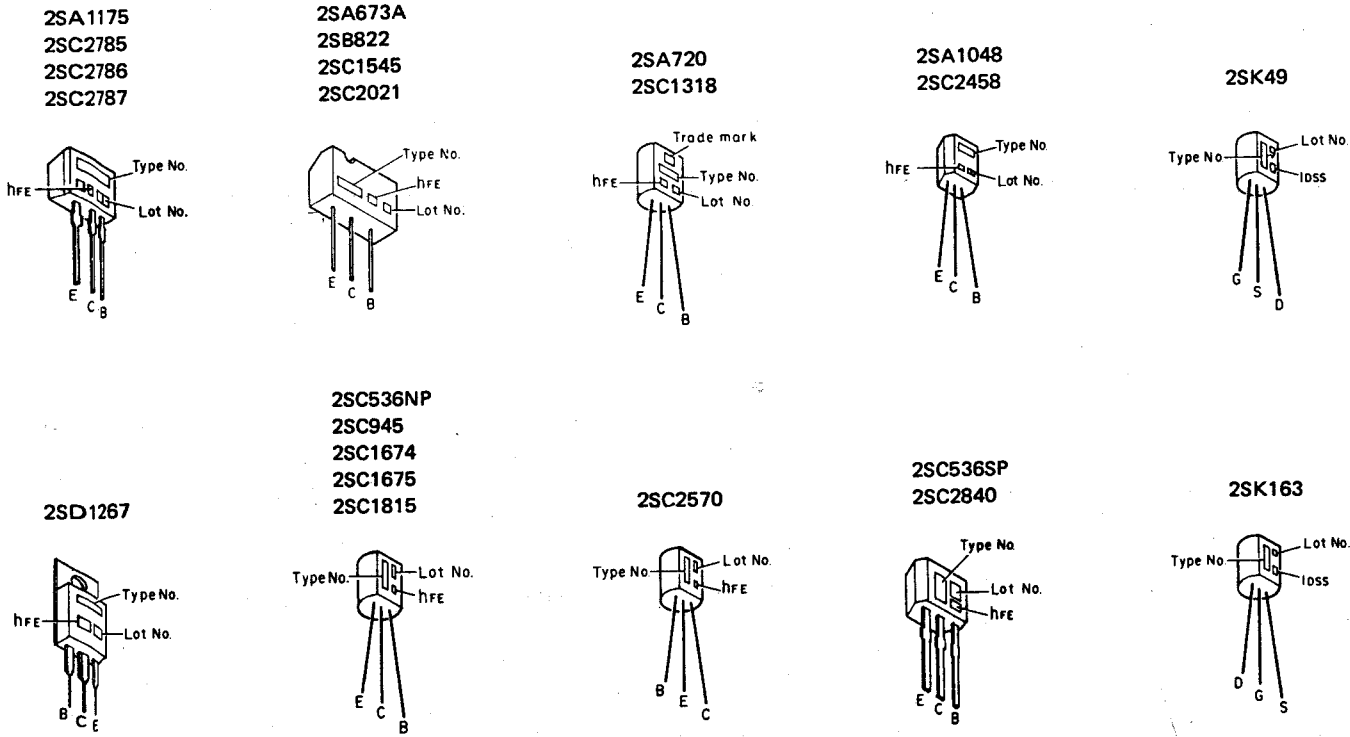
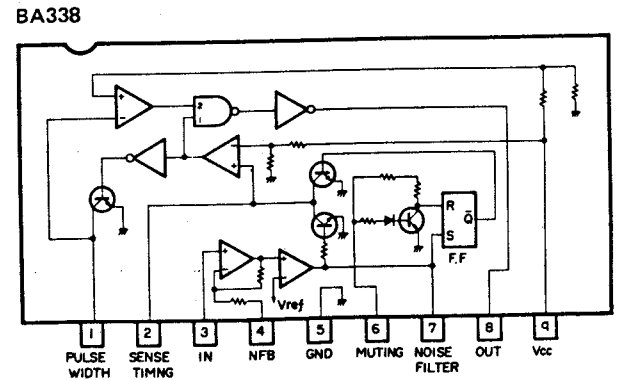
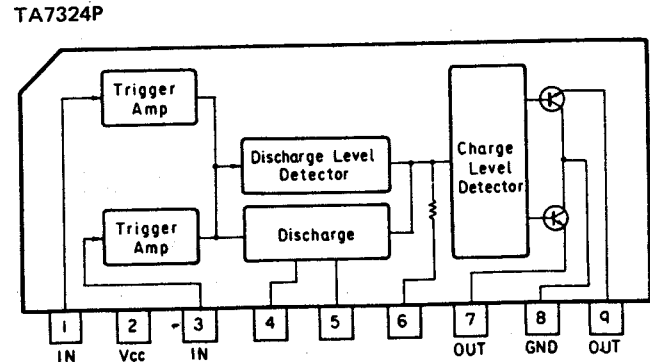
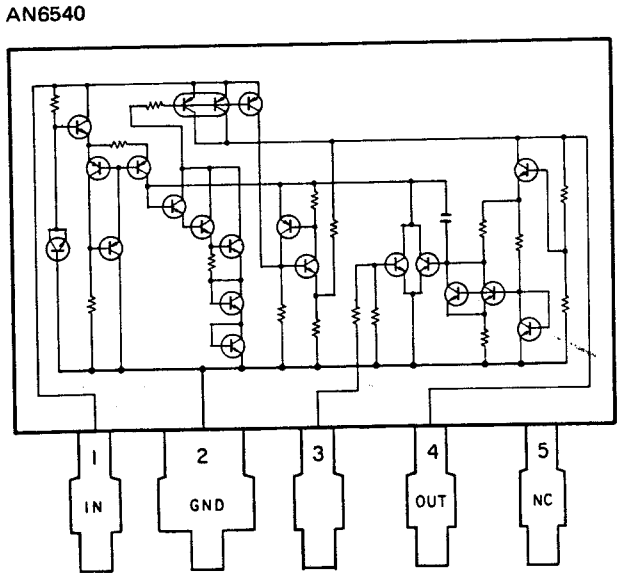
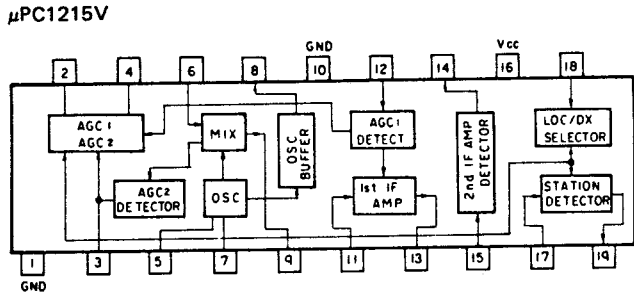
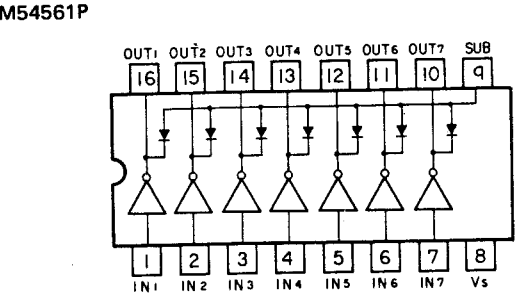
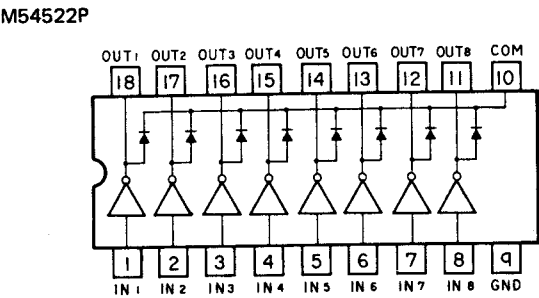
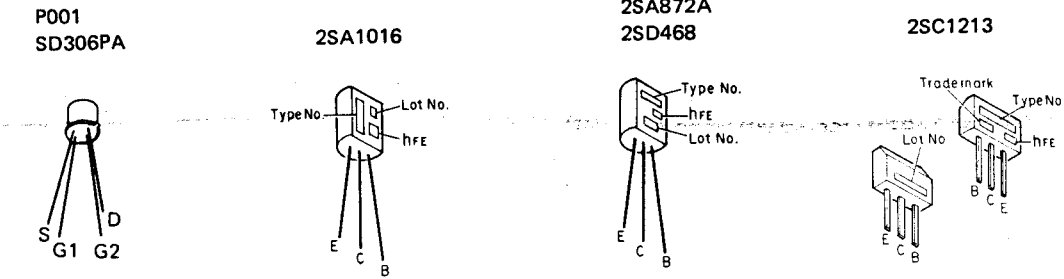
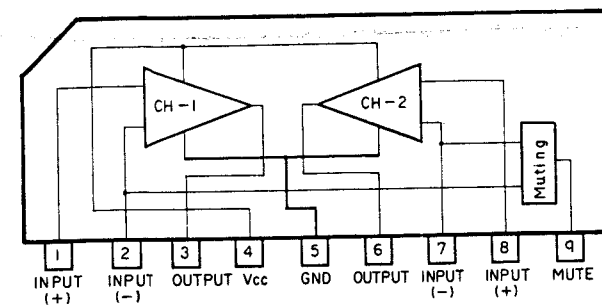


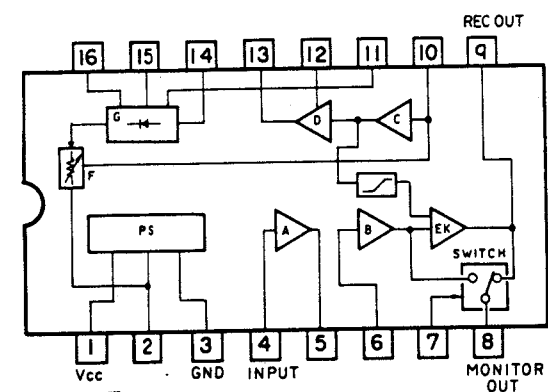
Fig. 26



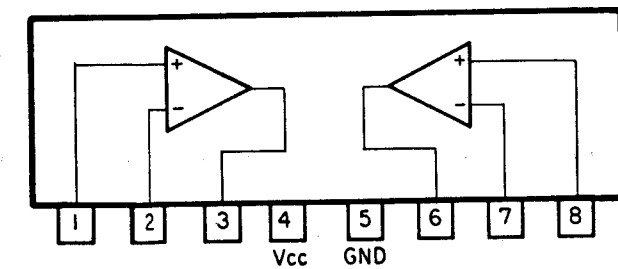
TA7325P



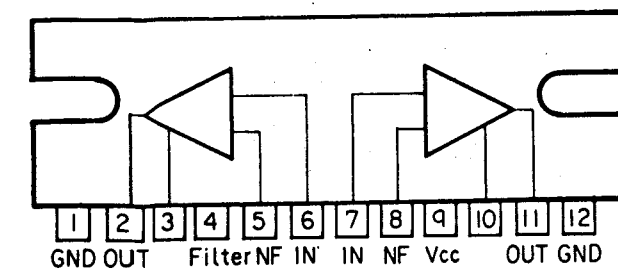
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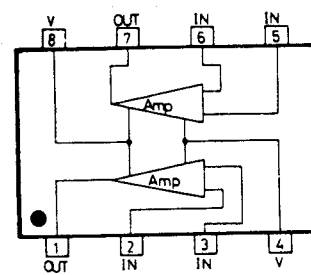
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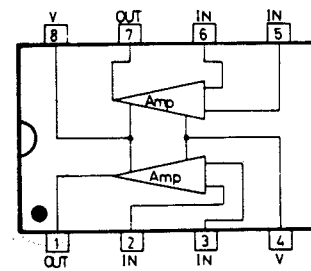
μPC1185H2



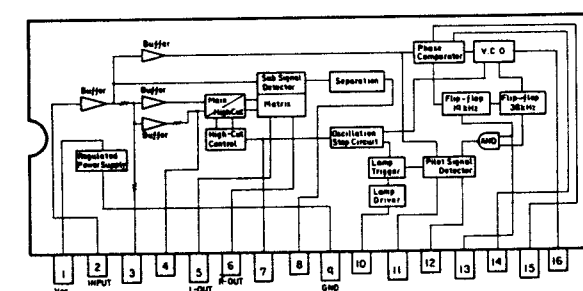
NJM4558D-D



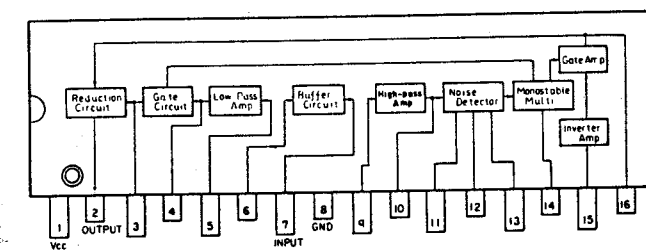
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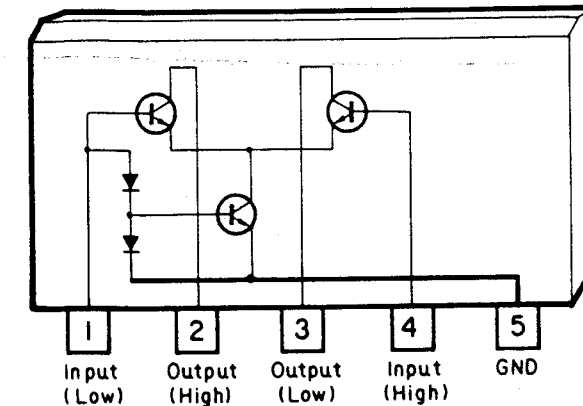
LA3370P



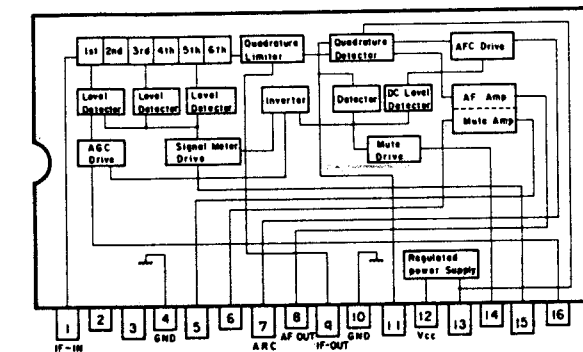
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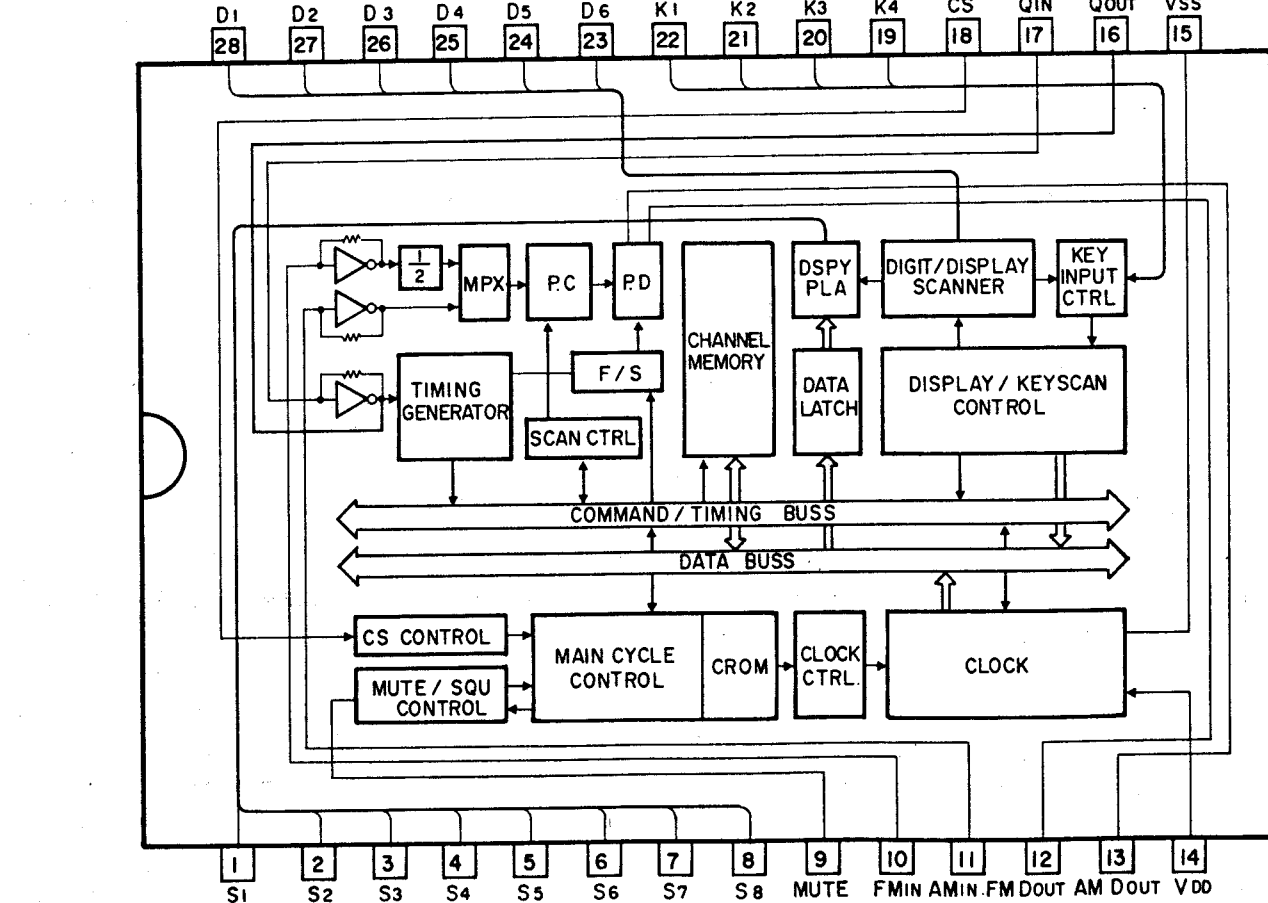
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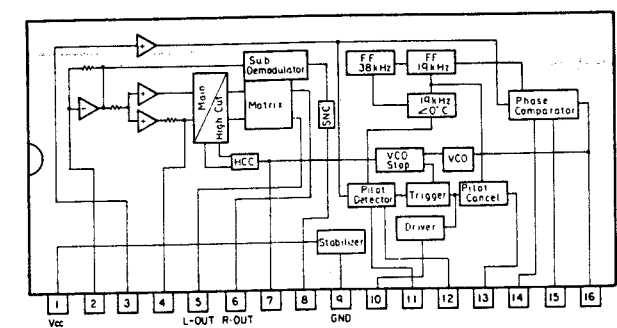
LA1140



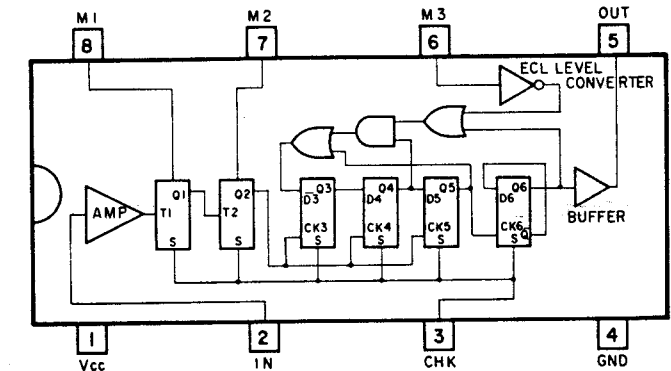
PD7003A
PD7003B



LA3375P

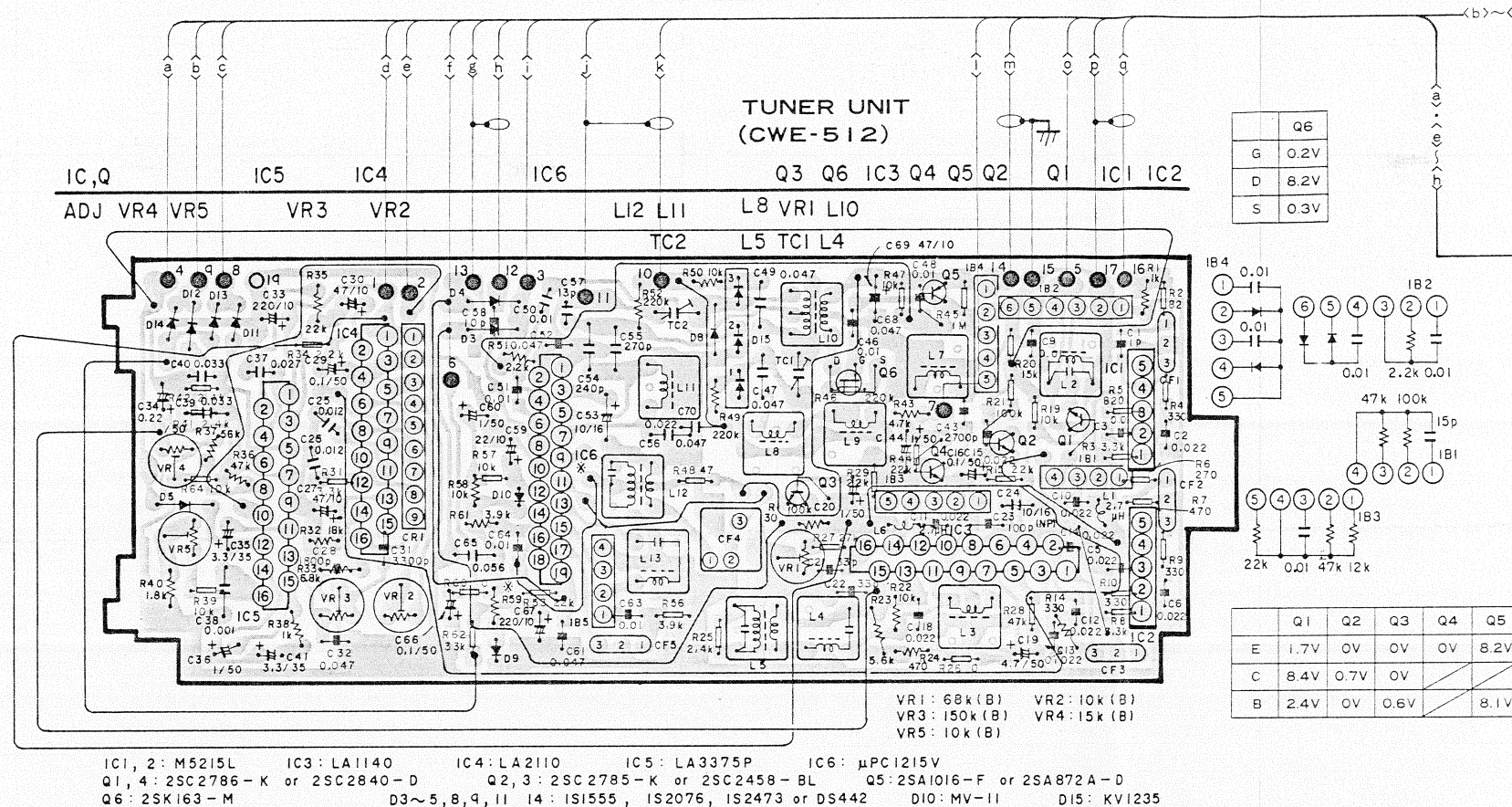


μPB552C



CONTROL UNIT (CWM-124)

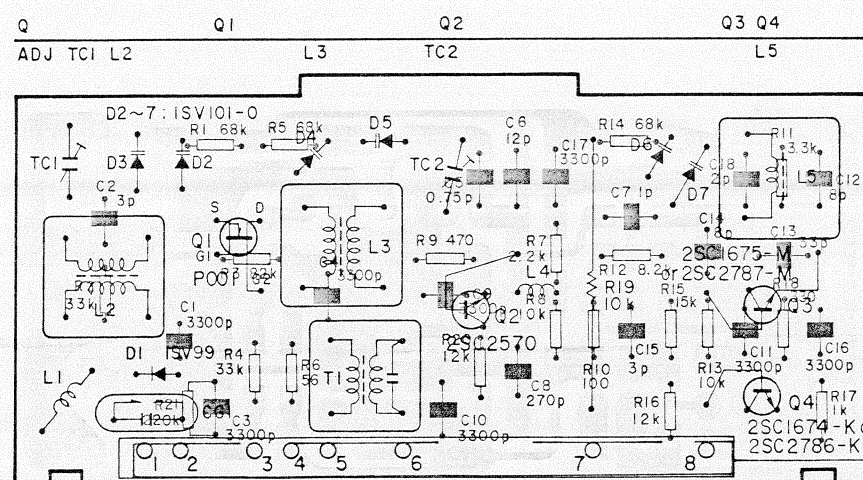
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IC1	2.2V	4.6V	1.8V	1.2V	5.3V	0V	2.4V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	2.8V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V



	1	2	3	4	5
IC1	1.4V	5.1V	8.6V	1.4V	0V
IC2	1.4V	7V	8.6V	1.4V	0V

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
IC3	2.6V	2.6V	2.6V	0V	2.1V	0.7V	5V	5.1V	5V	0V	5V	8.4V	5V	2.4V	0.4V	4.1V
IC4	8.6V	3.3V				4.2V		0V		3V	3V	2.4V	0.6V	0V	4.5V	4.5V
IC5		2.9V	3V		2.9V	2.9V			0V			2.4V	3.2V	1.2V	2.4V	2.4V
IC6	0V	8.1V		0V	2.5V	1.4V	2.5V	5.5V	8.4V	0V	0.7V	1.8V		2.4V	6.9V	8.6V

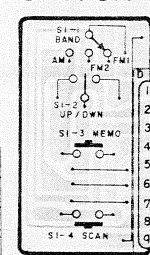
FRONT END (CWB-090)



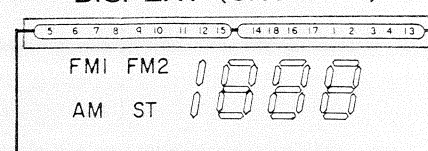
	Q1
G1	2.2V
G2	8.5V
D	7.3V
S	0V

	Q2	Q3
E		3.4V
C	8.6V	8.3V
B		4.1V

SWITCH UNIT (A)



DISPLAY (CXC-490)



	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q1
E	OV	13.9V	OV	11.3V	OV		OV	OV	OV	
C						11.3V				8.7
B						1.7V				

	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q2
E	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	3.3V	1.7V	1.7V	2.8V	2.8V	8.7
C		2.8V	5.2V	2.8V	8.6V	7.4V	7.4V	7.4V	7.4V	8.6
B						2.3V	2.3V	3.4V	3.4V	

	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29
E	8.7V	0V	6V	0V	0V	0V	8.6V
C	8.6V	/	/	/	/	/	/
B	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

	1	3	4	6	7	8
IC4	3.3V	0V	0V	0V	3.3V	0V

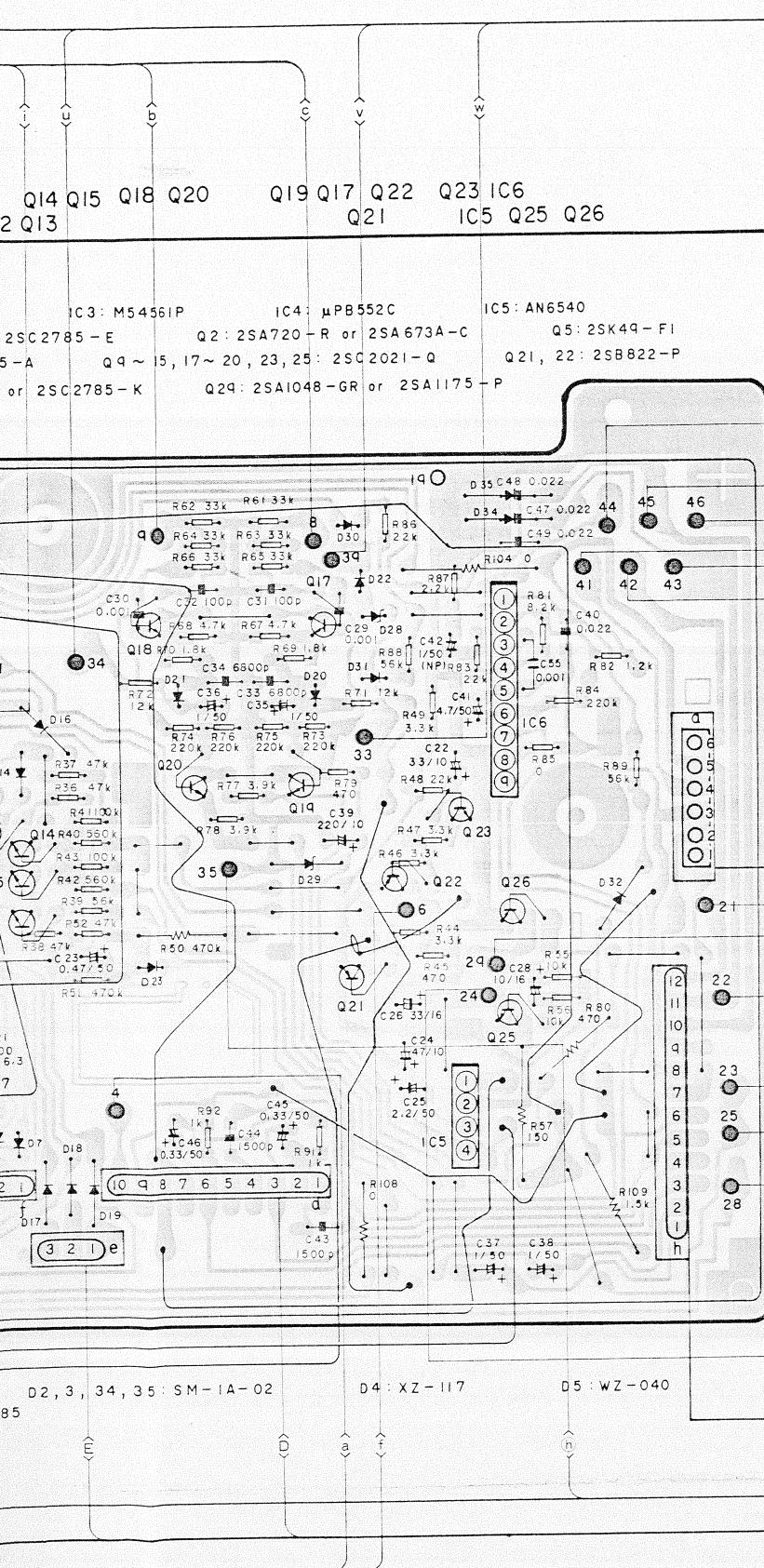
	1	2	4
IC5	14.1V	0V	8.7

	1	3	4
IC6	1.4V	1.4V	1.8V

27	28
4.4V	4.4V

	9
IC2	OV

	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
IC3	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	5.7V	OV



4	5	6
1.8V	OV	2.7V

Q1~Q4	Q5
E	8.5V
C	14.1V(TAPE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
IC1	1.2V	0.8V	3V	8.5V	OV	3V	0.8V	1.2V								
IC2	8.5V	4.3V	OV	4.1V	4.1V	4.3V	8.5V	4.2V	4.3V	4.2V	4.7V	4.8V	5.8V			
IC3	8.5V	4.3V	OV	4.1V	4.1V	4.3V	8.5V	4.2V	4.3V	4.2V	4.7V	4.8V	5.8V			
IC4				1.0V	OV				9.3V							

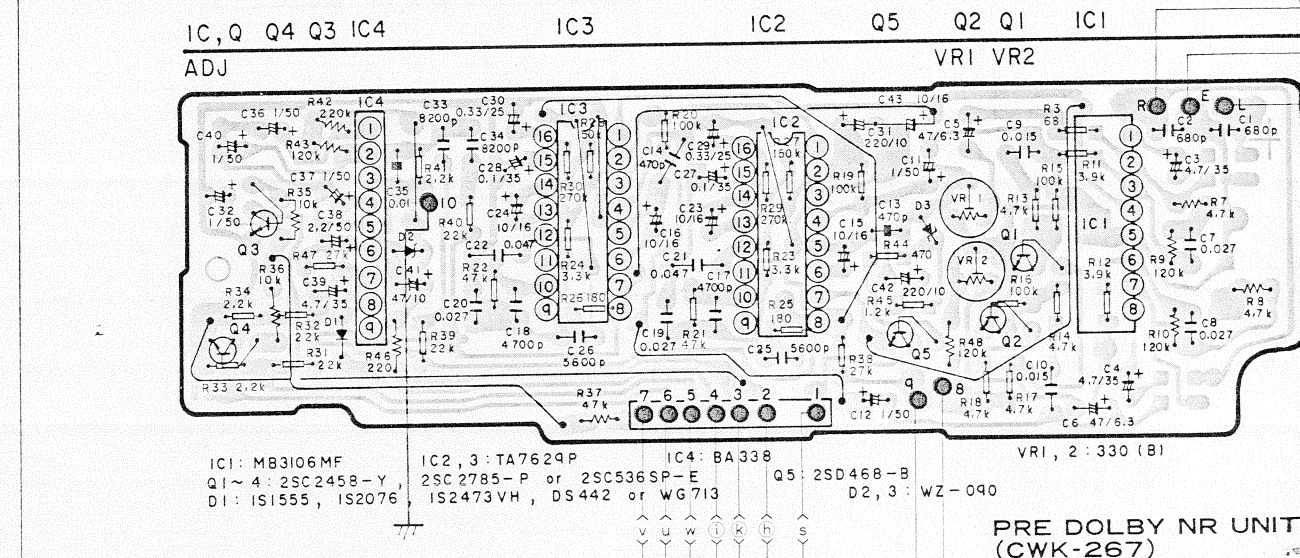
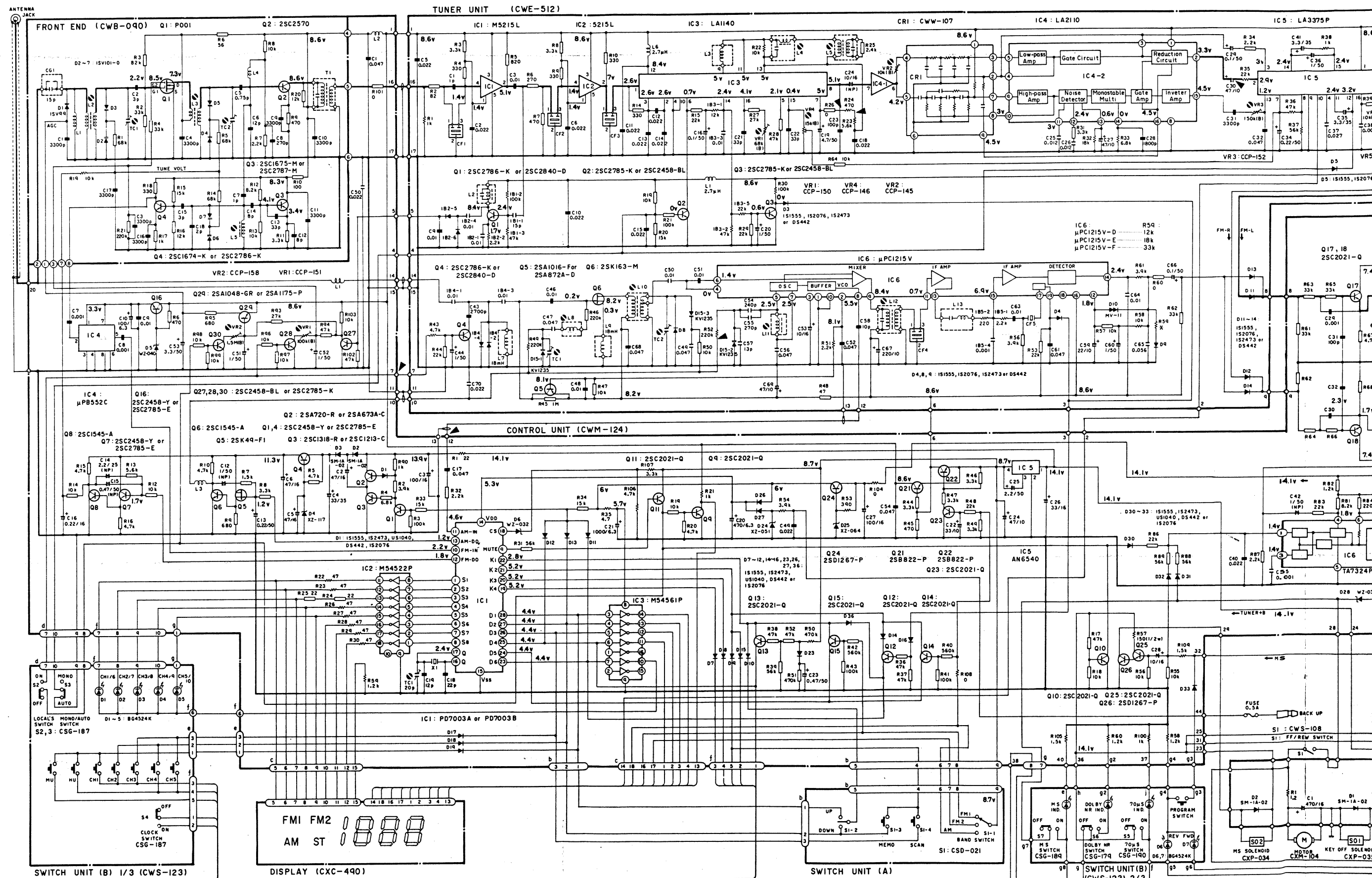


Fig. 27

5. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (UKE-7100)



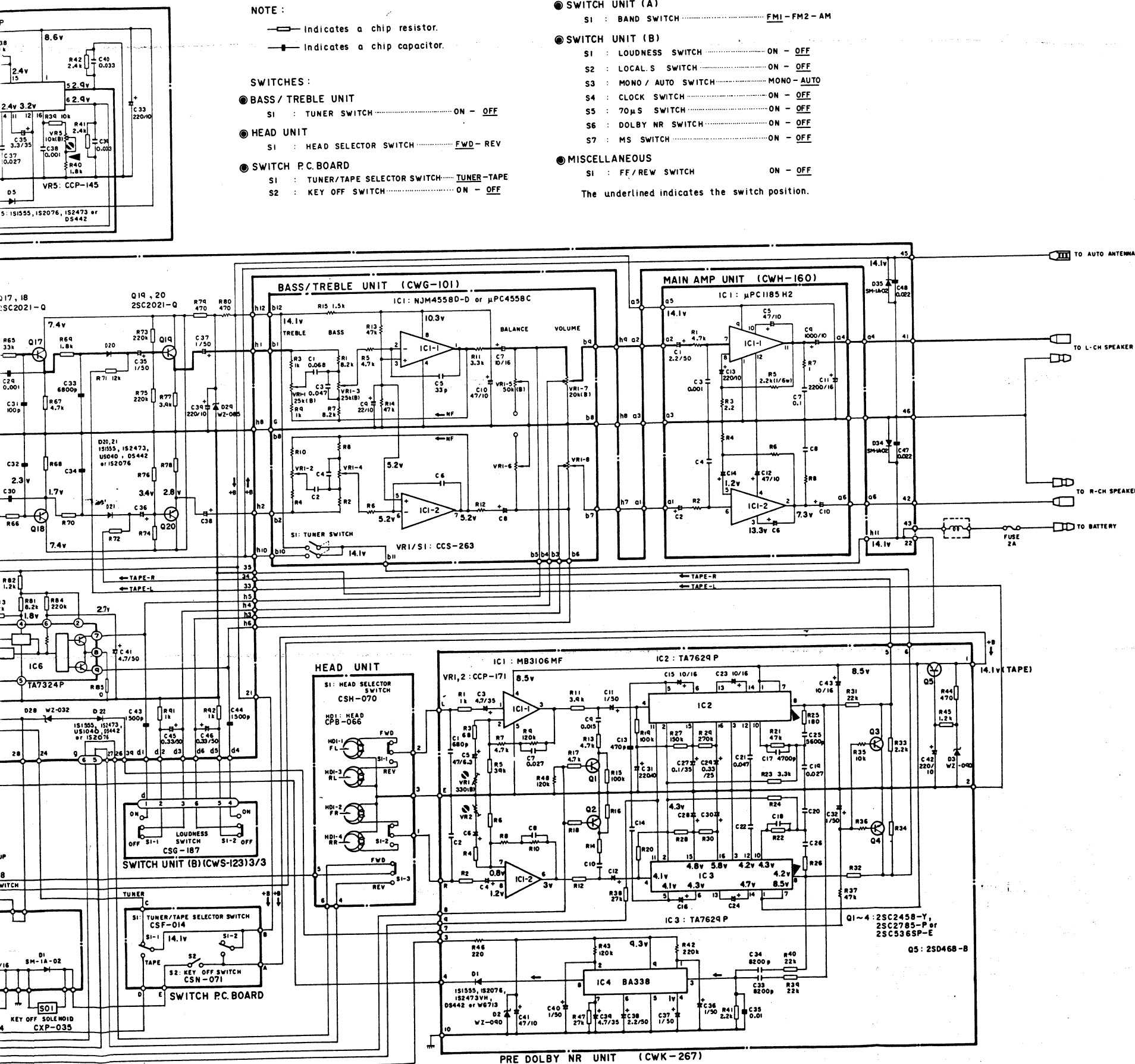


Fig. 28

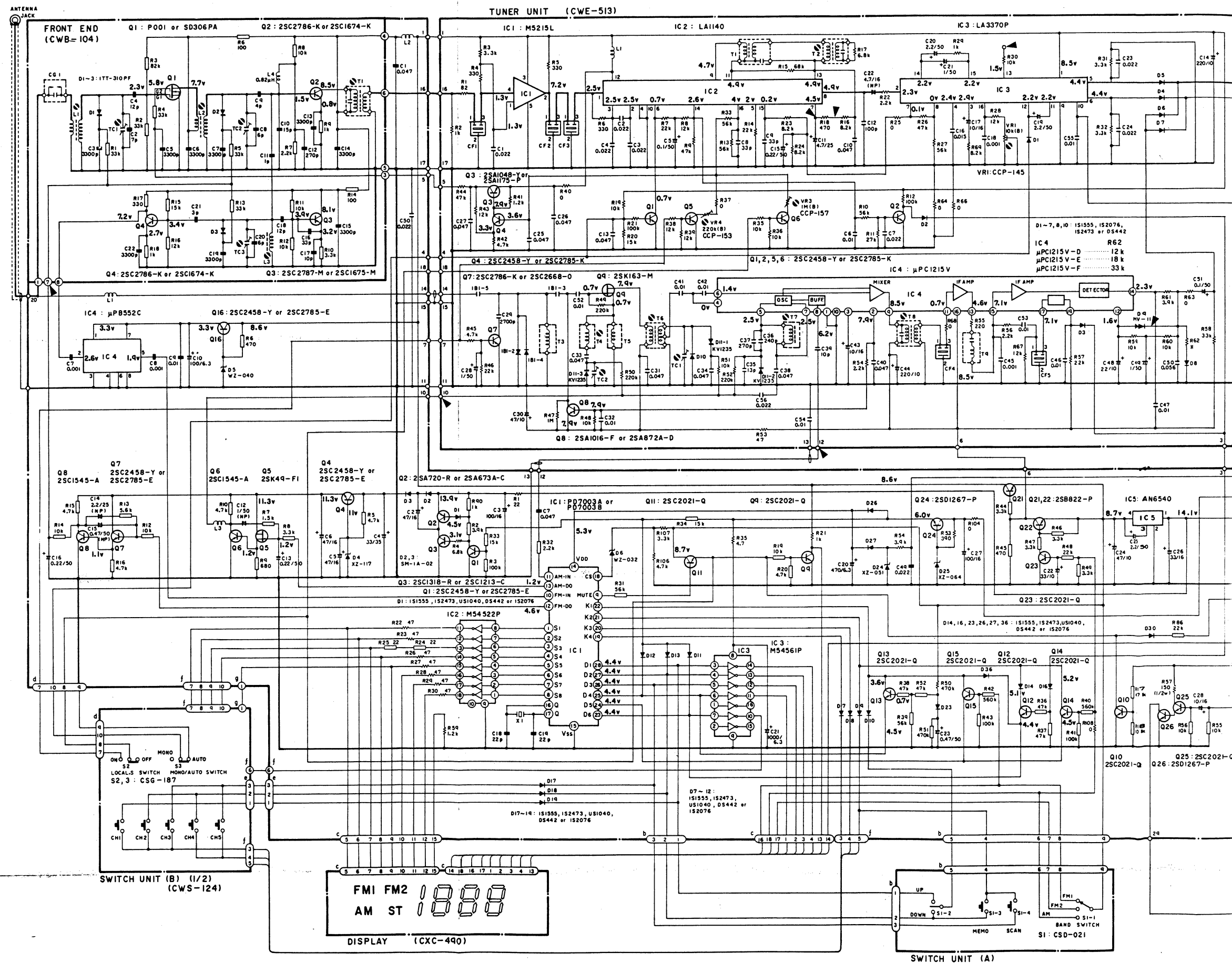
A

B

C

D

6. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(UKE-3100)



NOTE :

- Indicates a chip resistor.
— Indicates a chip capacitor.

SWITCHES :

●TONE UNIT

S1 : TUNER SWITCH ON - OFF

●SWITCH P.C.BOARD

S1 : TUNER/TAPE SELECTOR SWITCH TUNER - TAPE
S2 : KEY OFF SWITCH ON - OFF

●SWITCH UNIT (A)

S1 : BAND SWITCH FM1-FM2-AM

●SWITCH UNIT (B)

S1 : LOUDNESS SWITCH ON - OFF
S2 : LOCAL S SWITCH ON - OFF
S3 : MONO / AUTO SWITCH MONO - AUTO
S4 : MS SWITCH ON - OFF

●MISCELLANEOUS

S1 : FF/REW SWITCH ON - OFF

The underlined indicates the switch position.

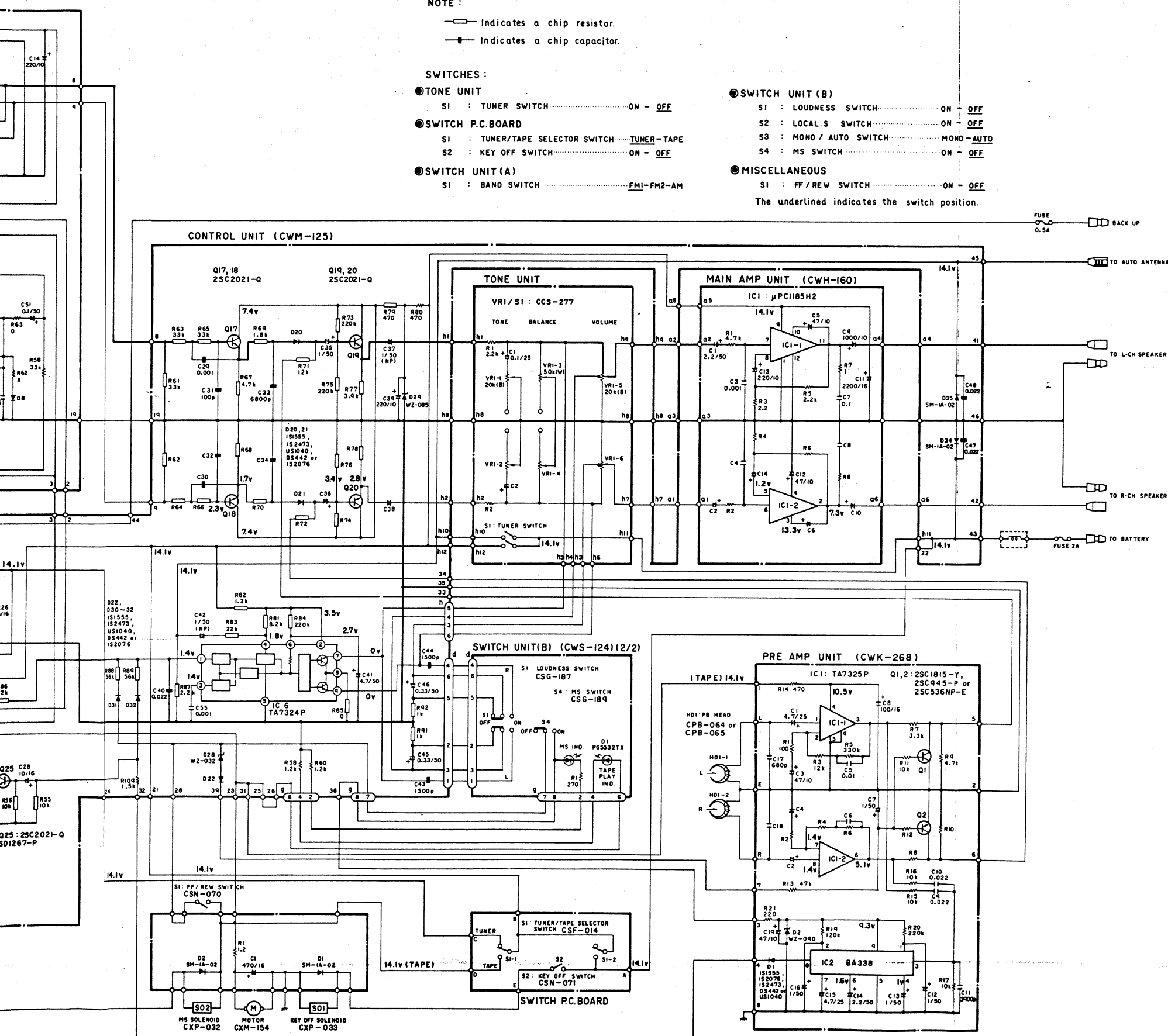
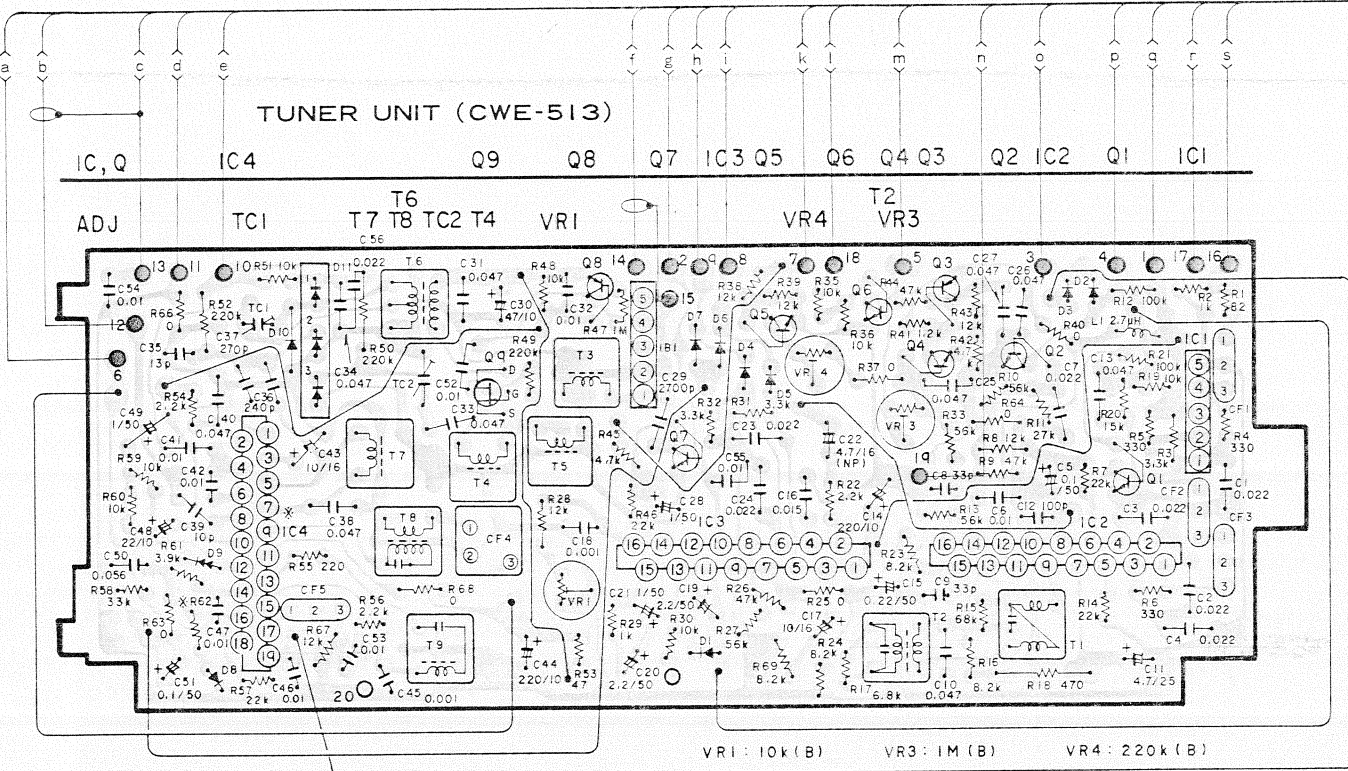


Fig.29

7. CONNECTION DIAGRAM (UKE-3100)



IC1: M5215L IC2: LAH40 IC3: LA3370P IC4: μ PC1215V
Q1, 2, 4-6: 2SC2458-Y or 2SC2785-K Q3: 2SA1048-Y or 2SA1175-P Q7: 2SC2786-K or 2SC2668-O
Q8: 2SA1016-F or 2SA872A-D Q9: 2SK163-M
D1 ~ 7, 8, 10: 1S1555, 1S2076, 1S2473 or DS442 D9: MV-11 D11: KV1235

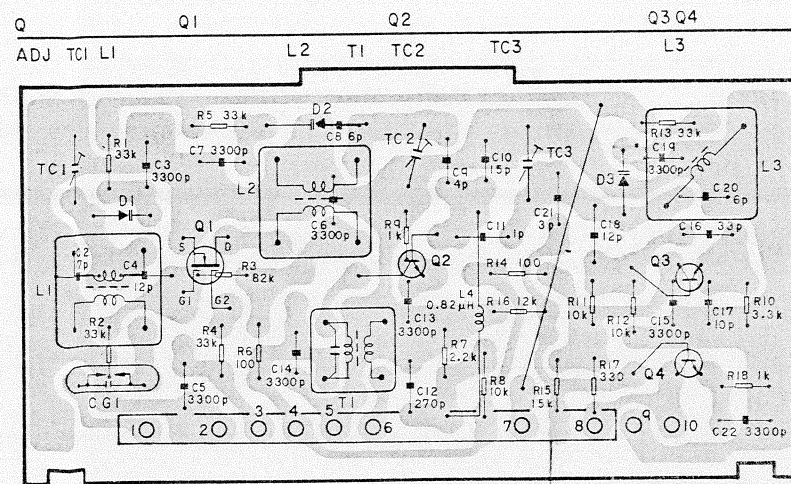
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
IC1	1.3V	7.2V	8.5V	1.3V	0V											
IC2	2.5V	2.5V	2.5V	0V	2V	0.7V	4.5V	4.9V	4.7V	0V	4.9V		4.9V	2.6V	0.2V	4V
IC3	8.5V	2.3V	2.9V	2.4V	4.4V	4.4V	0.1V	0V	0V	2.2V	2.2V	1.5V	2.2V	2.2V		
IC4	0V	7.9V		0V	2.5V	1.4V	2.5V	6.2V	8.5V	0V	0.7V	1.6V	4.6V	2.3V	7.1V	8.5V

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9
E	0V	0V		3.3V	0V	0V	0V	7.9V	
C	0.7V			7.9V					
B			7.9V	3.6V				7.9V	

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14
E	0V	13.9V	0V	11.3V	0V	1.1V	0V	0V	0V	0V	4.4V	4.5V	4.5V	
C						11.3V				8.7V	5.1V	3.6V	5.2V	
B		4.5V	3.1V	1.1V	1.2V		1.1V						0.7V	

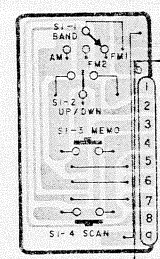
	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q26	Q5
E	4.5V	3.3V	1.7V	1.7V	2.8V	2.8V	8.7V	8.7V	0V	6.0V	0V	1.2V
C	3.6V	8.6V	7.4V	7.4V	7.4V	7.4V	8.6V	8.5V				11.3V
B			2.3V	2.3V	3.4V	3.4V						1.2V

FRONT END (CWB-104)

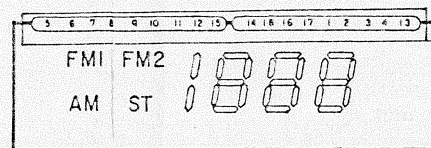


Q1: S0306PA or P001 Q2: 2SC1674-K or 2SC2786-K D1 ~ 3: 1T-310PE, PF
Q3: 2SC1675-M or 2SC2787-M Q4: 2SC1674-K or 2SC2786-K

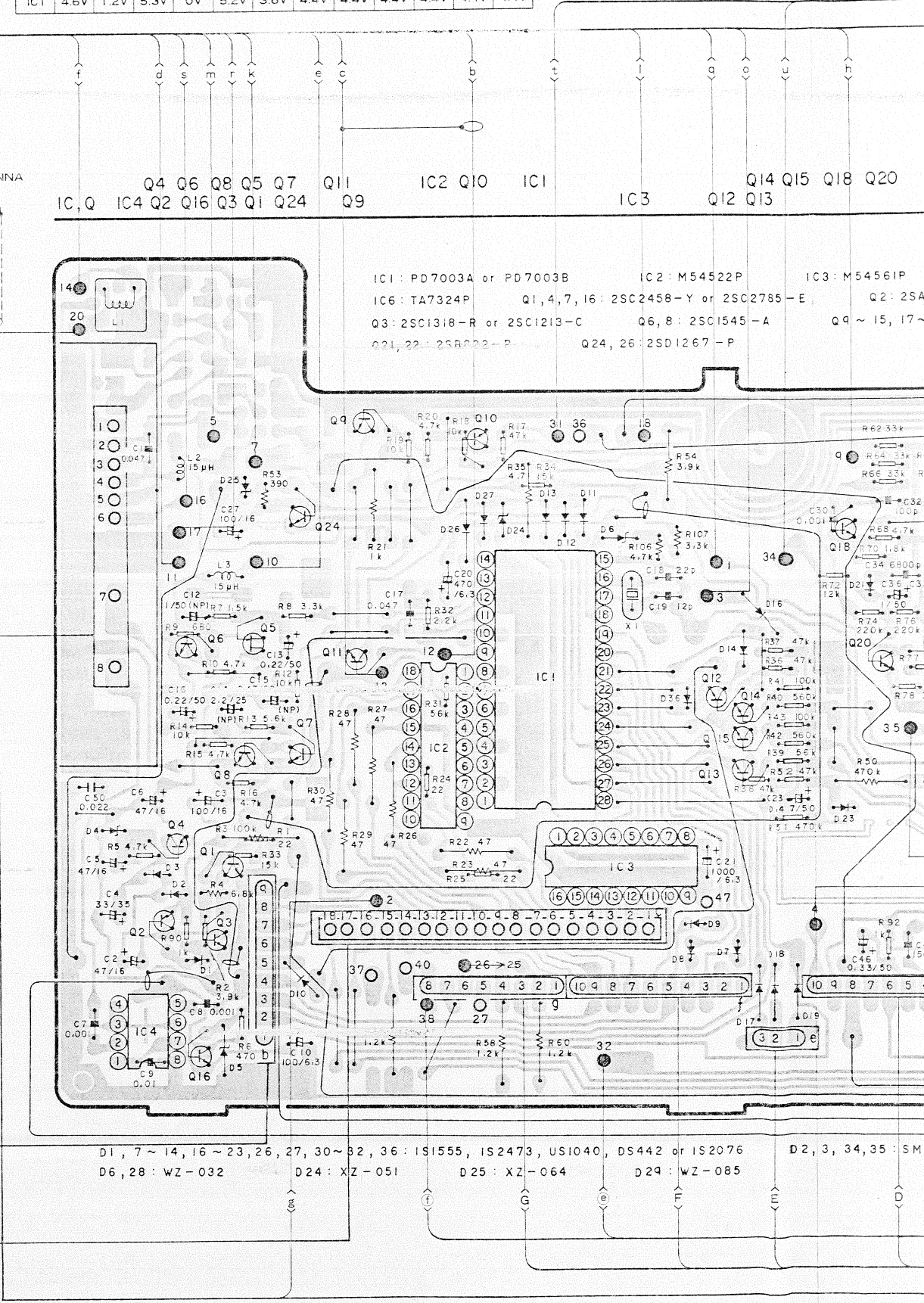
SWITCH UNIT (A)



DISPLAY (CXC-490)



	12	13	14	15	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
IC1	4.6V	1.2V	5.3V	0V	5.2V	3.6V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V



D1, 7 ~ 14, 16 ~ 23, 26, 27, 30 ~ 32, 36: 1S1555, 1S2473, US1040, DS442 or 1S2076 D2, 3, 34, 35: SM
D6, 28: WZ-032 D24: XZ-051 D25: XZ-064 D29: WZ-085

	9									2	3	4	5	6	7	8					
IC2	OV	IC3	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	4.4V	OV	IC4	3.3V	2.6V	OV	OV	1.9V	OV	3.3V	OV	IC5	14.1V	OV	8.7V

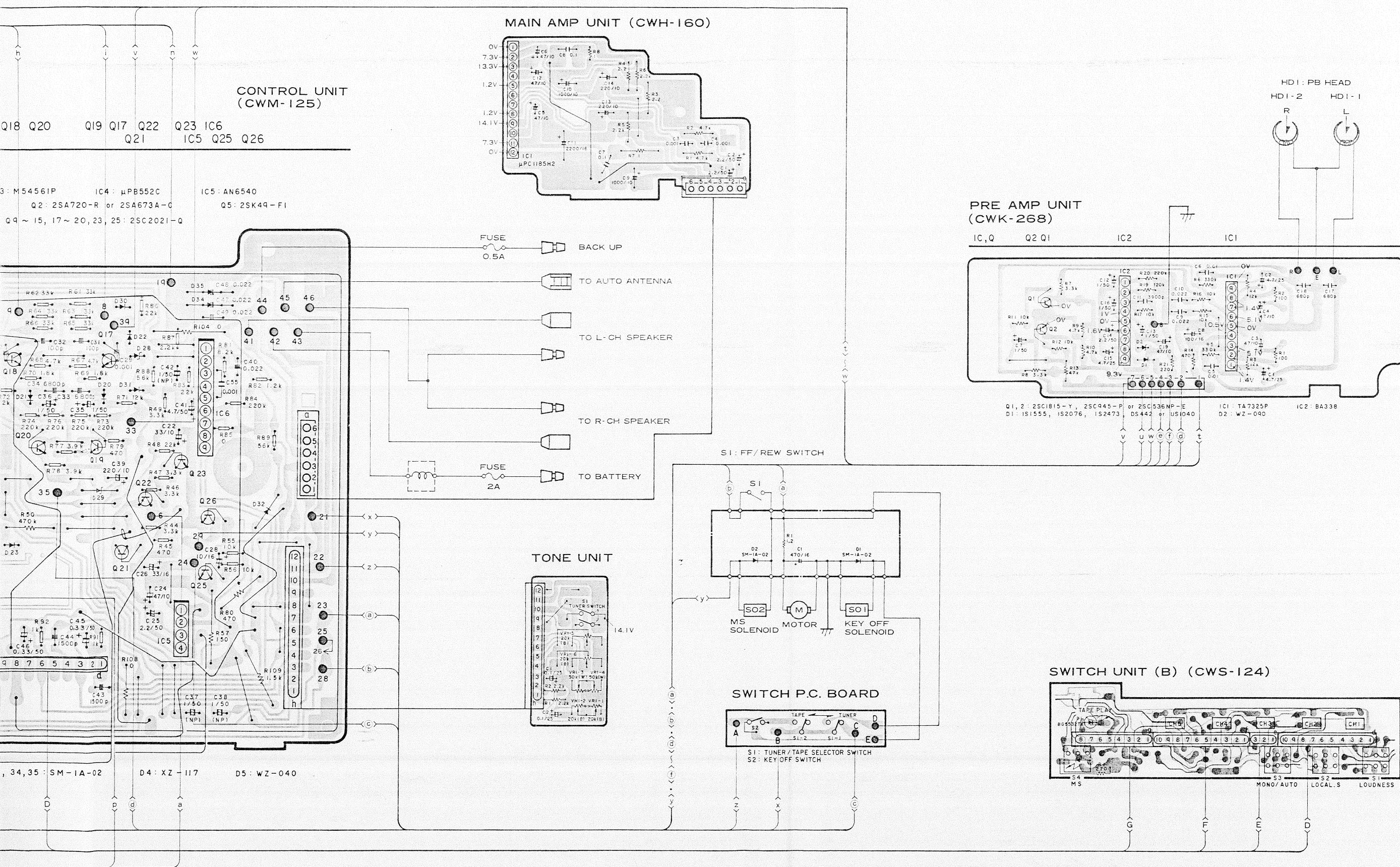


Fig. 30

8. CASSETTE MECHANISM EXPLODED VIEW (UKE-7100)

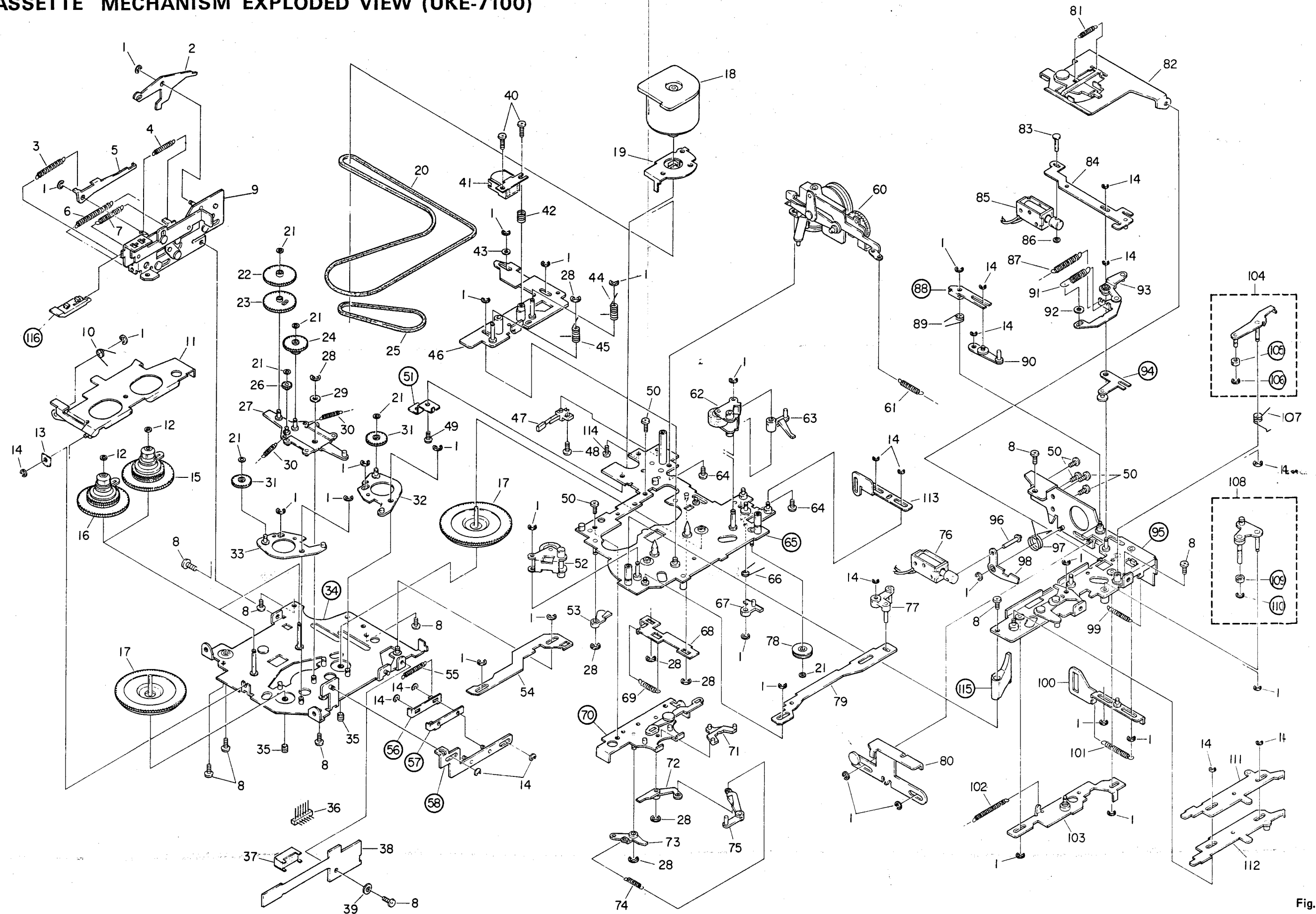


Fig. 31

• Parts List

NOTE

- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.
- ★★ : GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★.**
- This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.*
- Parts whose parts numbers are omitted are subject to being not supplied.

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	YE20FUC	Washer		46.	CXC-215	Head Base Unit
	2.	CNE-972	Arm	★★	47.	CWS-108	Switch Unit (FF/REW)
	3.	CBH-626	Spring		48.	BMZ20P025FMC	Screw
	4.	CBH-625	Spring		49.	PMS26P040FMC	Screw
	5.	CXC-463	Arm Unit		50.	CBA-098	Screw
	6.	CBH-628	Spring		51.		Bracket
	7.	CBH-627	Spring	★★	52.	CXC-180	Roller Unit
	8.	CBA-097	Spring		53.	CNW-190	Arm
	9.	CXC-465	Side Frame Unit		54.	CNE-938	Cam
	10.	CBH-662	Spring		55.	CBH-612	Spring
	11.	CXC-239	Holder Unit		56.		Lever
	12.	CBF-045	Washer		57.		Lever
	13.	CNF-019	Holder		58.		Lever Unit
	14.	YE15FUC	Washer		59.	VACANT	
★★	15.	CXC-178	Reel Unit		60.	CXC-242	Gear Unit
★★	16.	CXC-177	Reel Unit		61.	CBH-624	Spring
	17.	CNR-138	Flywheel	★★	62.	CXC-179	Roller Unit
★★	18.	CXM-104	Motor		63.	CNW-197	Arm
	19.	CNF-040	Spacer		64.	BMZ23P040FMC	Screw
★★	20.	CNT-091	Belt		65.		Chassis Unit
	21.	CBF-126	Washer		66.	CBH-621	Spring
	22.	CNW-169	Gear		67.	CNW-230	Holder
	23.	CNW-170	Gear		68.	CNE-975	Lever
	24.	CNW-168	Gear		69.	CBH-609	Spring
★★	25.	CNT-092	Belt		70.		Holder
	26.	CNW-260	Gear		71.	CNW-325	Arm
	27.	CXC-316	Arm Unit		72.	CNW-192	Arm
	28.	YE25FUC	Washer		73.	CNW-189	Arm
	29.	CBE-104	Washer		74.	CBH-610	Spring
	30.	CBH-611	Spring		75.	CNW-191	Arm
	31.	CNW-167	Gear	★	76.	CXP-035	Solenoid
	32.	CXC-219	Arm Unit		77.	CXC-222	Arm Unit
	33.	CXC-217	Arm Unit		78.	CLB-052	Pulley
	34.		Holder Unit		79.	CNE-931	Cam
	35.	CNW-229	Screw		80.	CXC-238	Lever Unit
	36.	CKS-070	Plug		81.	CBH-634	Spring
★★	37.	CSH-070	Switch (FWD/REV)		82.	CXC-244	Holder Unit
	38.	CNP-925	P.C. Board		83.	CLB-122	Shaft
	39.	WB02FMC	Washer		84.	CXC-233	Lever Unit
	40.	PMS20P060FMC	Screw	★	85.	CXP-034	Solenoid
★★	41.	CPB-066	Head		86.	HBF-145	Washer
	42.	CBH-198	Spring		87.	CBH-618	Spring
	43.	CNF-091	Washer		88.		Arm
	44.	CBH-614	Spring		89.	CBH-623	Spring
	45.	CBH-613	Spring		90.	CXC-236	Lever Unit

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	91.	CBH-615	Spring		106.		Washer
	92.	WA33F060M050	Washer		107.	CBH-622	Spring
	93.	CXC-232	Arm Unit		108.	CXC-230	Arm Unit
	94.		Arm Unit		109.		Roller
	95.		Sub Chassis Unit		110.		Washer
	96.	CLB-139	Shaft		111.	CXC-227	Lever Unit
	97.	CBH-633	Spring		112.	CXC-228	Lever Unit
	98.	CXC-231	Arm Unit		113.	CNE-939	Lever
	99.	CBH-663	Spring		114.	PMS26P030FMC	Screw
	100.	CXC-482	Lever Unit		115.		Guide
	101.	CBH-617	Spring		116.		Guide
	102.	CBH-619	Spring				
	103.	CXC-237	Cam Unit				
	104.	CXC-229	Arm Unit				
	105.		Roller				

9. CASSETTE MECHANISM EXPLODED VIEW (UKE-3100)

• Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
★★	1.	CXM-154	Motor		31.	CBH-636	Spring
	2.	CBH-628	Spring		32.	CNW-211	Gear
	3.	YE20FUC	Washer		33.	CNW-212	Gear
	4.	CBH-626	Spring		34.	CNW-216	Gear
	5.	CXC-463	Arm Unit		35.	CBF-045	Washer
	6.	CBH-627	Spring	★★	36.	CXC-256	Reel Unit
	7.	CBH-625	Spring	★★	37.	CXC-257	Reel Unit
	8.	CNE-972	Arm		38.	CNR-148	Flywheel
	9.	BMZ23P030FMC	Screw	★★	39.	CNT-095	Belt
	10.		Frame Unit		40.	CXC-290	Holder Unit
★★	11.	CNT-096	Belt		41.	CMZ23P030FMC	Screw
	12.	CNW-205	Pulley		42.	CNW-229	Screw
	13.		Holder		43.	CNW-250	Arm
	14.	CBF-135	Washer		44.	BMZ20P080FMC	Screw
	15.	YE15FUC	Washer	★★	45.	CPB-064 or	Head
	16.	CXC-302	Holder Unit			CPB-065	
	17.	CBH-640	Spring		46.	CNV-301	Rubber
	18.	YE25FUC	Washer		47.	CBH-198	Spring
	19.		Lever		48.	CNL-010 or	P.C. Board
	20.	BMZ20P040FMC	Screw			CNL-011	
	21.	CXC-328	Gear Unit		49.		Plug
	22.	CNW-206	Gear	★★	50.	CSN-070	Switch (FF/REW)
	23.		Spacer		51.		P.C. Board
★★	24.	CBH-638	Spring		52.	BMZ20P030FMC	Screw
	25.	CXC-289	Roller Unit		53.	CBH-648	Spring
	26.		Roller		54.	CXC-296	Arm Unit
	27.	PMS26P040FUC	Screw	★	55.	CXP-033	Solenoid
	28.	CNW-210	Gear	★	56.	CXP-032	Solenoid
	29.		Chassis Unit		57.		Lever Unit
	30.	CBH-635	Spring		58.		Lever Unit

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
------	-----	----------	-------------

● Cassette Mechanism (UKE-3100)

59.	CBH-645	Spring
60.	CBH-634	Spring
61.	CXC-301	Holder Unit
62.		Lever Unit
63.	CBH-655	Spring

64.		Lever Unit
65.		Arm
66.	CBH-641	Spring
67.	CXC-509	Arm Unit
68.	PMZ26P160FMC	Screw

69.		Lever
70.	CXC-459	Arm Unit
71.	CMZ26P040FMC	Screw
72.	CBH-642	Spring
73.	CBH-677	Spring

74.	BMZ20P025FMC	Screw
75.	CBH-679	Spring
76.		Lever
77.	CBH-649	Spring
78.	BMZ26P100FMC	Screw

79.		Lever
80.		Lever
81.	CXC-297	Arm Unit
82.	CBH-647	Spring
83.	CBH-637	Spring

84.	CXC-456	Sub Chassis Unit
85.	CXC-254	Gear Unit
86.		Guide
87.	CBH-678	Spring
88.		Bracket

89.		Arm Unit
90.	CBH-660	Spring
91.	CBF-046	Washer
92.		Guide
93.	CBH-675	Spring

94.		Arm Unit
95.		Arm Unit
96.	BMZ26P040FMC	Screw

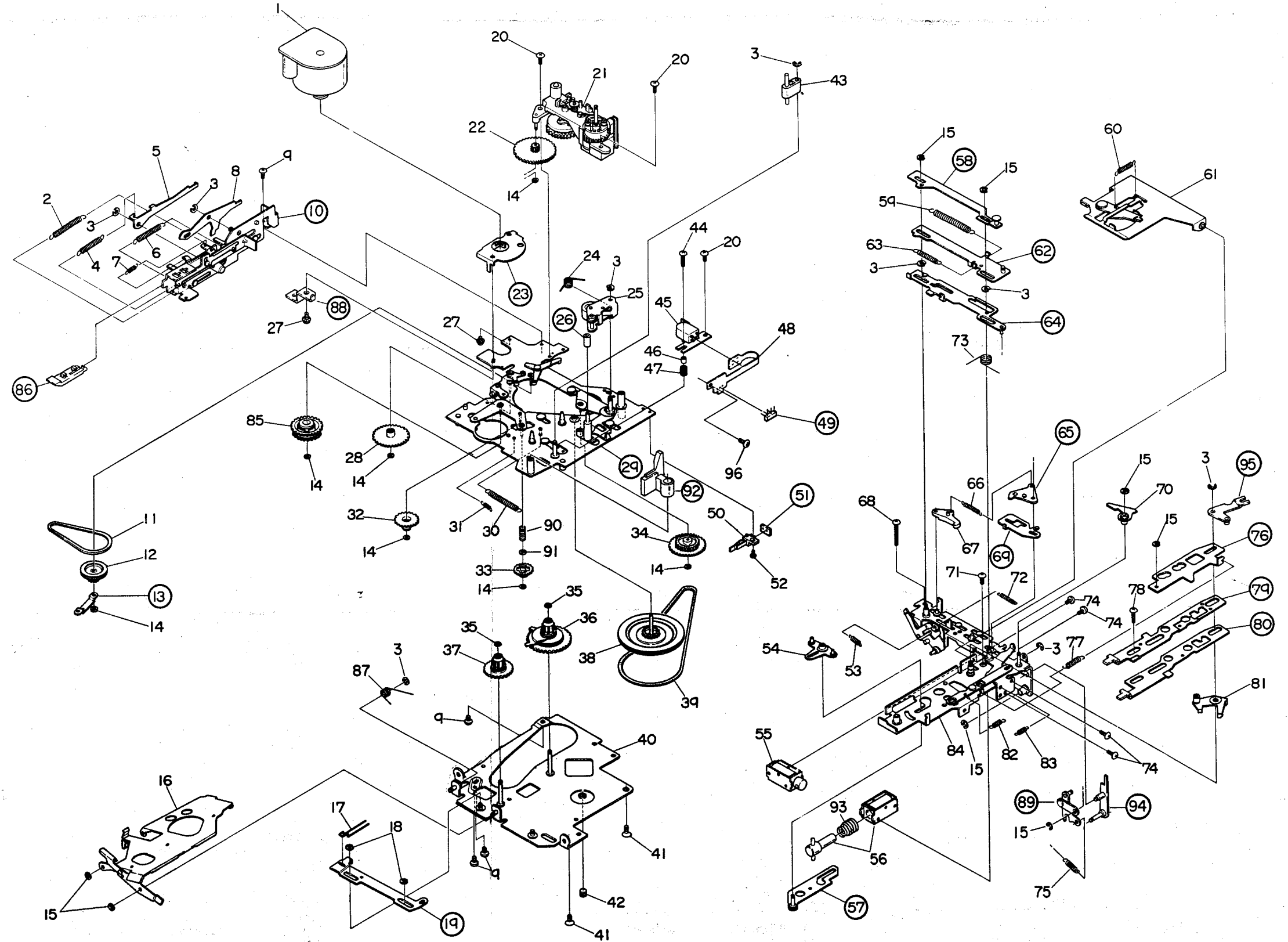


Fig. 32

10. CABINET EXPLODED VIEW

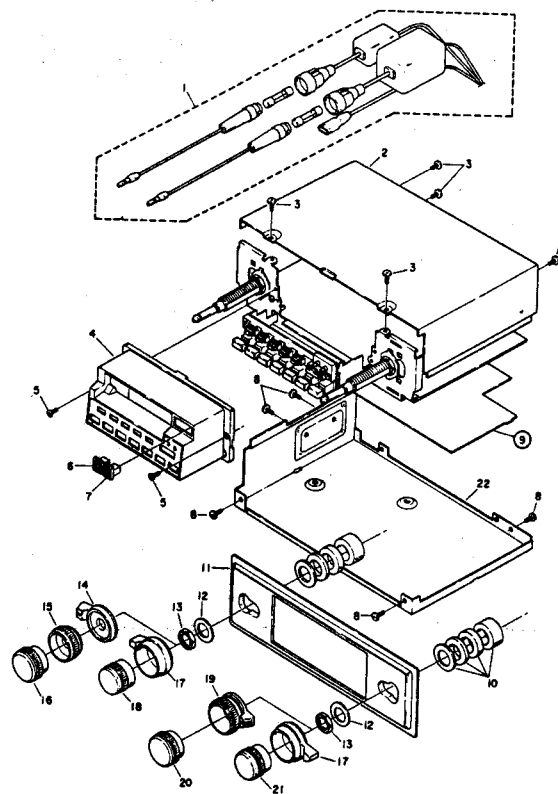


Fig. 33

• Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	CDF-039	Cord	★	14.	CAA-377	Knob (Bass) (UKE-7100)
	2.	CXC-517	Case Unit	★	15.	CAA-376	Knob (Treble) (UKE-7100)
	3.	BMZ26P030FMC	Screw	★	16.	CAA-375	Knob (Volume) (UKE-7100)
	4.	CXC-521	Grille Unit (UKE-7100)	★	17.	CAA-387	Knob (Tone) (UKE-3100)
		CXC-522	Grille Unit (UKE-3100)	★	18.	CAA-379	Knob (Volume) (UKE-3100)
★	5.	CMZ26P050FMC	Screw	★	19.	CAA-378	Knob (Band) (UKE-7100)
★	6.	CAC-432	Button	★	20.	CAA-386	Knob (Tuning) (UKE-7100)
	7.	CAC-433	Button	★	21.	CAA-385	Knob (Tuning) (UKE-3100)
	8.	BMZ26P040FMC	Screw		22.	CNB-665	Case
	9.		Insulator				
	10.	CNV-769	Washer				
	11.	CEA-599	Panel (UKE-7100)				
		CEA-600	Panel (UKE-3100)				
	12.	CND-646	Spacer				
	13.	CBN-028	Nut				

11. CHASSIS EXPLODED VIEW

• Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	BMZ26P060FMC	Screw		5.	YE15FUC	Washer
	2.		Bracket (UKE-7100)		6.		Arm
			Bracket (UKE-3100)		7.	CNP-926	P.C. Board
	3.	PMS26P040FMC	Screw		8.	CBA-106	Screw
	4.	CBH-680	Spring		9.	BMZ23P025FMC	Screw

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
★★	10.	CSF-014	Switch (Power)		57.		Holder
	11.		Cover		58.	CWH-160	Main Amp Unit
★★	12.	BMZ20P040FMC	Screw		59.	CDF-041	Connector (6P) (UKE-7100)
	13.	CSN-071	Switch (Key Off)		60.		Connector
	14.		Bracket Unit		61.		Insulator
	15.	CXC-495	Cassette Mechanism Assy (UKE-7100)		62.	CNL-148	P.C. Board (UKE-3100)
		CXC-499	Cassette Mechanism Assy (UKE-3100)	★★	63.	CDF-045	Connector
	16.	BMZ26P040FMC	Screw	★★	64.	CCS-277	Volume/Switch (UKE-3100)
				★★	65.	CCS-263	Volume/Switch (UKE-7100)
					66.	CWG-101	Bass/Treble Unit (UKE-7100)
	17.		Insulator		67.	CBE-084	Spacer
★	18.	BG4524K	LED (UKE-7100)		68.		Holder
	19.	BMN20P040FMC	Screw		69.	CBN-028	Nut
★	20.	BG4524K	LED (UKE-7100)		70.	CWE-512	Tuner Unit (UKE-7100)
★		PG5532TX	LED (UKE-3100)			CWE-513	Tuner Unit (UKE-3100)
	21.		Rubber (UKE-7100)		71.		Insulator
			Rubber (UKE-3100)		72.	CDF-040	Cord
★	22.	CAC-430	Button (UKE-7100)		73.	CDH-074	Antenna Cable
★	23.	CAC-429	Button		74.	WH26FNI	Washer
★	24.	CAC-399	Button (UKE-7100)		75.	BMZ26P050FNI	Screw
	25.	BMZ20P080FMC	Screw	★★	76.	CSD-021	Switch (Band, Tuning)
	26.	CNW-348	Housing (UKE-7100)		77.	CNL-149	P.C. Board
		CNW-349	Housing (UKE-3100)		78.	CDF-044	Connector (9P)
★★	27.	CSG-187	Switch (Loud, Loc.s, Mono)		79.		Frame
★★	28.	CSG-187	Switch (Clock) (UKE-7100)		80.	CDF-046	Connector (7P)
★★	29.	CSG-190	Switch (70μs) (UKE-7100)		81.	CKS-227	Connector (7P)
★★	30.	CSG-179	Switch (NR) (UKE-7100)		82.	CDF-042	Connector (3P) (UKE-3100)
★★	31.	CSG-189	Switch (MS)		83.		Holder
★	32.	CAC-401	Button (Loud, Loc.s, Mono)		84.	BMZ30P060FMC	Screw
★	33.	CAC-401	Button (Clock) (UKE-7100)	★★	85.	2SD1267	Transistor
★	34.	CAC-400	Button (70μs, NR) (UKE-7100)	★★	86.	AN6540	Transistor
★	35.	CAC-400	Button (MS)	★★	87.	CNM-558	Insulator
	36.		Cassette Mechanism Unit		88.		Heat Sink
	37.		Bracket		89.	CKS-226	Plug (6P)
	38.		Cover (UKE-3100)		90.	CNF-404	Shield
	39.	BMZ23P025FMC	Screw (UKE-3100)		91.	CWK-267	Pre Dolby NR Unit (UKE-7100)
	40.	BMZ26P060FMC	Screw			CWK-268	Pre Amp Unit (UKE-3100)
★	41.	CXC-490	Display		92.	CNM-792	Insulator
	42.	CAT-128	Door (UKE-7100)		93.		Holder
		CAT-129	Door (UKE-3100)		94.		Case
	43.	CBH-683	Spring		95.	CKS-190	Plug (3P) (UKE-3100)
	44.	CNM-788	Cushion		96.	CKS-191	Plug (6P) (UKE-3100)
	45.	BMZ20P030FMC	Screw		97.	CKS-151	Plug (8P) (UKE-7100)
	46.		Shield		98.		Case
	47.		Holder		99.	CWB-090	Front End (UKE-7100)
						CWB-104	Front End (UKE-3100)
	48.	BTN20P060FMC	Screw				
	49.		P.C. Board				
	50.	CDF-048	Connector (3P)		100.		Heat Sink
	51.	CDF-043	Connector (10P)		101.	CWM-124	Control Unit (UKE-7100)
	52.	CDF-047	Connector (8P)			CWM-125	Control Unit (UKE-3100)
					102.	CXC-520	Shield Unit
	53.	CWS-123	Switch Unit (B) (UKE-7100)		103.	CXC-518	Shield Unit
		CWS-124	Switch Unit (B) (UKE-3100)				
	54.		Heat Sink Unit				
	55.	BMZ26P080FMC	Screw				
★★	56.	μPC1185H2	IC				

• Chassis

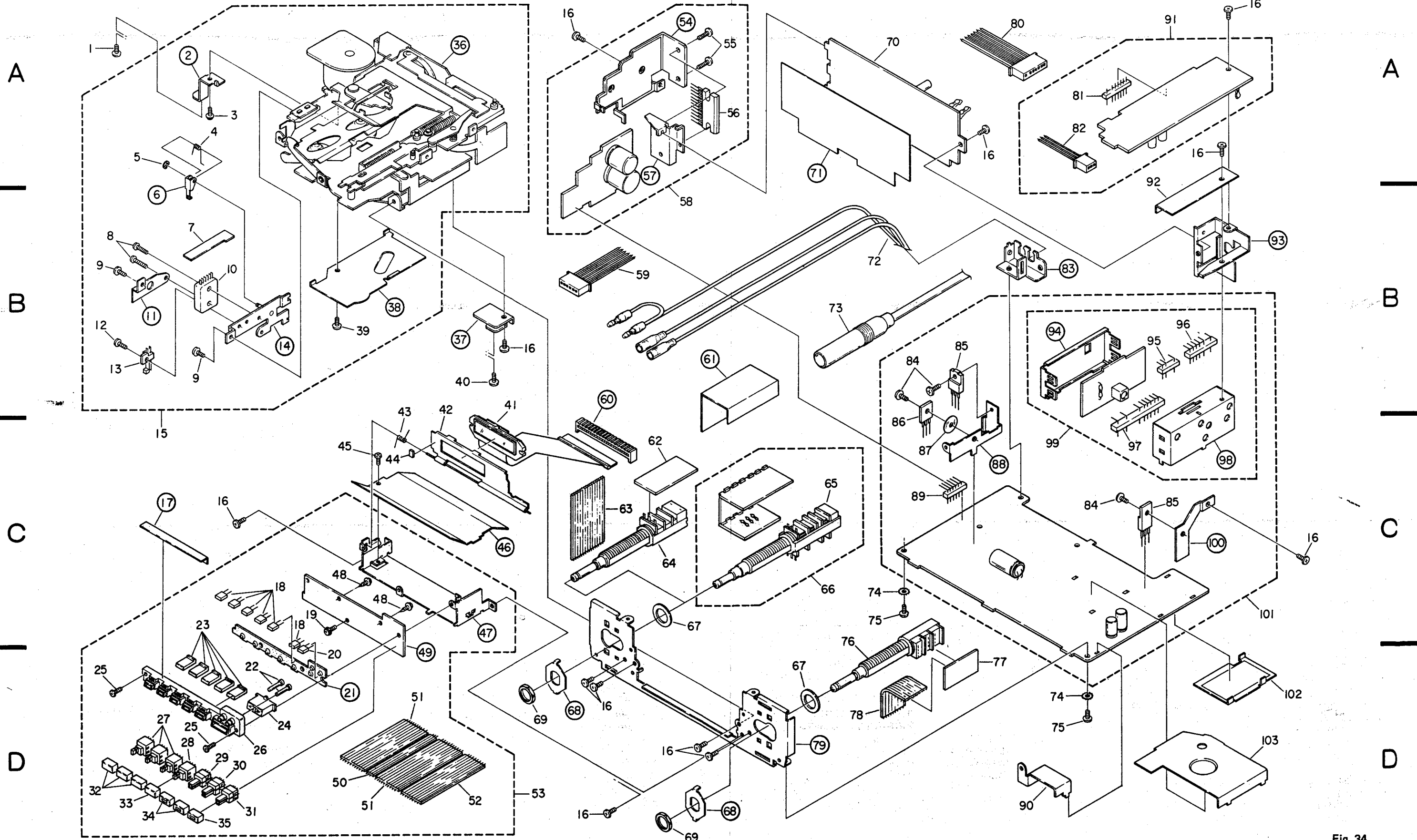


Fig. 34

12. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

NOTE:

When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.

Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J = 5%, and K = 10%).

560Ω 56 × 10¹ 561.RD1/4PS 5 6 1 J

47kΩ 47 × 10³ 473.RD1/4PS 4 7 3 J

0.5Ω 0R5RN2H 0 5 K

1Ω 010RS1P 0 1 0 K

Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

5.62kΩ 562 × 10¹RN1/4SR 5 6 2 F

- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★ ★ and ★

★ ★: GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★

This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

- Parts whose parts numbers are omitted are subject to being not supplied.

Control Unit (CWM-124) (UKE-7100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description	Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	PD7003A or PD7003B	IC1	★	XZ-064	D25
★★	M54522P	IC2	★	WZ-085	D29
★★	M54561P	IC3		CTB-115	L1 Coil
★★	μPB552C	IC4		CTF-016 or CTF-078	L2, L3 Ferri-Inductor, 15μH
★★	AN6540	IC5		CTF-079	
★★	TA7324P	IC6		CCG-070	TC1 Trimmer
★★	2SC2458 or 2SC2785	Q1, Q4, Q7, Q16, Q27, Q28, Q30		CSS-021 or CSS-022	X1 Quartz Oscillator
★★	2SA720 or 2SA673A	Q2	★★	CCP-151	VR1 Semi-fixed, 100kΩ(B)
★★	2SC1318 or 2SC1213	Q3	★★	CCP-158	VR2 Semi-fixed, 1.5MΩ(B)
★★	2SK49-F1	Q5		CWB-090	Front End
★★	2SC1545	Q6, Q8			
★★	2SC2021	Q9—Q15, Q17—Q20, Q23, Q25			
★★	2SB822	Q21, Q22			
★★	2SD1267	Q24, Q26			
★★	2SA1048-GR or 2SA1175-P	Q29			
★	1S1555 or 1S2473 or US1040 or DS442 or 1S2076	D1, D7—D23, D26, D27, D30—D33, D36			
★	SM-1A-02	D2, D3, D34, D35			
★	XZ-117	D4			
★	WZ-040	D5			
★	WZ-032	D6, D28			
★	XZ-051	D24			

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RD1/4PM □□□ J	R1, R21—R23, R26—R30, R35, R50, R54, R58—R60, R80, R100, R104, R105, R108, R109
	RS1/8S □□□ J	R2, R3, R5—R10, R12—R20, R24, R25, R31—R34, R36—R49, R51, R52, R55, R56, R61—R79, R81—R99, R101—R103 Chip Resistor
	RD1/4VM □□□ J	R4, R53
	RD1/2PS □□□ J	R57
	RD1/6PS □□□ J	R106, R107
	VACANT	R11

CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CKSYF473Z50	C1, C17, C54 Chip Capacitor
	CEA470M16LL	C2, C5, C6
	CEA101M16L	C3, C27
	CCH-089	C4 33μF/35V
	CKSYB102K50	C7, C8, C29, C30 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB103K50	C9 Chip Capacitor
	CEA101M6R3L	C10
	VACANT	C11
	CEA010M50NP	C12, C42
	CEAR22M50LL	C13
	CEA2R2M25NP	C14
	CEAR47M50NP	C15
	CEA0R1M50LL	C16
	CCSCH220J50	C18 Chip Capacitor
	CCSCH120J50	C19 Chip Capacitor
	CCH-059	C20 470μF/6.3V
	CEA102M6R3L	C21
	CEA330M10LL	C22
	CEAR47M50LL	C23
	CEA470M10LL	C24
	CEA2R2M50LL	C25
	CEA330M16LL	C26
	CEA100M16LL	C28
	CCSSL101J50	C31, C32 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB682K50	C33, C34 Chip Capacitor
	CEA010M50LL	C35—C38, C51, C52
	CCH-085	C39 220μF/10V
	CKSYB223K25	C40, C47—C49 Chip Capacitor
	CEA4R7M50LL	C41
	CKSYB152K50	C43, C44 Chip Capacitor
	CEAR33M50LL	C45, C46
	CQMA223K50L	C50
	CEA3R3M50LL	C53
	CKDYB102K50L	C55

Control Unit (CWM-125) (UKE-3100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	PD7003A or PD7003B	IC1
★★	M54522P	IC2
★★	M54561P	IC3
★★	μPB552C	IC4
★★	AN6540	IC5
★★	TA7324P	IC6
★★	2SC2458 or 2SC2785	Q1, Q4, Q7, Q16
★★	2SA720 or 2SA673A	Q2
★★	2SC1318 or 2SC1213	Q3
★★	2SK49-F1	Q5
★★	2SC1545	Q6, Q8

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	2SC2021	Q9—Q15, Q17—Q20, Q23, Q25
★★	2SB822	Q21, Q22
★★	2SD1267	Q24, Q26
★	1S1555 or 1S2473 or US1040 or DS442 or 1S2076	D1, D7—D14, D16—D23, D26, D27, D30—D32, D36
★	SM-1A-02	D2, D3, D34, D35
★	XZ-117	D4
★	WZ-040	D5
★	WZ-032	D6, D28
	VACANT	D15, D33
★	XZ-051	D24
★	XZ-064	D25
★	WZ-085	D29
	CTB-115	L1 Coil
	CTF-016 or CTF-078 or CTF-079	L2, L3 Ferri-Inductor, 15μH
	CSS-021 or CSS-022	X1 Quartz Oscillator
	CWB-104	Front End

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RD1/4PM □□□ J	R1, R21—R23, R26—R30, R35, R50, R54, R58—R60, R80, R104, R108, R109
	RS1/8S □□□ J	R2, R3, R5—R10, R12—R20, R24, R25, R31—R34, R36—R49, R51, R52, R55, R56, R61—R79, R81—R92 Chip Resistor
	RD1/4VM □□□ J	R4, R53
	RD1/2PS □□□ J	R57
	RD1/6PS □□□ J	R106, R107
	VACANT	R11, R93—R103, R105

CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CKSYF473Z50	C1, C17 Chip Capacitor
	CEA470M16LL	C2, C5, C6
	CEA101M16L	C3, C27
	CCH-089	C4 33μF/35V
	CKSYB102K50	C7, C8, C29, C30 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB103K50	C9 Chip Capacitor
	CEA101M6R3L	C10
	VACANT	C11
	CEA010M50NP	C12, C37, C38, C42
	CEAR22M50LL	C13, C16

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CEA2R2M25NP	C14
	CEAR47M50NP	C15
	CCSCH220J50	C18, C19 Chip Capacitor
	CCH-059	C20 470 μ F/6.3V
	CEA102M6R3L	C21
	CEA330M10LL	C22
	CEAR47M50LL	C23
	CEA470M10LL	C24
	CEA2R2M50LL	C25
	CEA330M16LL	C26
	CEA100M16LL	C28
	CCSSL101J50	C31, C32 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB682K50	C33, C34 Chip Capacitor
	CEA010M50LL	C35, C36
	CCH-085	C39 220 μ F/10V
	CKSYB223K25	C40, C47–C49 Chip Capacitor
	CEA4R7M50LL	C41
	CKSYB152K50	C43, C44 Chip Capacitor
	CEAR33M50LL	C45, C46
	CQMA223K50L	C50
	VACANT	C51–C54
	CKDYB102K50L	C55

Front End (CWB-090) (UKE-7100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	P001	Q1
★★	2SC2570	Q2
★★	2SC1675-M or 2SC2787-M	Q3
★★	2SC1674 or 2SC2786	Q4
★	1SV99	D1
★	1SV101	D2–D7
	CTC-129	L1 Coil
	CTC-126	L2 Coil
	CTC-127	L3 Coil
	CTC-130	L4 Coil
	CTC-128	L5 Coil
	CTC-125	T1 IF Transformer
	CCG-069	TC1, TC2 Trimmer, 10pF
	CCL-068	CG1 Capacitor (with discharge gap)

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RS1/8S □□□ J	R1–R18, R20, R21 Chip Resistor
	RD1/4PM □□□ J	R19

CHIP CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CKSYB332K50	C1, C3, C4, C9–C11, C16, C17
	CCSCH030C50	C2
	CCSCHR75C50	C5
	CCSTH120J50	C6
	CCSCH010C50	C7
	CCSCH271J50	C8
	CCSTH080D50	C12, C14
	CCSTH330J50	C13
	CCSTH030C50	C15
	CCSUJ020C50	C18

Front End (CWB-104) (UKE-3100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	P001 or SD306PA	Q1
★★	2SC2786 or 2SC1674	Q2, Q4
★★	2SC2787-M or 2SC1675-M	Q3
★	ITT-310PF or ITT-310PE	D1–D3
	CTC-113	L1 Coil
	CTC-116	L2 Coil
	CTC-114	L3 Coil
	CTF-015	L4 Ferri-Inductor, 0.82 μ H
	CTC-117	T1 IF Transformer
	CCG-038	TC1–TC3 Trimmer
	CCL-068	CG1 Capacitor (with discharge gap)

CHIP RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RS1/8S □□□ J	R1–R18

CHIP CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	VACANT	C1
	CCSSH070D50	C2
	CKSYB332K50	C3, C5–C7, C13–C15, C19, C22
	CCSSH120J50	C4
	CCSSH060C50	C8
	CCSCH040C50	C9
	CCSSH150J50	C10
	CCSCH010C50	C11
	CCSCH271J50	C12
	CCSSH330J50	C16
	CCSTH100D50	C17
	CCSTH120J50	C18
	CCSTH060C50	C20
	CCSTH030C50	C21

Tuner Unit (CWE-512) (UKE-7100)
MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	M5215L	IC1, IC2
★★	LA1140	IC3
★★	LA2110	IC4
★★	LA3375P	IC5
★★	μPC1215V	*IC6
★★	2SC2786 or 2SC2840	Q1, Q4
★★	2SC2785 or 2SC2458	Q2, Q3
★★	2SA1016 or 2SA872A	Q5
★★	2SK163 VACANT	Q6 D1, D2, D6, D7
★	1S1555 or 1S2076 or 1S2473 or DS442	D3-D5, D8, D9, D11-D14
★	MV-11	D10
★	KV1235 CTF-155	D15 L1, L6 Ferri-Inductor, 2.7μH
	CTC-138	L2 Coil
	CTC-144	L3 Coil
	CTC-132	L4 Coil
	CTC-133	L5 Coil
	CTC-057	L7, L9 Coil
	CTB-096	L8, L10 Coil
	CTB-097	L11 Coil
	CTE-092	L12 IF Transformer
	CTE-115	L13 IF Transformer
	CTF-101	CF1-CF3 Ceramic Filter
	CTF-100	CF4 Filter
	CTF-129	CF5 Ceramic Filter
	CCG-070	TC1, TC2 Trimmer
	CWW-107	CR1
	CWW-088	IB1 Inline Block
	CWW-134	IB2 Inline Block
	CWW-135	IB3 Inline Block
	CWW-090	IB4 Inline Block
	CWW-091	IB5 Inline Block
★★	CCP-150	VR1 Semi-fixed, 68kΩ(B)
★★	CCP-145	VR2, VR5 Semi-fixed, 10kΩ(B)
★★	CCP-152	VR3 Semi-fixed, 150kΩ(B)
★★	CCP-146	VR4 Semi-fixed, 15kΩ(B)

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RD1/4VM □□□ J	R1, R14, R22, R30, R32, R33, R36-R38, R43, R49-R51, R58, *R59, R61
	RS1/8S □□□ J	R2-R10, R15, R19-R21, R25-R29, R31, R34, R39, R41, R42, R44-R48, R53, R56, R57, R60, R62, R64 Chip Resistor

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RD1/4PM □□□ J	R23, R24, R35, R40, R52
	VACANT	R11-R13, R16-R18, R54, R55, R63

CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CCSSL010C50	C1 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB223K25	C2, C5, C6, C10-C15, C18 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB103K50	C3, C9, C46, C48, C51, C63, C64 Chip Capacitor
	VACANT	C4, C7, C8, C17
	CEA0R1M50LL	C16, C29, C66
	CEA4R7M50LL	C19
	CEA010M50LL	C20, C36, C60
	CCSSL330J50	C21, C22 Chip Capacitor
	CCSSL101J50	C23 Chip Capacitor
	CEA100M16NP	C24
	CQMA123J50L	C25, C26
	CEA470M10L	C27, C30
	CKSYB182K50	C28 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYB332K50	C31 Chip Capacitor
	CKSYF473Z50	C32, C52, C61, C68 Chip Capacitor
	CCH-085	C33, C67 220μF/10V
	CEAR22M50LL	C34
	CEA3R3M35LL	C35, C41
	CQMA273J50L	C37
	CQSAH102J50	C38
	CQMA333J50L	C39, C40
	VACANT	C42, C45
	CKSYB272K50	C43 Chip Capacitor
	CEAH010M50L	C44
	CKDBC473K25	C47, C49, C56
	CKDBC103K25	C50
	CEAH100M16L	C53
	CCDSH241J50L	C54
	CCDSH271J50L	C55
	CCDUJ130J50L	C57
	CCSSH100D50	C58 Chip Capacitor
	CEA220M10L	C59
	VACANT	C62
	CQMA563J50L	C65
	CEA470M10LL	C69
	CKDBC223M25	C70

Caution:

IC *IC6 and resistor *R59 used mutually in the following assembly.

IC6	R59
μPC1215V-D	RD1/4VM123J
μPC1215V-E	RD1/4VM183J
μPC1215V-F	RD1/4VM333J

Tuner Unit (CWE-513) (UKE-3100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	M5215L	IC1
★★	LA1140	IC2
★★	LA3370P	IC3
★★	μPC1215V	*IC4
★★	2SC2458 or	Q1, Q2, Q4-Q6
	2SC2785	
★★	2SA1048 or	Q3
	2SA1175	
★★	2SC2786 or	Q7
	2SC2668	
★★	2SA1016 or	Q8
	2SA872A	
★★	2SK163	Q9
★	1S1555 or	D1-D8, D10
	1S2076 or	
	1S2473 or	
	DS442	
★	MV-11	D9
★	KV1235	D11
	CTF-155	L1 Ferri-Inductor, 2.7μH
	CTC-122	T1 Coil
	CTC-123	T2 Coil
	CTC-057 or	T3, T5 Coil
	CTC-058	
	CTB-096	T4, T6 Coil
	CTB-097	T7 Coil
	CTE-092	T8 IF Transformer
	CTE-115	T9 IF Transformer
	CTF-101	CF1-CF3 Ceramic Filter
	CTF-100	CF4 Filter
	CTF-129	CF5 Ceramic Filter
	CCG-070	TC1, TC2 Trimmer
	CWW-090	IB1 Inline Block
★★	CCP-145	VR1 Semi-fixed, 10kΩ(B)
	VACANT	VR2
★★	CCP-157	VR3 Semi-fixed, 1MΩ(B)
★★	CCP-153	VR4 Semi-fixed, 220kΩ(B)

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RD1/4VM 000 J	R1-R17, R19-R24, R26-R29, R31-R33, R35, R36, R38, R39, R41-R61, *R62, R67, R69
	RD1/4PM 000 J	R18, R30
	RD1/4VM0R0J	R25, R37, R40, R63, R64, R66, R68 0Ω
	VACANT	R34, R65

CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CKDBC223M25	C1-C4, C7, C56
	CEA0R1M50LL	C5
	CKDBC103M25	C6, C32, C41, C42, C46, C47, C52-C55
	CCDSL330K50L	C8, C9
	CKDBC473M25	C10, C13, C25-C27, C31, C33, C34, C38, C40
	CEA4R7M25L	C11
	CKDYB101K50L	C12
	CEA221M10L	C14, C44
	CEAR22M50LL	C15
	CQMA153J50	C16
	CEA100M16L	C17
	CQSAH102J50	C18
	CEA2R2M50L	C19, C20
	CEA010M50L	C21
	CEA4R7M16NP	C22
	CQMA223J50	C23, C24
	CEA010M50LL	C28
	CKDYB272K50L	C29
	CEA470M10L	C30
	CCDXK130J50L	C35
	CCDVK241J50L	C36
	CCDVK271J50L	C37
	CCDCH100J50L	C39
	CEAH100M16L	C43
	CKDYB102K50L	C45
	CEA220M10L	C48
	CEAH010M50L	C49
	CKDBC563M25	C50
	CEA0R1M50LL	C51

Caution:

IC *IC4 and resistor *R62 used mutually in the following assembly.

IC4	R62
μPC1215V-D	RD1/4VM123J
μPC1215V-E	RD1/4VM183J
μPC1215V-F	RD1/4VM333J

Main Amp Unit (CWH-160)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	μPC1185H2	IC1
	RD1/6PS 000 J	R1-R6
	RD1/4PM 000 J	R7
	RD1/4VM 000 J	R8
	CEA2R2M50LL	C1, C2
	CKDYB102K50L	C3, C4
	CEA470M10L	C5, C6, C12
	CQMA104K50L	C7, C8
	CCH-057	C9 1000μF/10V
	CCH-046	C10 1000μF/10V
	CCH-058	C11 2200μF/16V
	CCH-085	C13, C14 220μF/10V

Switch Unit (B) (CWS-123) (UKE-7100)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★	BG4524K	D1-D7 LED
★★	CSG-187	S1-S4 Switch (Loud, Loc.s, Mono, Clock)
★★	CSG-190	S5 Switch (70μs)
★★	CSG-179	S6 Switch (Dolby NR)
★★	CSG-189	S7 Switch (M.S)

Switch Unit (B) (CWS-124) (UKE-3100)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★	PG5532TX	D1 LED
★★	CSG-187	S1-S3 Switch (Loud, Loc.s, Mono)
★★	CSG-189	S4 Switch (M.S)
	RD1/6PS271J	R1

Pre Dolby NR Unit (CWK-267) (UKE-7100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	MB3106MF	IC1
★★	TA7629P	IC2, IC3
★★	BA338	IC4
★★	2SC2458 or 2SC2785	Q1-Q4
	2SC536SP	
★★	2SD468	Q5
★	1S1555 or 1S2076 or 1S2473VH	D1
	DS442 or WG713	
★	WZ-090	D2, D3
★★	CCP-171	VR1, VR2 Semi-fixed, 330Ω(B)

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RS1/8S □□□ J	R1-R6, R11-R34, R38-R41, R44, R45, R47 Chip Resistor
	RD1/6PS □□□ J	R7-R10
	RD1/4VM □□□ J	R35-R37, R42, R43, R46, R48

CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CKDYB681K50L	C1, C2
	CEANL4R7M35LL	C3, C4
	CEA470M6R3LL	C5, C6
	CQMA273J50L	C7, C8, C19, C20
	CQMA153J50L	C9, C10
	CEANL010M50L	C11, C12
	CKSYB471K50	C13 Chip Capacitor
	CKDYB471K50L	C14
	CEA100M16LL	C15, C16, C23, C24, C43
	CQMA472J50L	C17, C18

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CQMA473J50L	C21, C22
	CQMA562J50L	C25, C26
	CSZA0R1M35	C27, C28
	CSZAR33M25	C29, C30
	CCH-085	C31, C42 220μF/10V
	CEA010M50LL	C32, C36, C37, C40
	CQMA822J50L	C33, C34
	CKSYB103K50	C35 Chip Capacitor
	CEA2R2M50LL	C38
	CEA4R7M35LL	C39
	CEA470M10L	C41

Pre Amp Unit (CWK-268) (UKE-3100)

MISCELLANEOUS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	TA7325P	IC1
★★	BA338	IC2
★★	2SC1815 or 2SC945 or 2SC536NP	Q1, Q2
★	1S1555 or 1S2076 or 1S2473 or DS442 or US1040	D1
★	WZ-090	D2

RESISTORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	RD1/4VM □□□ J	R1-R5, R9-R12, R14, R21
	RD1/6PS □□□ J	R6-R8, R13, R15-R17, R19, R20
	VACANT	R18

CAPACITORS

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
	CEANL4R7M25L	C1, C2
	CEA470M10L	C3, C4, C19
	CQMA103J50L	C5, C6
	CEA010M50L	C7, C12, C13, C16
	CEA101M16L	C8
	CQMA223K50L	C9, C10
	CQMA392K50L	C11
	CEA2R2M50L	C14
	CEA4R7M25L	C15
	CKDYB681K50L	C17, C18

Bass/Treble Unit (CWG-101) (UKE-7100)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	NJM4558D-D or μPC4558C	IC1
★★	CCS-263	VR1/S1 Volume/Switch Volume, 25 kΩ (B) x 2,50 kΩ (W), 20 kΩ (B) (Bass, Treble, Volume, Balance/Tuner)
	RD1/4VM □□□ J	R1, R3, R15
	RD1/4PM □□□ J	R2, R4, R8, R10
	RD1/6PS □□□ J	R5-R7, R9, R11-R14
	CQMA682K50L	C1, C2
	CQMA473K50L	C3, C4
	CCDSL330K50L	C5, C6
	CEA100M16LL	C7, C8
	CEA220M10L	C9
	CEA470M10L	C10

Tone Unit (UKE-3100)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	CCS-277	VR1/S1 Volume/Switch Volume, 20 kΩ (B) x 2,50 kΩ (W) (Tone, Volume, Balance/Tuner)
	RD1/6PS □□□ J	R1, R2
	CSYA0R1M25SAN	C1, C2

Switch Unit (A)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	CSD-021	S1 Switch (Band/Tuning)

Switch P.C. Board

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	CSF-014	S1 Switch (Tuner/Tape)
★★	CSN-071	S2 Switch (Key Off)

Head Unit (UKE-7100)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	CPB-066	HD1 Head
★★	CSH-070	S1 Switch (Head Selector)

Miscellaneous Parts List

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★	SM-1A-02	D1, D2
	CCH-088	C1 470μF/16V
★★	CWS-108	S1 Switch (FF/REW) (UKE-7100)
★★	CSN-070	S1 Switch (FF/REW) (UKE-3100)

Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	CPB-064 or CPB-065	HD1 Head (UKE-3100)
★	CXP-035	SO1 Solenoid (UKE-7100)
★	CXP-034	SO2 Solenoid (UKE-7100)
★	CXP-033	SO1 Solenoid (UKE-3100)
★	CXP-032	SO2 Solenoid (UKE-3100)
★★	CXM-104	M Motor (UKE-7100)
★★	CXM-154	M Motor (UKE-3100)
	CXC-490	Display

13. PACKING METHOD
• Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	CRB-453	Owner's Manual (UKE-7100/US) (English)
		CRD-254	Owner's Manual (UKE-7100/CA) (English, French)
		CRB-454	Owner's Manual (UKE-3100/US) (English)
		CRD-255	Owner's Manual (UKE-3100/CA) (English, French)
		CRG-011	FM Guide (UKE-7100/US) Card (UKE-7100/US) Card (UKE-7100/CA)
			Card (UKE-3100/US) Card (UKE-3100/CA)
	2.		Tag
	3.	CEA-599 CEA-600	Panel (UKE-7100) Panel (UKE-3100)
★	4.	CEA-601	Knob Kit (UKE-7100)
★		CEA-602	Knob Kit (UKE-3100)
★	4-1.	CAA-386	Knob (Tuning) (UKE-7100)
★		CAA-385	Knob (Tuning) (UKE-3100)
★	4-2.	CAA-375	Knob (Vol, Bal) (UKE-7100)
★		CAA-379	Knob (Vol, Bal) (UKE-3100)
★	4-3.	CAA-376	Knob (Treble) (UKE-7100)
★		CAA-387	Knob (Tone, Band) (UKE-3100)
★	4-4.	CAA-377	Knob (Bass) (UKE-7100)
★	4-5.	CAA-378	Knob (Band) (UKE-7100)
	5.	CHC-460	Styrofoam (1set pair)
	6.	CNS-708 or CNS-739	Cover
	7.	CEA-550	Accessory Kit
	7-1.	CNC-975	Strap
	7-2.	CDE-437	Cord
	7-3.	CNV-769	Washer
	7-4.	CEA-215	Screw Kit
	7-4-1.	CBA-028	Screw for Strap
	7-4-2.	B70-055-A	WN4φ x 4.5t

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	7-4-3.	WS40FMC	Washer	7-4-8.	CNS-722		Cover
	7-4-4.	PMB50P160FMC	Screw	8.	CHC-492		Contain Box (UKE-7100/US)
	7-4-5.	B70-056-A	WN5φ x 5.3t		CHC-494		Contain Box (UKE-3100/US)
	7-4-6.	CND-646	FW10φ x 1t	9.	CHC-491		Carton (UKE-7100)
	7-4-7.	CBN-028	N10φ x 2t		CHC-493		Carton (UKE-3100)
				10.			Seal (These seals are applied only to the model UKE-7100/CA.)
							Seal (These seals are applied only to the model UKE-3100/CA.)

● Packing Method

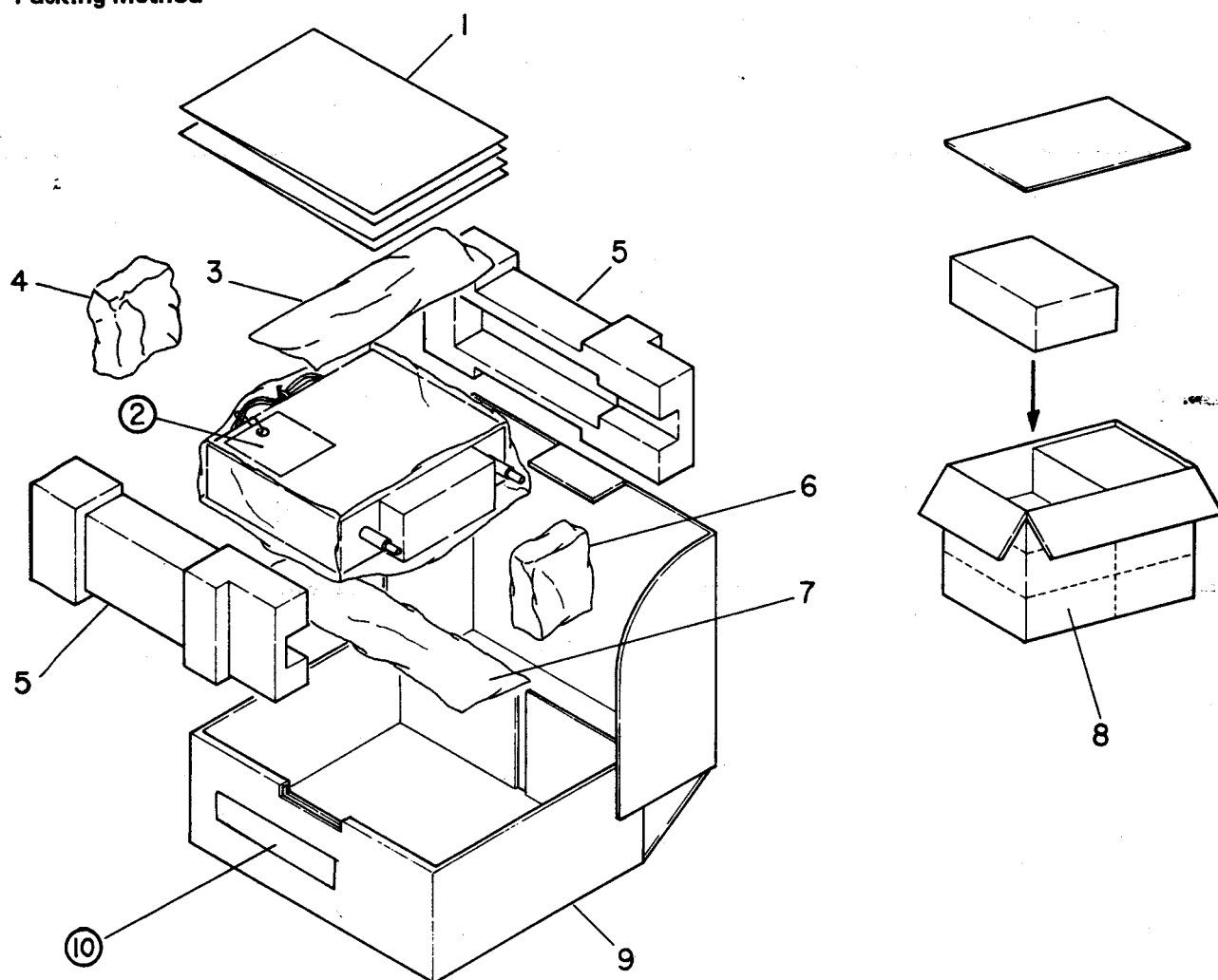


Fig. 35

14. TROUBLESHOOTING

This section explains how to repair malfunctions in the scan, clock, display and up/down operations of the model UKE-7100. The parts and circuits that should be studied for each of the operations—scan, clock, display and up/down—are indicated in the explanation.

The Δ mark in the troubleshooting charts indicates that a check should be performed followed by a YES/NO or OK/NG judgement and then by possible remedial action.

Any part marked "NG" is quite possibly defective and so a through check is required.

The control section of the model UKE-7100 is configured around the IC1 PD7003A (PD7003B). Therefore, before checking out the circuitry, inspect the PD7003A (PD7003B) for the following points. If the inspection reveals that there is nothing wrong with the IC, it can be assumed that the IC is operational.

Model	UKE-7100
IC	PD7003A (PD7003B)
Supply voltage	Pin 14: Approx. 5.3V
Crystal oscillator	Pins 16, 17
Frequency	4.5 MHz

A GO/NO GO judgement on the functioning of the PD7003A (PD7003B) is made through the observation of the output waveforms at the pins.

Example: No output \rightarrow Often a defect in the IC itself.
 Something wrong with waveforms \rightarrow Often a problem in the IC's peripheral circuits (or possible defect in IC itself)

The "L" output is equivalent to 0V and the "H" output to 5V or 5.2V. There is no interim value. An oscilloscope should be used to observe the waveforms, and the appropriate range is 0.2V/cm and 0.2 to 1 ms/cm when a 10 : 1 probe is employed.

Tuning, Voltage System

(UKE-7100)

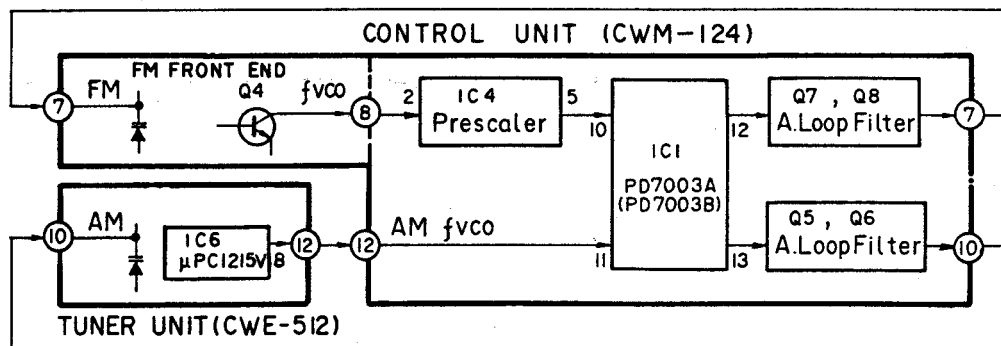


Fig. 36

Scan, Stop, Signal System

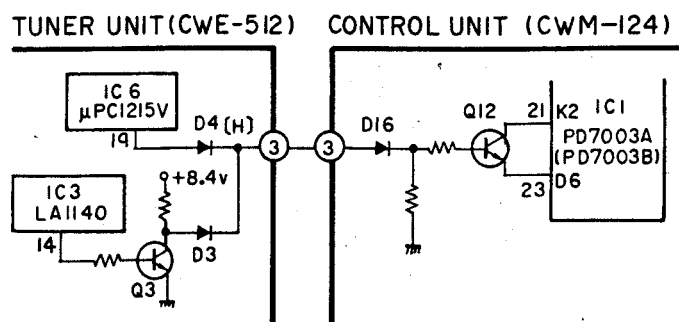


Fig. 37

Power System

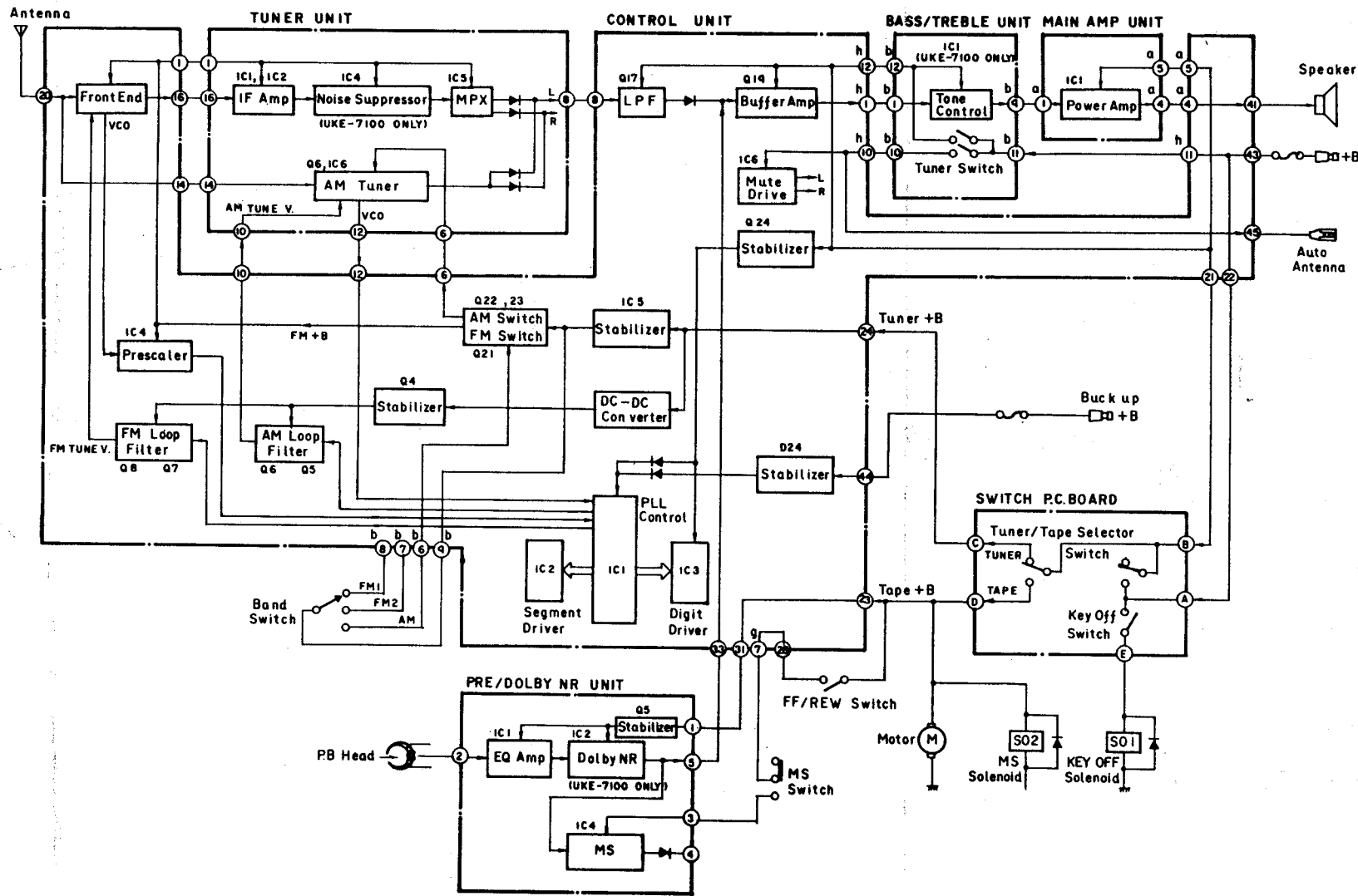


Fig. 38

Display System

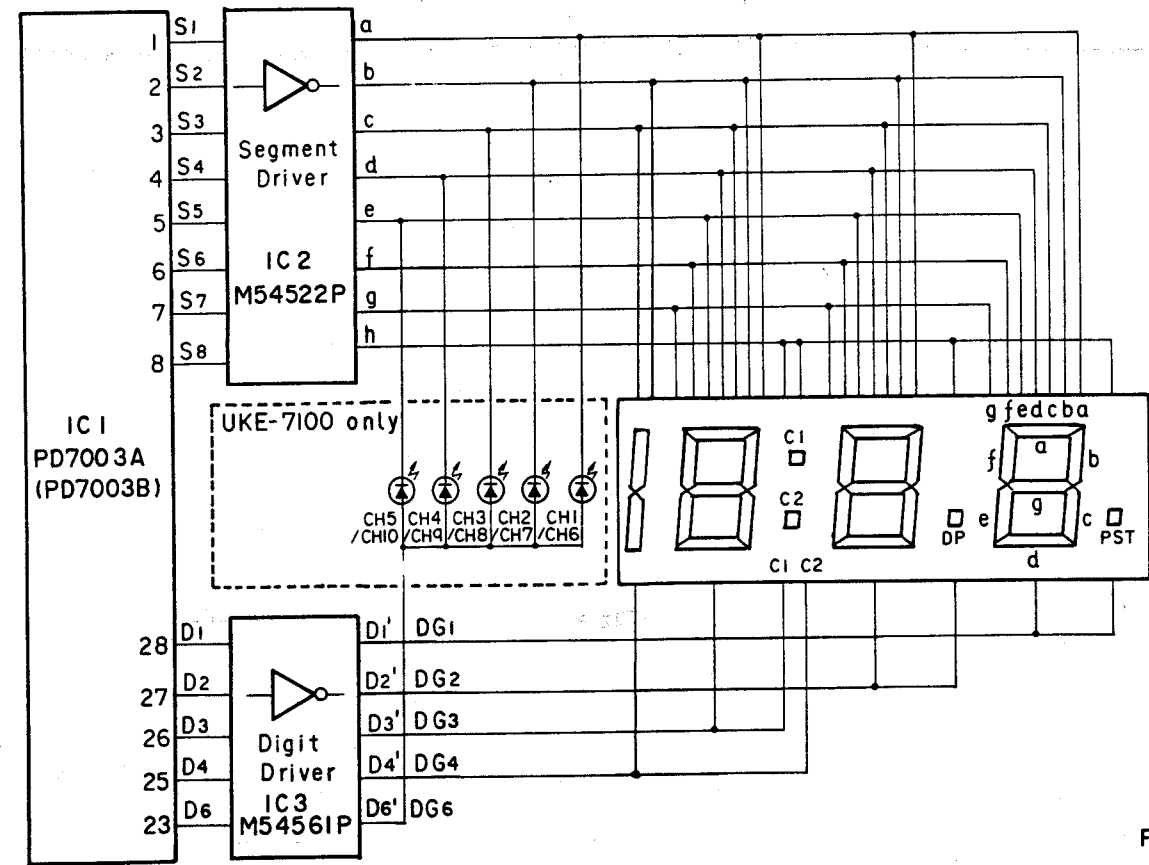


Fig. 39

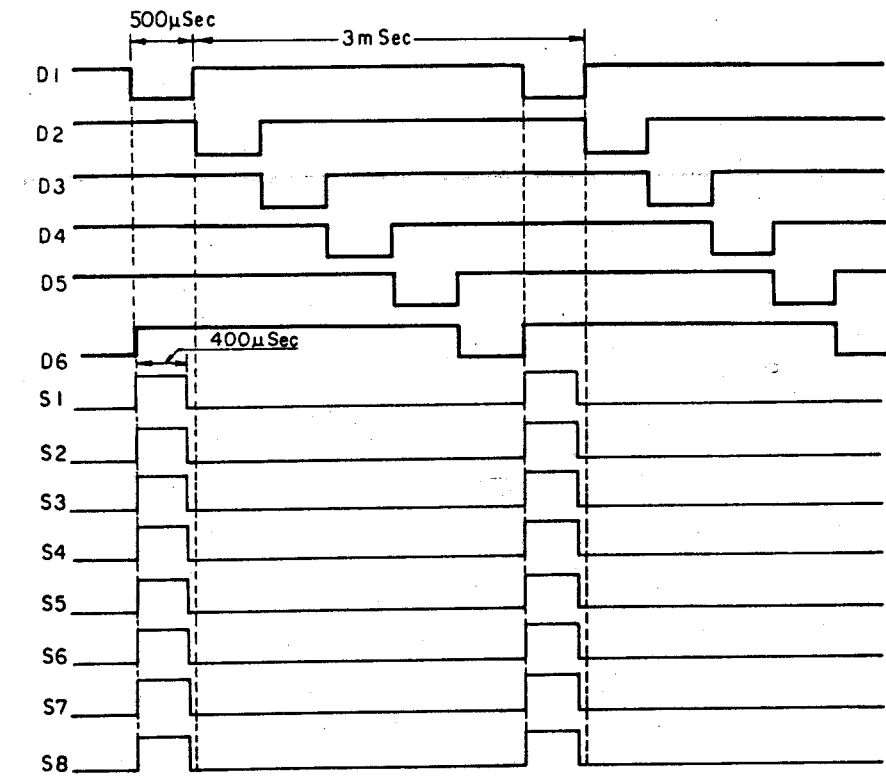


Fig. 40

Example: When 8 . of DG1 is ON.

LED drive matrix

Segment drive output active "H"	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Digit drive output active "L"	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8
D1	DG1 a	DG1 b	DG1 c	DG1 d	DG1 e	DG1 f	DG1 g	DG1 PST
D2	DG2 a	DG2 b	DG2 c	DG2 d	DG2 e	DG2 f	DG2 g	DG2 DP
D3	DG3 a	DG3 b	DG3 c	DG3 d	DG3 e	DG3 f	DG3 g	DG3 C1
D4	DG4 a	DG4 b	DG4 c	DG4 d	DG4 e	DG4 f	DG4 g	DG4 C2
D5	DG5 AM(R)		DG5 FM1	DG5 FM2		DG5 PM	DG5 AM(C)	
D6	DG6 CH1/CH6	DG6 CH2/CH7	DG6 CH3/CH8	DG6 CH4/CH9	DG6 CH5/CH10			

Note: D5 is not used in UKE-7100 and 3100
D6 is not used in UKE-3100.

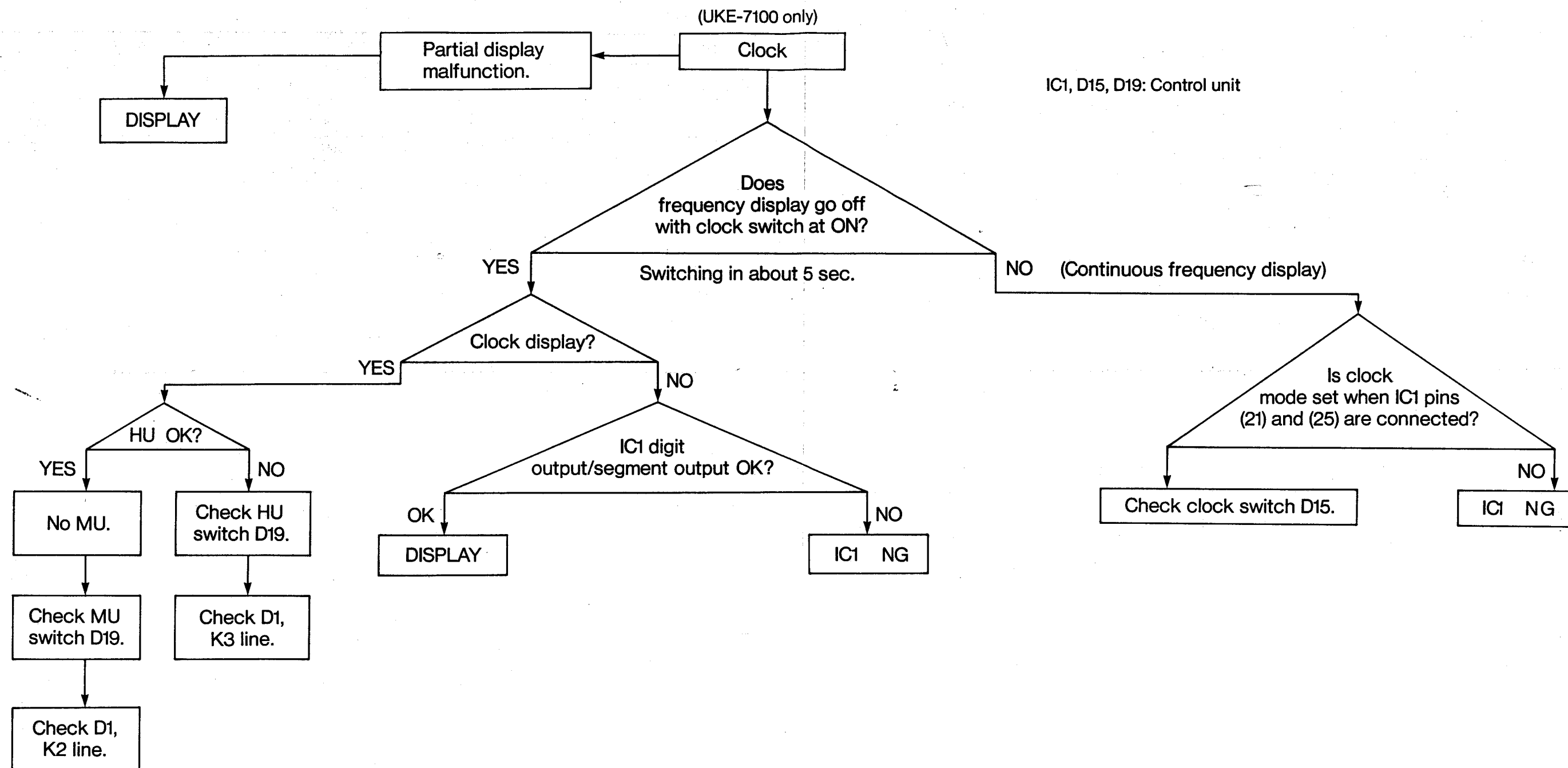


Fig. 41

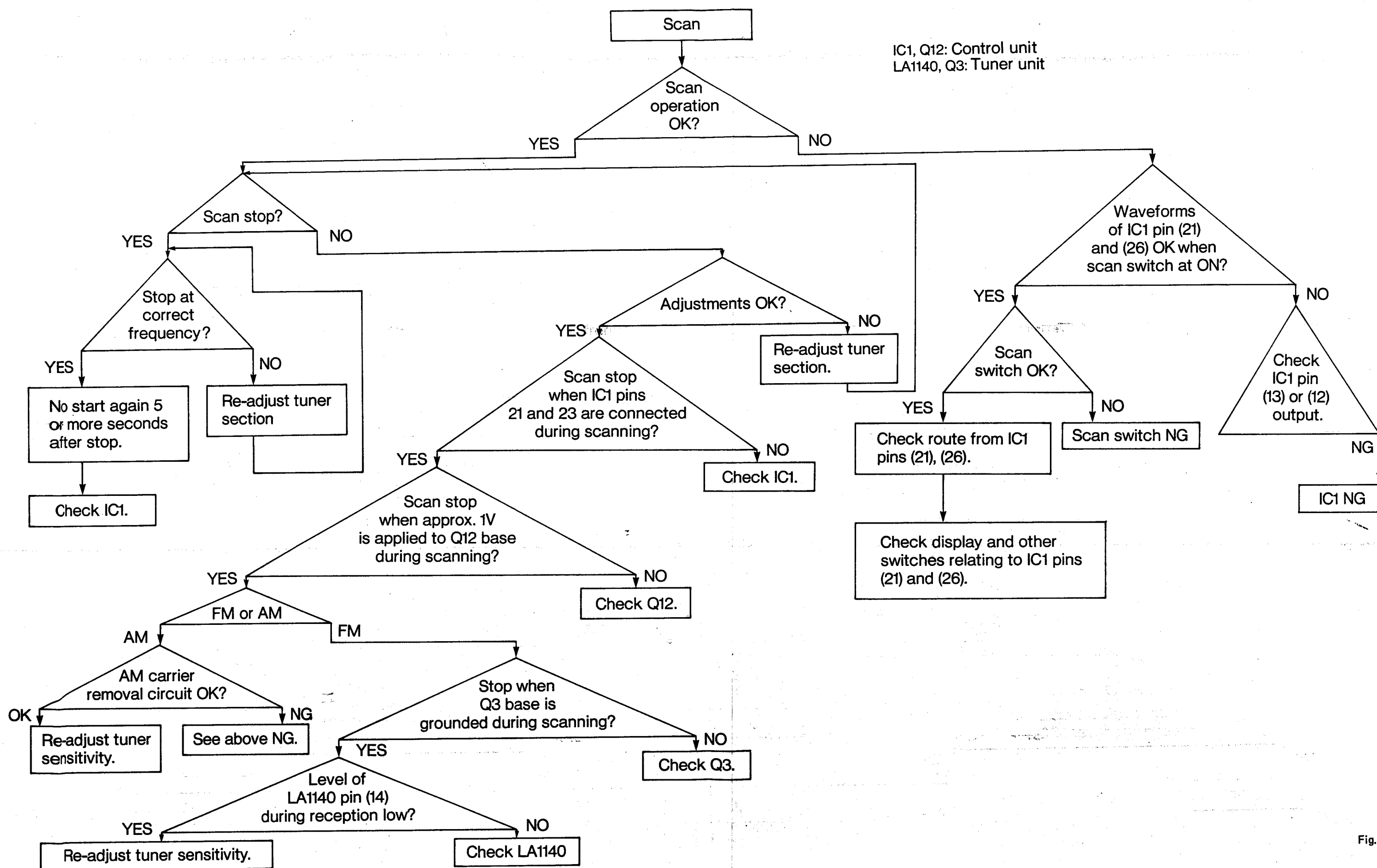


Fig. 42

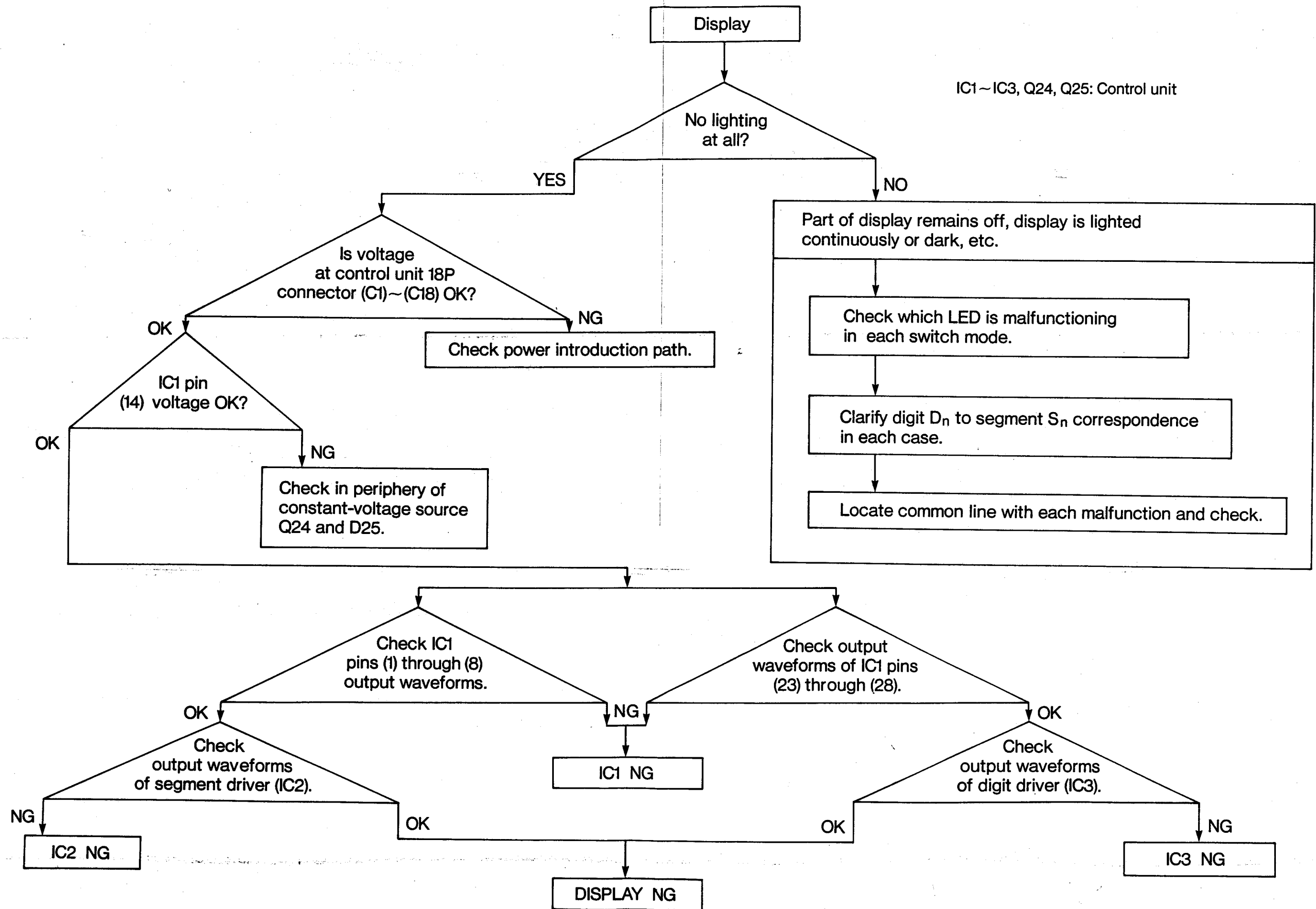


Fig. 43

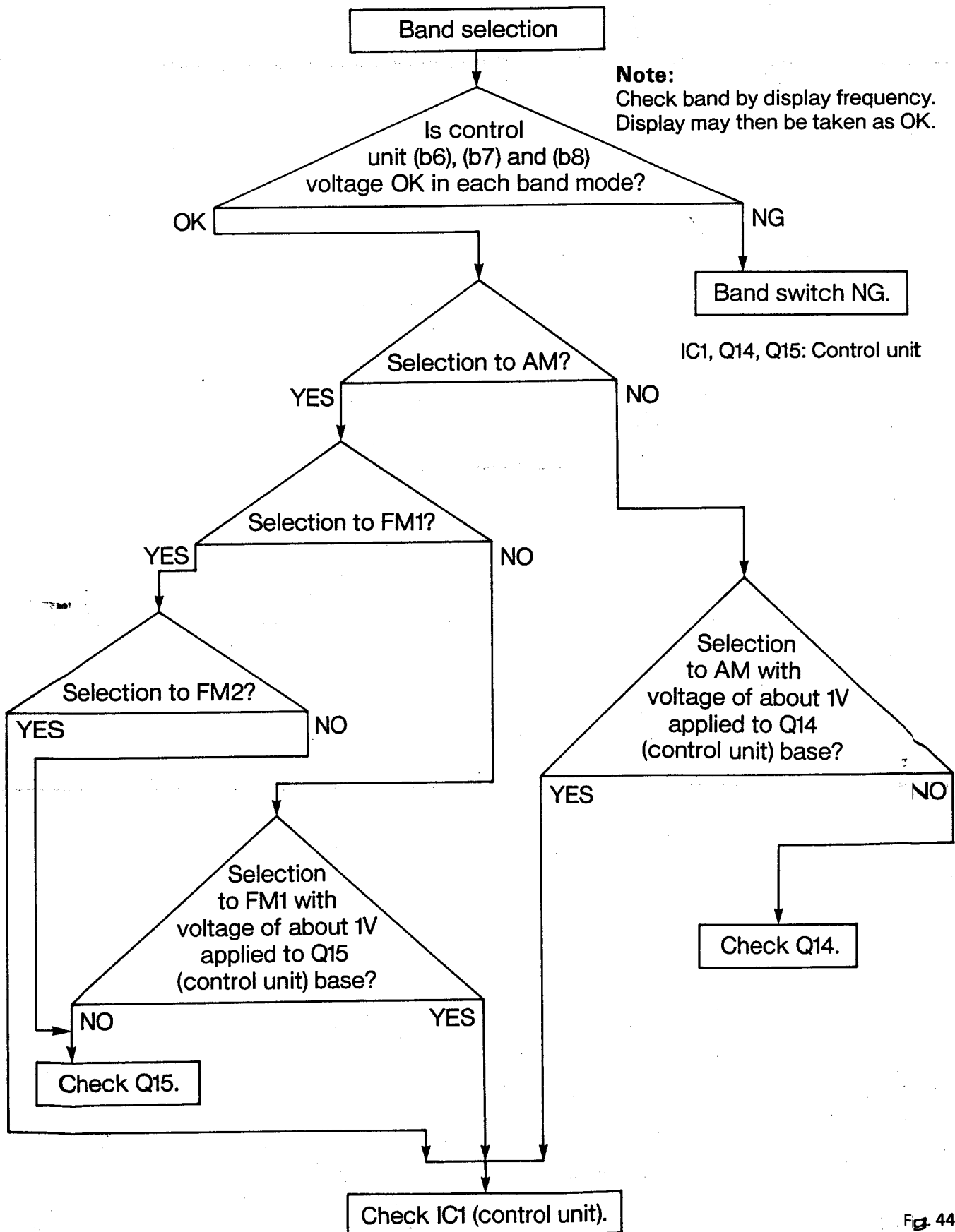


Fig. 44

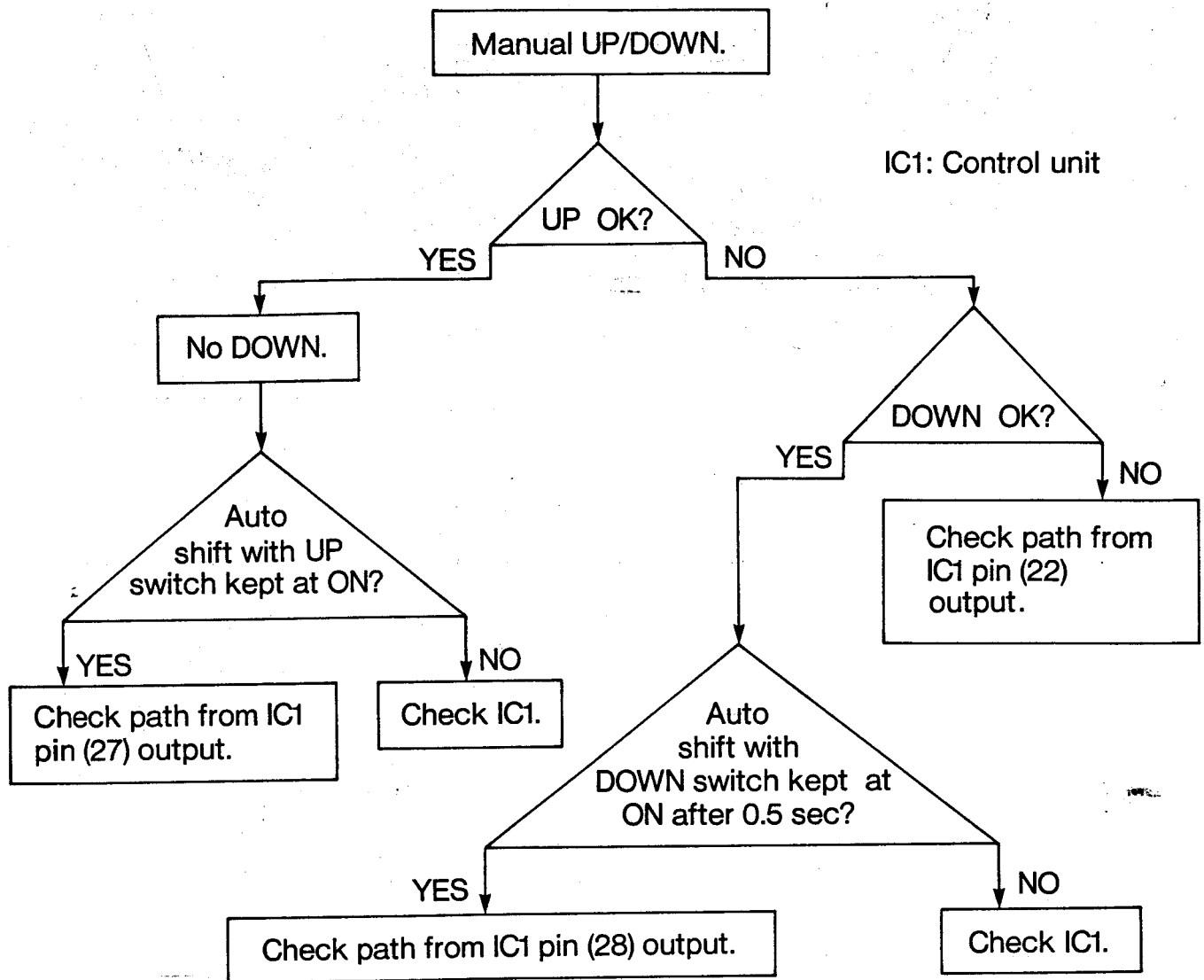


Fig. 45